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between ergonomics and environmental

psychology



| Preface | | Bioreceptive interfaces for biophilic urban resilience | 103 |
|--|--------|--|------|
| Connectivity and Creativity in times of Conflict - conference proceedings | VI | Artificial nature: possibilities for mycelial composite material design | 109 |
| Cumulus president's message - Design for | | Botanical design: exploring the application of | |
| Adaptation in Times of Complexity | IX | parametric plants in furniture | 113 |
| Track 1 | | Eco-social transitions | |
| Nature positive/design for transformation | 1 | Systemic Design Oriented Leadership (SDOL) – | |
| Editorial | 2 | a co-created play for eco-social leadership develop | - |
| Design methodology | | ment with the methods of Systems Thinking | 118 |
| Scenario-building through a systemic lens: | | Design for transformation: unlock competencies | |
| a new perspective on tools and methods to design | | for coping complexity | 122 |
| for sustainability transitions | 4 | Change agents: designers interpreting 'the social' | |
| Intimacy/integrity: a framework for thinking about | 0 | and 'social' interpretations of design | 127 |
| epistemological styles in design activity | 9 | The changing role of designers | 100 |
| Democratizing design: the development of | 1 - | in transition processes | 132 |
| a 'Design for Do-It-Yourself' framework The power of imagination: immersive and experientia | 15 | Fashion innovations | |
| counterfactuals to engage with sustainability | 20 | Fashion design matter: the role of design in guiding | |
| Applying human-centered system design to | 20 | a sustainable transformation in Europe | 137 |
| the development of a tool for service innovation | 25 | Convincing fashion consumers to go green: | 107 |
| Pulse approach: integral design project management | 20 | a brand communication problem? | 142 |
| to empower transformative processes | 30 | Prototype dialogues; re-balancing design thinking | |
| Research on design sketch from different disciplines: | | through negotiations with fabrics, form and future | 148 |
| overview and directions | 35 | Future fashion: new and ancient systems at the inter | |
| Researching the invisible: troubling qualitative research | | section of anthropology, ecology and innovation. | 152 |
| design through information architecture | 41 | 1 63, | |
| | | Urban design & citizen inclusion | |
| Design education | | Design fiction localised | 158 |
| T+ designers: a case for transdisciplinarity | | Transit Oriented Development used to formulate des | sign |
| in design higher education by way of a South | | guidelines for an improved bus network in Malaysia | 163 |
| African case study | 46 | Exploring sustainable ecosystems in the "15-minute | " |
| Materiality, commons, and design education | 51 | urban living circle—take Shanghai Urban Space | |
| Representing and shaping regenerative futures: | | Season 2021 as an example | 169 |
| a context-specific approach to art and | | The Unified Citizen Engagement Approach: a design- | - |
| design education. | 58 | oriented framework for involving citizens in the | |
| Creative strategies for the learning spaces | | energy transition | 174 |
| of the future | 62 | | |
| Implementing SDGs in a product design curriculum, | | Design & digitisation | |
| or: the value of tap water | 67 | Designing for Viral Infection Awareness through | 170 |
| Decision metavialization | | PLAYMUTATION | 179 |
| Design materialization Yutaka: how do we prototype the transformative | | Gamifying the low impact customer solution design Connecting to the future; using serious games and | 183 |
| change towards nature positive designs with soil | 72 | scenario development for responsible design | 189 |
| Material experience: the future of material selection | 12 | About utopias, apocalypses, respawning and zombie | |
| for product design | 77 | and how understanding images of space and time | 3 |
| Discerning modes of design in ecological restoration | 82 | may inform design for sustainable behaviour | 194 |
| From visual to multisensory: how does intangible | 02 | may imorm design for sustainable behaviour | 104 |
| cultural heritage of traditional costume self-remode | ıl. | Track 2 | |
| in digital interactive environment? | 87 | Digital futures/hybrid reality | 199 |
| Designing sustainable furniture: guidelines to promote | | Editorial | 200 |
| furniture life cycle design | 94 | New crafts and craftspeople | |
| | | Fashion Craftsmanship 4.0. Learning experience abo | ut |
| Biophilic approaches in design | | Industry 4.0 technologies for hybrid digital fashion- | |
| Biophilic design for remote studying environments: | | products, processes, and business model design | 202 |
| analysis of case studies involving a collaboration | | Crafting hybrid workflows for the design of augment | ed |

textile artefacts

98

210

| Distance: digital immersive technologies and craft engagement | 214 | Fantastical reality: designing virtual urban space through extended reality | 333 |
|--|-------------------|--|----------|
| Notions of hybrid craft production: conversations and small-scale experiments in digital fabrication | 219 | The Metapolis – cities between a ripple and a blur Towards data activation and engagement within | 338 |
| Research through design in the cyber-physical era | | a smart city | 345 |
| Digital synesthesia in product design. Building a vocabulary of physical interactions for a sensible | 000 | Technology driven design education Teaching design of technologies for collaborative | 0.40 |
| quantified self Digital content that offers experience of listening | 223 | interaction - an emerging pedagogical framework A mixed-method approach: virtual reality to co-creat | 349 e |
| to crystallized music | 228 | future higher education workspaces in a post | .0 |
| The body can not be thought: the 'disabled body' | | COVID-19 academic environment | 357 |
| as a catalyst to develop new paradigms for | | An attempt to integrate Al-based techniques into firs | st |
| human-computer integration. | 232 | year design representation course | 363 |
| Metaphysical Instruments: prototypes for hybrid | | | |
| and live music-making | 236 | Digital fashion | |
| - 10: 11 1 (1:4) | | The emperor is naked: deconstructed materiality | 000 |
| Redefining the role of design(ers) | io | in fashion NFTs | 368 |
| Virtual skin: co-creating 3D materials with synesthet artificial intelligence | 241 | Dematerializing fashion- improving design-led susta nable and hybrid retail experiences via digital twins | |
| Cabinets of curiosities for the postcolony II: tokens: | Z -1 1 | Fashion archive as a meta medium: unfolding design | |
| collections I-V | 245 | knowledge through media technologies | 379 |
| Speculating futures in an age of nostalgia | 250 | Fashion and the metaverse: from omni-channel | |
| Computational thinking in design and fabrication | | to direct-to-avatar | 384 |
| for augmented and accessible museums. | 254 | | |
| | | ack3 | |
| Usability and performance of innovations | Ha | andle with care/inclusivity | 389 |
| Usability and UX evaluation of an online interactive | , | Editorial Parism for the accommissation | 390 |
| virtual learning environment: a case study of Wales' Virtual Hospital | 260 | Design for/as communication Encouraging humanitarian assistance in conflict zon | .00 |
| Design perspectives for the future of work in | 200 | through animated public service announcements | 392 |
| Industry 5.0 environment: the digital and physical | | The design of an engaging focus group discussion | 002 |
| space in Augmented Reality uses | 266 | toolkit involving school-aged children following | |
| Assessing the impact of immersive versus desktop | | urotherapy | 397 |
| virtual reality shopping experiences in the fashion | | Inclusive Transformation of age-friendly communities | |
| industry metaverse | 271 | based on digital technology support | 402 |
| A pilot study with the Shaper Origin to determine | | Taking care of the elderly through the tools of the | |
| the learning curve of augmented fabrication | 276 | animated communication design: a useful and | |
| | | ethical imperative | 408 |
| Design for and with extended reality | | Pee poo period. Exploring the intersection between | 410 |
| Introducing the material experience concept in the metaverse and in virtual environments | 280 | shame, bodily fluids, and sustainable design | 413 |
| Balancing authenticity and creativity: A VR system | 200 | Design for diverse users | |
| design for assisting in ceramic creation. | 287 | Feminist value sensitive design of self-tracking | |
| What is the furniture in the Metaverse for? | 292 | technology based on female body data | 419 |
| | | Spatial "mutual altruism" as a relationship of care | |
| Design for and with digital fabrication | | for homeless people. How design impacts social | |
| Craft in the age of robots | 299 | re-integration | 425 |
| Light it up: designing electronic textile with a light | | I'll be there for you: exploring a sense of belonging | |
| as a design material | 304 | to enhance student engagement | 429 |
| Strategy for knowledge transfer in AM as a hybrid | | Inclusive design in the context of performative gend | |
| process chain towards a transition from prototypin to commercialisation | _ | through product form | 433 |
| Speculative tinkering on circular design materials | 309 | Landing the internship: the role of gender in finding ID internships | 438 |
| through 3D printing | 317 | Object as the tool of recovery - Examining material | 400 |
| Flaws as features, new perspectives for developing | OII | culture of young refugees in Hungary for trauma | |
| an additive manufacturing design language | 322 | processing | 443 |
| | | The food delivery industry and its lack of care in | |
| The digital on urban scale | | gender equality: the speculative case of 'GiGi' | 448 |
| Designing smart product-service systems for smart $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left($ | | Winning at more than a game! A storytelling board | |
| cities with 5G technology: the Polaris case study | 328 | game concept to raise awareness about refugees' | |
| | | language barriers | 455 |

| Care(ful) spaces Cities for all: co-design interventions on urban featu | res | Designing with posthuman kinship: from posthuman theory to human-non human collaborative design | |
|---|------|---|------|
| using inclusive technology | 461 | approaches | 580 |
| Separating Ccovid from non-covid: spatial adaptatic | | Beyond empathy: how curiosity leads to greater care | |
| in existing hospital buildings | 466 | ,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-, | |
| Wayfinding is caring | 471 | Inclusive approaches to intangible cultural heritage | |
| Explore vacant public spaces regeneration to facilita | | Convention versus contemporaneity: the affordance | s |
| minor's activities and education under inclusive | | of design-led mediation towards sustaining an ance | |
| design principles | 475 | tral cycle of linen making in Castelões, Portugal | 590 |
| Human-space relationships as narrative processes | 170 | Combining care for planet, people and culture | 000 |
| for inclusivity | 480 | towards circularity | 594 |
| Urban darkness: human experience of atmosphere | 100 | Media art creation process using digitized archetype | 00 1 |
| and fear | 485 | of Korean traditional dance movement | 600 |
| Daily social interactions of hawkers as a catalyst to | 400 | Envisioning design strategies for intangible cultural | 000 |
| actuating bottom-up spatial justice: experience | | heritage activation | 604 |
| from Hong Kong | 489 | Heritage activation | 004 |
| The city of care through walkability and proximity. | 400 | Sustaining traditional crafts and techniques | |
| Researching on and with Generation Alpha on | | Craft for care, design for life. Heritage contemporary | |
| _ · | 494 | enhancement and communication design tools | |
| urban walkability assessment | | | |
| Hinges, passages and comfort | 499 | as a resource for social changes, fostering diversity and inclusion | 010 |
| Renewal of urban ecological transportation network | | | 610 |
| based on inclusivity design — Take Sydney's | E0.4 | Embroidered heritage: a design-led visual ethnograph | |
| "Livable Green Network" plan as an example | 504 | of traditional Palestinian motifs | 615 |
| How to take care of the Antwerp modernist social | | adouteties of the built and income | |
| housing of Alfons Francken? And how do this hous | | Adaptation of the built environment | |
| blocks take care of its changing population? | 510 | Design for Ukraine's heritage: engaging international | |
| Inclusive innovation: a study of creative furniture | -4- | students during times of war through design | 010 |
| design for urban community public space | 515 | activism | 619 |
| | | The technical compatibility of vertical greening with | |
| Co-creating care(ful) design | | built heritage | 624 |
| Health, care and prosthetics: co-design methodolog | | New design models for proximity retail and senior | |
| in the case of autofabricantes | 519 | inclusion | 628 |
| See the unseen: a co-creation design process for | | Investigating spatial patterns of green infrastructure | |
| children with incarcerated parents | 524 | at built heritage sites in Antwerp, Belgium | 632 |
| The power of photovoice: Al support provides voicin | _ | From architecture to community: adaptive reuse | |
| opportunities for children in sex education | 529 | as social practice | 636 |
| Co-design for the common good: a holistic approac | h | | |
| to workspace projects | 533 | Participation and role of communities | |
| Co-designing neighbourhood identities. How to shar | e | Methodology and evaluation of digital assets | |
| memories and experiences towards a common | | reconstruction of cultural heritage with visitor | |
| sense of belonging | 538 | participation in museum | 642 |
| | | Community heritage: an immersive approach to | |
| Design(ers) & learning | | disaster resilience | 646 |
| Universal design for learning as an inclusive teaching | g | Caring for human diversity and built heritage through | 1 |
| methodology for an African art and culture course | | design: a multiple case study enquiry | 651 |
| in Ghana | 544 | | |
| Material-led thinking as a practice of care: a strategy | / | Poster abstracts | 656 |
| from art and design education | 550 | Adding value to the future through design and | |
| Artful care for self and others in daily | | entrepreneurship: PLACE | 657 |
| design practice | 555 | A video game for emotion regulation of | |
| Material metaphors: method for physicalising | | medical students | 658 |
| relations and experiences | 560 | Video game design for ecological impacts | 659 |
| · | | Dwell and move, change ensues | 660 |
| Design ethos | | Transposing timelines | 661 |
| A South African approach towards a caring design | | Artificial intelligence-aided type design for | |
| practice | 565 | Chinese script | 662 |
| Weighing the tensions of nostalgia, necessity, | | Design and reconstruction of the new interest youth | |
| and care in contemplating the future of the | | community in china in the post-epidemic era | 663 |
| Nigerian design-scape | 570 | Sound E-scape: an interactive, digital application | |
| Food as a form of care: designing social innovative | 3 | for music therapy and soundscape generation | 664 |
| processes and practices | 575 | Development of existing biophilic interior design | ' |
| , | | definition | 665 |
| | | | |

| | Design-driven approaches to human augmentation. | |
|----|--|-----|
| | An exploratory study | 666 |
| | Designing with people: creating a multi-level | |
| | interdisciplinary design education environment | |
| | for more inclusion | 667 |
| | Material connotations: meta-structure research | |
| | of practice based projects with invasive species | |
| | plant waste | 668 |
| | From collecting natural objects to presenting the | |
| | future anthropocene: exhibition design for the | |
| | anthropocene theme in museums | 669 |
| | Catacombs: refuge on the border of the virtual and | |
| | the real | 670 |
| | Hybrid specimens: Phygital artefacts at the intersect | |
| | of analogue + digital crafts | 671 |
| | Content management system in mapping movable | 0.1 |
| | objects | 672 |
| | FlavourGame: interaction design in hybrid games | 673 |
| | Bibliometrics in circular design visual representation | 674 |
| | Inclusivity as a hype phenomenon in advertising | 675 |
| | Inclusion in recruiting | 676 |
| | Values, design and educational project: contemporar | |
| | projections | 677 |
| | Project Hope : the creative revolution mural, a human | |
| | singularity approach | 678 |
| | More-than-human ways of thinking through | 010 |
| | felting wool | 679 |
| | "Care strategies to strengthen heritage structures | 010 |
| | as a community asset during the pandemic: | |
| | the case of Bahay Nakpil-Bautista" | 680 |
| | A novel offloading insole system designed | 000 |
| | for healthcare | 681 |
| | Towards an embodied expression of pandemic | 001 |
| | nodes & networks in the age of social distancing | 682 |
| | Hodes & Hetworks III the age of social distancing | 002 |
| Ci | ımulus Phd network | 683 |
| | Evolution of 'Mashrabiya' in the Middle East & North | |
| | Africa - traditional wood carving technique revival | 684 |
| | Exploring the potential of material innovation to | |
| | revitalize traditional crafts in Egypt | 687 |
| | An overview of design suggestions for contemporary | , |
| | theatrical VR productions | 690 |
| | Polymath interpolation in transdisciplinary open- | |
| | ended design – design for conservation | 693 |
| 1 | Implementation of design culture as a strategic | |
| ı | innovation through design-oriented industrial | |
| l | conversion and product diversification | 696 |
| | Sustainable transformation of age-friendly | |
| | community centres based on transition design | 700 |
| | Parametric Joinery. Development of a system | |
| | of configurable joints | 704 |
| | Designing a ward inventory for a sustainable | |
| | healthcare. Framework for healthcare providers of | |
| | configurations among disposable medical devices, | |
| | clinical procedures, and medical equipment in | |
| | the neonatology department. | 707 |
| | A safe space of creativity-designing with vulnerable | |
| | female communities | 711 |
| | The direction of wayfinding. From the identification | |
| | of a place to the expression of its meaning. | 715 |
| | ' | |

| | Human augmentation: the role of design in the | |
|----|--|-----|
| | design of on-body interfaces for cognitive-sensorial wellbeing | 718 |
| | A conception toward design narratives for innovation | |
| | Home away from home - The role of design methods | , |
| | in processing trauma of forced migration and loss | |
| | of place | 725 |
| | Decoloniality and healing: confronting inter- | |
| | generational trauma/ideologies through | |
| | architectural preservation and education | 728 |
| | The ephemerality of an organic material and its | |
| | implications: a context specific study with invasive | |
| | exotic species (Japanese knotweed) waste in Genk, | |
| | Belgium | 73: |
| | _ | 734 |
| | Feeling the future car: designing for driving pleasure | |
| | in the era of co-driving | 737 |
| | Mediterranean landscapes in emergency: nature | |
| | and culture | 739 |
| | Key Performance Indicators for measuring and | |
| | evaluating users' sensory perceptions and behaviors | 3 |
| | in learning spaces in higher design education | 742 |
| | Textile handcraft making and women creators' | |
| | psychological well-being: a narrative review | 746 |
| | Cross-case analysis on the integration of extended | |
| | reality (XR) with the design and planning of the built | |
| | environment | 750 |
| | Ecosystem services: an interpretive paradigm of | |
| | urban and territorial heritage. Strategies, guidelines, | |
| | and vision for sustainable cities | 754 |
| | Characteristic analysis of future-oriented design | |
| | based on cognitive context theory | 757 |
| | Digital wellbeing and design | 760 |
| | Appropriation and appreciation of Austrian and | |
| | Indonesian puppetry | 763 |
| | Reinventing the gastronomic experience: using | |
| | interactive digital environments to raise awareness | |
| | of food-related cultural heritage | 766 |
| | Developing cultural heritage sustainability from | |
| | the perspective of participatory sentimental | |
| | souvenir design | 770 |
| | How does design intervention promote sustainable | |
| | rural transition: an analytical framework based | |
| | on the multi-level perspective model | 774 |
| | Designing future hybrid creative space using digital | |
| | tools in educational institutions and organizations | 77 |
| D. | oviowore | 701 |
| K | eviewers | 781 |



Cumulus Phanetwork

Implementation of design culture as a strategic innovation through design-oriented industrial conversion and product diversification

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Abstract

Italian manufacturing companies, SMEs in particular, are lately experiencing a context of great economic uncertainty. Therefore, achieving high levels of flexibility concerning changes in consumption and demand is necessary to increase competitive advantage. The discipline of Design can play an essential role in addressing the challenge of perceiving unexpected change and managing new market visions through new products. The doctoral research concerns a qualitative/quantitative analysis of design-driven industrial conversion and product diversification; both business strategies aim to share company risk in crisis, production inefficiency, or change in technological paradigms through updating and expanding the product portfolio.

The PhD research has adopted the Research through Design as the methodological approach, and in addition, a specific methodology is defined for guiding the experimentation phase. Indeed, the research includes a testing phase with two model companies of Turin and its province (as the Turin Chamber of Commerce founds the doctoral research) concerning a path to accompany a design-oriented production diversification or industrial conversion. The design culture and typical design methods, enriched with those of Innovation Management, create interdisciplinary support for reading the local and corporate production context.

The research is currently in the experimentation phase through the "Design in Progress" project, where two companies with different degrees of design orientation are encouraged to diversify their product portfolio through Design and technology-driven processes.

The final objective of the PhD research is to define good practices for efficient production diversification or, in more extreme cases, industrial conversion, adaptable and scalable according to company needs.

So far, the main results achieved in two years are 1. Five semi-structured interviews with companies; 2. A database with more than 60 case studies of Design-driven industrial conversion; 3. A classifying framework of case studies to display trends in common; 4. A collection of insights from interviews, preliminary desk research and the framework; 5. An analysis of the evolution of the manufacturing landscape in Piedmont, the region in the northwest of Italy, to explore possible new design-oriented sectors. 6. An interdisciplinary methodology to measure the propensity for design-led in-

dustrial conversion 7. The launch of the "Design in Progress" project, an experiment to bring two companies in Turin and its province closer to design 8. A literature review focused on: Research through Design, Design and territory, Territorial economy, Design and Innovation Management, Industrial conversion and product diversification.

In parallel to the "Design in Progress" project, a collaboration is underway with a Dutch university to test the path to design for manufacturing companies with young researchers and design students. In particular, a focus group with young researchers to test, expand, and modify the experimentation tools and a workshop with design students to simulate the experimentation path.

These results warrant further investigation with a larger perspective. The doctoral research is currently exploring the strategies of industrial conversion and production diversification towards new products; further research with more focus on the dematerialization of production through services, also in a circular economy perspective, is therefore suggested.

Author keywords

Industrial conversion; product diversification; strategic innovation; industrial design; competitive advantage

Introduction

The Design discipline was born with a solid strategic and pragmatic attitude to support change processes and realize visions and values through products. As it is considered the connector between creativity and innovation (Design Council, 2011), a design-driven industrial conversion or product diversification can be evaluated and used as a strategic lever to foster internationalization and as a tool for visibility and recognition in the territory (Parente & Sedini, 2018) in this period of significant external changes in the corporate environment. Over the last 20 years, numerous researchers working on new directions of design research have focused their studies on the strategic role of designers in firms through design management and design leadership processes (Borja de Mozota, 2003; Brown, 2009; Calabretta, Montaña & Iglesias, 2008). "For more than 175 years, the field of design has followed developments in business, technology, and culture" (Muratovski, 2015, p.119), but the study of the valorization of the figure of the designer in business strategy is still part of the debate in the scientific community in the Design field.

Thus, there is a strong need to enhance the skills of designers and bring them into play to go beyond the mere 'styling', the final form-giving stage (Danish Design Centre, 2001) or an operative tool to solve styling problems (Celaschi, Celi & García, 2011).

The research responds to this request by identifying industrial conversion and production diversification strategies as a means of implementing design culture as a strategic innovation that places designers at the center of business strategy. Specifically, the research proposes an accompanying design path for manufacturing companies, divided into several steps. This accompaniment path to design aims to encourage and simplify the transition from the intuition of research to its implementation and realization (Design Council, 2014), not only to create economic value for the company but to understand the changes taking place and identify future challenges.

Research methodology and working plan

The PhD research adopts the Research through Design as a methodological approach, namely project-grounded research (Findeli, Brouillet, Martin, Moineau & Tarrago, 2008). The methodology is divided into four chronological steps that follow the three-year doctoral path and includes several qualitative and quantitative methods (Figure 1).



Figure 1. Research method

The first step includes the "Background Research", which aims to formulate the research statement and questions and analyze the topic and scenario. Within this step, the results achieved are manifold; firstly, the analysis of the research contest made it possible to create a PhD-specific literature review consisting of five different macro-themes: Research through Design, Design and territory, Territorial economy, Design and Innovation Management, Industrial conversion and product diversification.

More punctual research on the locution "industrial conversion" followed; in particular, the research investigated different contexts and historical aspects in which it is used, deepening its contextualization of the design debate and formulating a new meaning. The search for case studies helped in this regard, and the opportunity to interview five CEOs or managers of local companies that have implemented the strategies of industrial conversion or product diversification in the past made it possible to collect valuable suggestions and insights for the subsequent stages of research. The semi-structured interviews were conducted within the following ethics parameters: voluntary participation, informed consent, and confidentiality. The results will be communicated to the interviewees during the thesis writing to check the transcription's accuracy.

The keyword "industrial conversion" was rarely used as a password to access this information, making it more challenging to search for case studies. During the first and second years, the research involved a database of approximately 100 case studies of industrial conversion and product diversification to understand the strategic paths taken by companies. The case studies reveal several strategies, such as the exploitation of production assets, thus using different materials by exploiting or implementing the same technology; the achievement of a complete manufacturing process, therefore reaching the level of the assembled product, overreaching that of the semi-finished product or component; the acquisition of high levels of specialization using design strategies such as large format, off-scale, unique surface finishes.

Scenario analysis, which included field and desk research, made possible the construction and definition of the problem. To focus on the cited theme, the research defined the following research questions:

RQ1: How to explore and manage the process of industrial conversion and product diversification from a design perspective?

RQ2: How can designers participate in the processes of strategic business decisions?

RQ3: How to analyze the company's capabilities to identify new products/productive processes/futures strategies?

The second phase included interpreting previously collected data through desk and field research. An essential phase of doctoral research was defining a method for classifying case studies of enterprises implementing industrial conversion or production diversification strategies in mature industries to identify new strategic directions.

The tool built to address this purpose was a case study cataloguing framework (Figure 2).

The framework consists of two levels; the first, the base, consists of three macro areas that demarcate the framework and identify three different conditions: the condition prior to the strategy and a snapshot of the company's condition following a production diversification and/or industrial conversion strategy. Each area contains an additional indication, the life cycle of the technology.

The vertical axis indicates whether the change affected only the product, or whether it led to a production process.

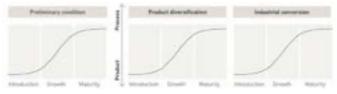


Figure 2. Framework: first level

Each company is then represented through a graph (Figure 3) containing additional information. It is also essential to indicate the company's design orientation in the framework. It can be null, overt, where design activity is active and present, or potential, where the design may be absent, but there is room to intervene (Germak & De Ferrari, 2001; Cantó, Frasquet & Irene, 2019).

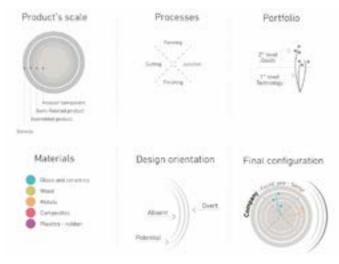


Figure 3. Framework: second level

Including case studies in the framework highlights trends and insights, namely project or managerial strategies, valid for the experimentation phase and defines requirements and characteristics companies must possess to be included in the testing.

The research included a territorial production context analysis through qualitative and quantitative methods to identify shrinking sectors and screen companies for the accompanying design-driven industrial conversion experimentation.

This phase allows for setting the problem and the focus of the experimentation, the implementation of design culture as a strategic innovation through design-oriented industrial conversion and product diversification.

The problem-solving phase begins with the action-experimentation step of the research that adopts and merges the version of the Double Diamond (Design Council, 2019) for Design for Social Innovation (Anderson, 2019) and the Exploring Design methodology (Germak & De Giorgi, 2008), defining a project methodology (Figure 4). It combines the convergence and divergence path typical of the double diamond methodology and the exploration of feasible scenarios with future products and innovative services of the exploring design methodology (Lerma, Dal Palù, Actis Grande & De Giorgi, 2018).

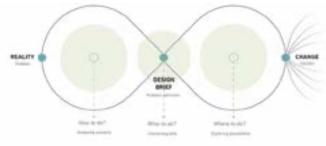


Figure 4. Project methodology

The project methodology defines the boundaries of experimentation, which starts from the business reality, widens the view with the scenario analysis, converges towards the definition of the problem and design brief, and diverges again to explore different possibilities and finally converges in the definition of the solution leading to change.

In detail, the experimental phase consists of the "Design in progress" project, which aims to accompany Turin's manufacturing SMEs on a path of a conscious approach to the design discipline, increasingly understood as a means of strategic innovation and opening up to new markets to increase competitive advantage (Björklund, Maula, Soule & Maula, 2020; Bianco & Rampino, 2017), by reconverting or diversifying production, starting from the company's history, knowhow, skills and assets. This is the current stage of research. The final step includes the verification and implementation of the process through collaboration with a foreign university in the coming months, in which a focus group with young researchers in the design discipline and a workshop with design students are planned to simulate and implement the process of the "Design in Progress" project.

Discussion and conclusion

The research is currently in the experimentation phase with the "Design in progress" project, intending to demonstrate the ability of the design discipline to intertwine and strengthens entrepreneurship (Telalbasic, 2021), as a means of performance improvement of innovation (Borja de Mozota 2002) through the incorporation of new products or services that can exploit company skills and know-how. The project can be the starting point for other activities with companies that want to prevent a period of crisis and experiment with the inclusion of design activities.

Manufacturing SMEs, producing components or semi-finished products with a low degree of design orientation and at a time of business instability or economic distress, are the main target of the project into which to insert the design, according to Borja de Mozota (2010) as "good business" through industrial reconversion or product diversification.

The research fits into and enriches the scientific and industrial landscape dealing with design leadership as it enhances the figure of designers within complex business strategies.

Designers, capable of handling higher levels of complexity (Dorst, 2019), can be critical players in strategic decisions in companies alongside typical management figures. Considering that business strategies inevitably impact the surrounding area, shaping and changing it over the years, the design-oriented industrial conversion can be included in broader projects to enhance local production culture as a policy capable of conferring a new territorial production specialization; this is an important issue for future research.

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This book contains academic papers and posters of the Cumulus Antwerp conference, held in Antwerp on 12-15 April 2023. The Cumulus community, designers, artists, and educators were invited to submit contributions on how culture and creative industry can offer resilience, consolation, and innovation models on human scale, in line with the conference theme 'Connectivity and Creativity in times of Conflict'.

The contributions were double blind reviewed in the tracks

- 1) Nature positive/Design for transformation,
- 2) Digital futures/Hybrid reality,
- 3) Handle with care/Inclusivity, and
- 4) PhD network.



