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Performance study of a thin cation exchange membrane for water based supercapacitor applications

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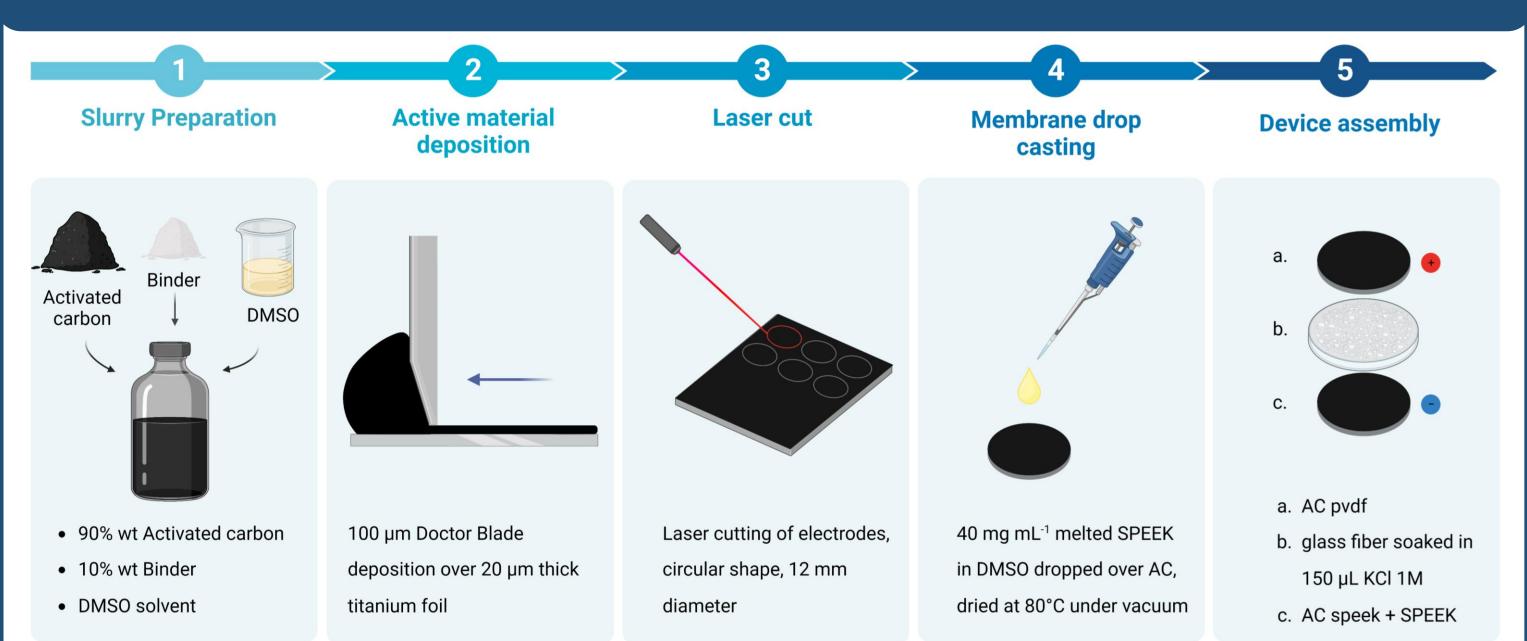
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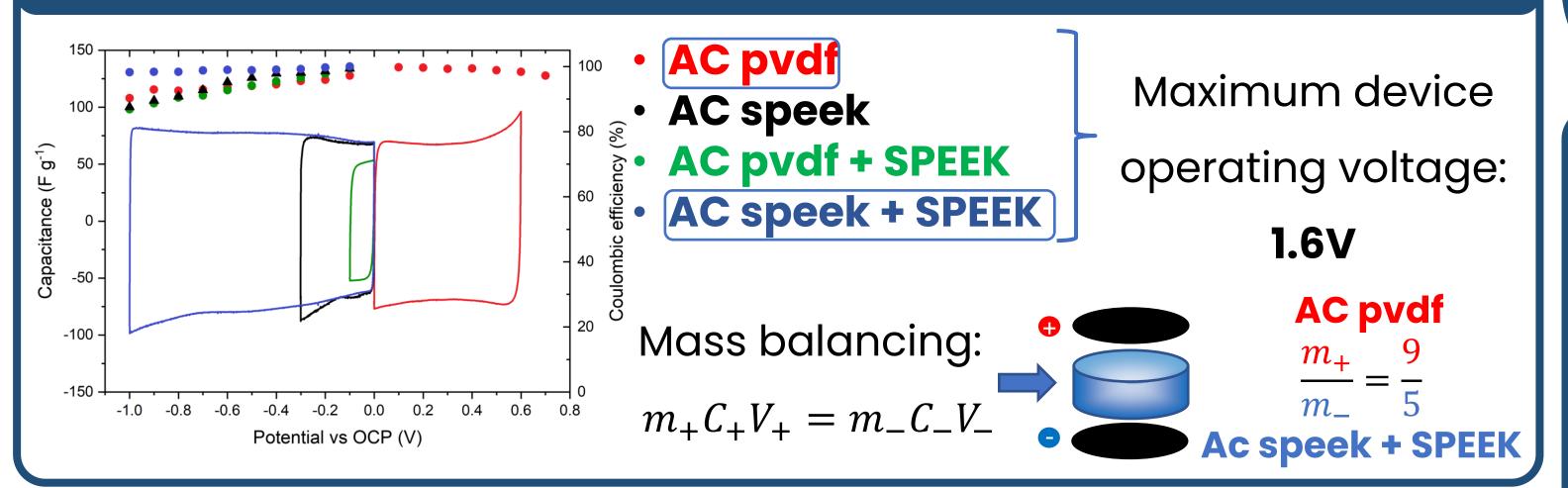
Background

A novel method to modify activated carbon electrodes through addiction of selective ion exchange polymers (IEM) is presented. Nowadays the preferred method to self-polarize an electrode in an EDLC is to place a stand-alone membrane in proximity of the electrode itself [1, 2]. This technique produces some drawbacks brought about the dimension of the device: an increase of the internal series resistance and reduction of overall capacitance. With the propoesed methods, it is possible to use the IEM directly in the production of the slurry (instead of traditional binders) or in a conformal contact with the electrode.

Electrode fabrication



3 Electrodes measurements



Device measurements

Negative electrode:

3 cm

1,5 cm

- SPEEK binder
- Melted SPEEK casted over AC, dried under vacuum

Positive electrode:

- PVDF binder
- No infiltered IEM

IEM as binder

No delamination

of the substrate.

due to deformation

Removal only of all

the upper layer of

carbon during

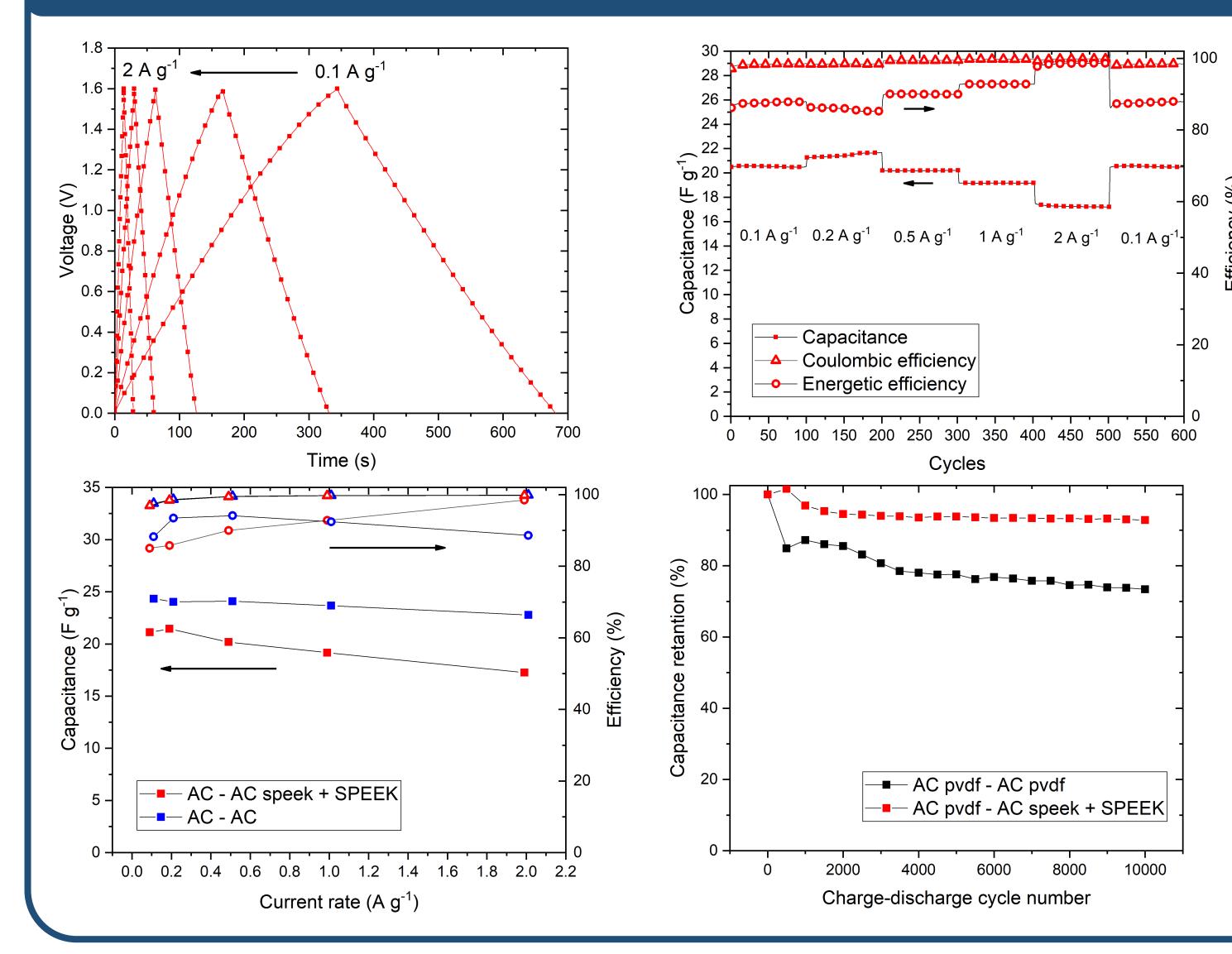
peeling test.

SPEEK binder PVDF binder

No delamination due to deformation of the substrate. Removal of all the deposited material during peeling test.

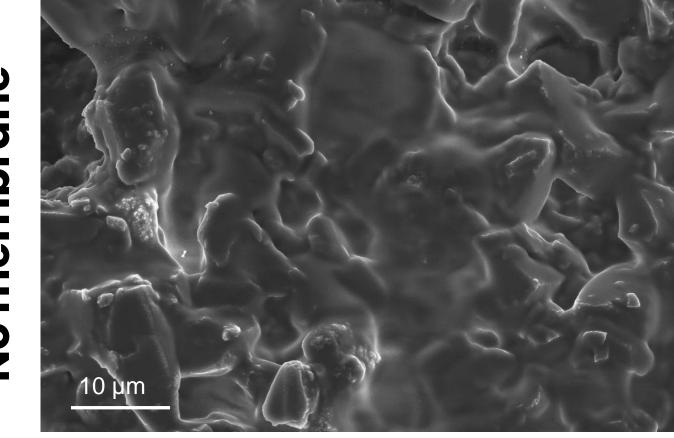
3 cm 8 cm

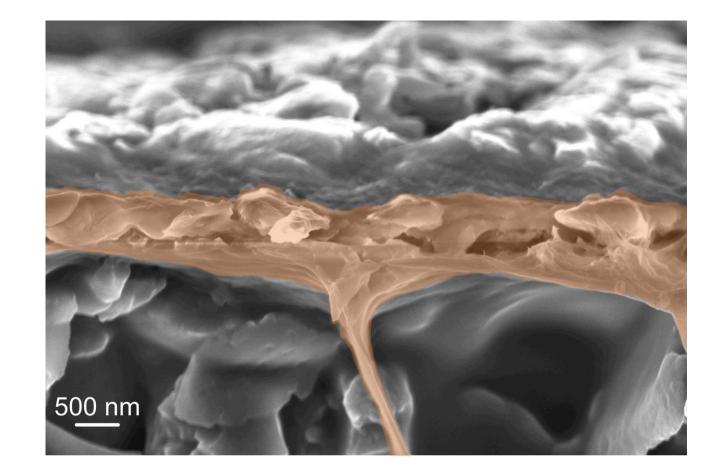




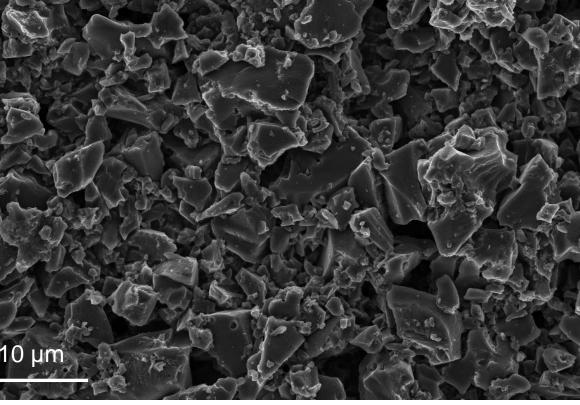


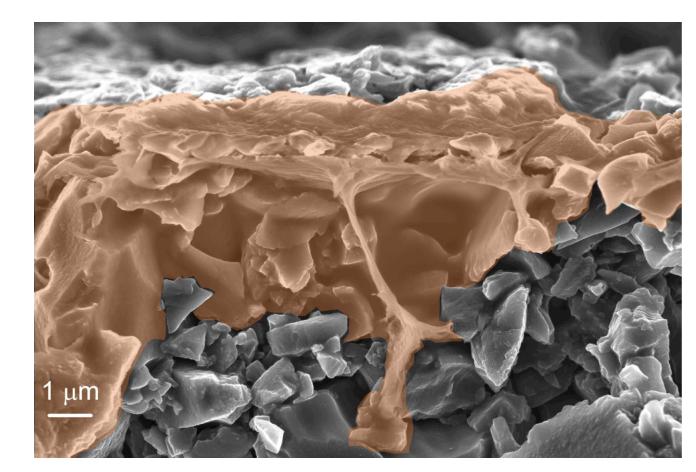
IEM as conformal coating











Conclusions

- Newly proposed coating procedure to obtain thin membrane over carbon based materials
- Substitution of standard binder and improvement of the adhesion performances for supercapacitor electrode application
- Use of CEM in thin film over a carbon based electrode resulting ulletin an enlargement in operating voltage window, increase in coulombic efficiency and reduction of ESR

Cross-section

Future outlooks

- Combination of SPEEK modified electrode with a AEM modified electrode
- Test the device inside a Capmix or RED cell

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Bibliography:

[1] Sales, Bruno B., et al. << Electrochemical characterization of a supercapacitor flow cell for power production from salinity gradients>> Electrochemica acta, 86 (2012) 298-304 [2] Wang, Xingfeng, et al. << A 1.8 V aqueous supercapacitor with a bipolar assembly of ion-exchange membranes as separator>> Journal of The Electrochemical Society, 163.9 (2016): A1853



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