

Promoting Healthy City through ICT technologies. An experience of Particulate Matter low-cost monitoring

Original

Promoting Healthy City through ICT technologies. An experience of Particulate Matter low-cost monitoring / Giovanardi, Matteo; Trane, Matteo; Giusto, Edoardo; Ramirez Espinosa, Gustavo Adolfo; Chiavassa, Pietro; Montrucchio, Bartolomeo; Pollo, Riccardo. - ELETTRONICO. - Vol. 1 (online sessions):(2022), pp. 556-561. (36th Conference PLEA 2022. Sustainable Architecture and Urban Design Santiago (Chile) 23-25 November 2022).

Availability:

This version is available at: 11583/2971494 since: 2023-05-17T17:40:07Z

Publisher:

PLEA

Published

DOI:

Terms of use:

This article is made available under terms and conditions as specified in the corresponding bibliographic description in the repository

Publisher copyright

(Article begins on next page)



November 22 - 25, 2022

WILL CITIES SURVIVE?

The future of sustainable buildings and urbanism in the age of emergency.

BOOK OF PROCEEDINGS VOL 1 ONLINE SESSIONS

Conference Chairman

Waldo Bustamante

Co-Chair

Felipe Encinas
Magdalena Vicuña

Editorial Team

Waldo Bustamante
Mariana Andrade
Pablo Ortiz E.

Hosting Organization

Pontificia Universidad Católica de Chile
Avenida Libertador Bernardo
O'higgins 340

Graphic Design Project

Nicolás Gutierrez

November 22 - 25, 2022

Santiago de Chile

ISBN

978-956-14-3068-6



November 22 - 25, 2022

All rights reserved.

No part of this publication may be reproduced, distributed, transcribed, translated in any language or computer language, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted in any form or by any means, including photocopying, recording or other electronic or mechanical methods, without the prior written permission of the publisher and the author(s). This publication was prepared from the input files supplied by the authors. The publisher is not responsible for any use that might be made of the information contained in this publication.



Passive and Low Energy
Architecture (PLEA)

plea-arch.org



Centro de Desarrollo
Urbano Sustentable

cedeus.cl



FACULTAD DE ARQUITECTURA,
DISEÑO Y ESTUDIOS URBANOS
PONTIFICIA UNIVERSIDAD CATÓLICA DE CHILE

Facultad de Arquitectura, Diseño y Estudios
Urbanos UC

fadeu.uc.cl



Universidad de
Concepción

udec.cl



Agencia Nacional de Inves-
tigación y Desarrollo

anid.cl

ORGANISED BY

ABOUT

PLEA Association is an organization engaged in a worldwide discourse on sustainable architecture and urban design through annual international conferences, workshops and publications. It has created a community of several thousand professionals, academics and students from over 40 countries. Participation in PLEA activities is open to all whose work deals with architecture and the built environment, who share our objectives and who attend PLEA events.

PLEA stands for “Passive and Low Energy Architecture”, a commitment to the development, documentation and diffusion of the principles of bioclimatic design and the application of natural and innovative techniques for sustainable architecture and urban design.

PLEA serves as an open, international, interdisciplinary forum to promote high quality research, practice and education in environmentally sustainable design.

PLEA is an autonomous, non-profit association of individuals sharing the art, science, planning and design of the built environment.

PLEA pursues its objectives through international conferences and workshops; expert group meetings and consultancies; scientific and technical publications; and architectural competitions and exhibitions.

Since 1982 PLEA has been organizing highly ranked conferences that attract both academia and practicing architects. Past Conferences have taken place in the United States, Europe, South America, Asia, Africa and Australia.

After almost a decade the PLEA conference is coming back to South America, Santiago (Chile), to be organized by the Pontifical Catholic University of Chile (PUC). Inevitably,

the theme of PLEA 2022 is inspired by the current pandemic which has put the whole world on alert and makes us rethink our built environment in terms of health and safety. Whereas due to its current social unrest and significant social divide Santiago and South America in general provides a great ground to talk about inequalities and revisit social movements, that spanned around the globe from Lebanon, France to Chile and other countries just before the pandemic hit.

The aim of the PLEA 2022 is to question the whole idea of a city, the way we inhabit and use them generating the definitive inflection point that a sustainable city requires.

For decades, the climate crisis has been demanding our action and commitment. Numerous efforts to reach an international consensus via climate summits, such as COP25, and Paris Agreement have not had any expected results yet. However, even though the COVID-19 pandemic has intensified the sense of urgency, many talks about climate change were put on hold during 2020, when the new virus put the world on alert.

In no time it has become a global issue and provoked various reactions from political leaders around the world—from absolute denial to the harshest restrictions—adjusting and learning in the process by trial and error.

This process has not been easy as COVID-19 highlighted critical deficiencies in our built environment and urban design. Even though infections battered affluent areas too, the pandemic hit the hardest when the virus reached sectors with high rates of poverty. Dense neighborhoods and overcrowded buildings could facilitate the rapid spread of infections due to the difficulty of generating social distancing and the application of extensive quarantines.

Yet, various changes have been adopted rapidly. Hygiene protocols, wearing masks, social distancing and other strategies has become part of our ordinary life. On top of that, the use of public spaces, streets, parks, homes and all buildings had to be adjusted to control the spread of the virus transforming our habits and conception of them. Numerous studies showed great variations in the use of transportation during the pandemic too. But the questions are: are those changes here to stay? What does the future hold for our built environments?

Some even go as far as to question: Will cities survive? While many intellectuals and ac-

GOAL AND THEME

ademics call for the end of cities (at least as we know them), some stakeholders urge to return to normality, or so-called status quo.

Is this the last opportunity to effectively build a healthy, livable and equitable city? It is clear that cities can no longer be conceived as before and it is time to question the way we inhabit and use them. What are the standards, mechanisms and criteria to define a sustainable city and building? Do they respond to the problems and deficiencies in the age of emergency? History shows us how cities reacted to and changed after health crises similar to COVID-19; this is the time to question everything around us and strive for environmentally sustainable and socially just cities.

The aim of PLEA 2022 is to be a relevant part of the discussion and bring about proposals to the developing and developed world. It is a great chance to talk about the changes that affected cities around the globe since the start of the pandemic and bring the scientific knowledge generated in this short time to the discussion.

Social inequality should also be a part of the debate as both health and climate emergencies may further increase the injustice and, at the same time, the inequality may make such crises worse. Latin America, as the most unequal region, and Chilean case might serve as a great example of such issues and could become a source of inspiration to find the definitive inflection point that a truly sustainable city requires.

Dynamic and cosmopolitan Santiago is a vital and versatile city. Home to many events showcasing the very best of Chilean culture, it also hosts superb international festivals of sound, flavor and color. The Chilean capital breathes new life into all its visitors!

The city's diversity shines through in its many contrasting neighborhoods. Set out to explore the city streets and you'll discover beautiful and original art galleries, design shops and handicraft markets, as well as a great selection of restaurants, bars and cafes. Night owls can enjoy a taste of lively Latino nightlife in hip Bellavista!

Visit downtown Santiago to get a real feel for the city. Learn more about the country in its many fine museums, or wander around the famous Central Market – a gourmet's delight.

Fans of the great outdoors can head for the hills that surround the city and marvel at panoramic views of Santiago with the magnificent Andes as a backdrop. Take the opportunity to grab a picnic and visit one of the city's many parks.

In Chile there are places that have not seen a drop of rain in decades, while there are others where the rain brings out the green in the millennial forests.

This diversity captivates and surprises its visitors. Because, as a consequence of its geography, Chile has all the climates of the planet and the four seasons are well differentiated. The warmest season is between October and April and the coldest, from May to September.

The temperature in Chile drops down as you

travel south. In the north, the heat of the day remains during the day while the nights are quite cold. The central area has more of a Mediterranean climate and the south has lower temperatures and recurring rainfall throughout the year.

The conference will be held at the Centro de Extensión de la Pontificia Universidad Católica de Chile, located at Avenida Libertador Bernardo O'Higgins 390, Santiago, Metropolitan Region. Universidad Católica subway station, Line 1

The Center is located in the center of the city of Santiago, with excellent connectivity to the rest of the city and the most characteristic neighborhoods of the capital, either through the Metro network (Line 1) or other means of public transport such as Transantiago (Santiago's public bus network).

To make your hotel reservations, we recommend looking in the Providencia or Las Condes districts, close to Metro Line 1. We also have some suggestions for accommodation close to the conference venue.

1. Sustainable Urban Development

- Regenerative Design for Healthy and Resilient Cities
- Sustainable Communities, Culture and Society
- Low Carbon Neutral Neighbourhoods, Districts and Cities
- Urban Climate and Outdoor Comfort
- Green Infrastructure
- Urban Design and Adaptation to Climate Change

2. Sustainable Architectural Design

- Resources and Passive Strategies
- Regenerative Design
- Energy Efficient Buildings
- Net-zero Energy and Carbon-neutrality in New and Existing Buildings
- Vernacular and Heritage Retrofit
- Building Design and Adaptation to Climate Change

3. Architecture for Health and Well-being

- Comfort, IAQ & Delight
- Thermal Comfort in Extreme Climates
- IAQ and Health in Times of Covid-19
- Comfort in Public Spaces

4. Sustainable Buildings and Technology

- Renewable Energy Technologies
- Energy Efficient Heating and Cooling Systems
- Low Embodied Carbon Materials
- Circular Economy
- Nature-based Material Solutions
- Water Resource Management and Efficiency

5. Analysis and Methods

- Simulation and Design Tools
- Building Performance Evaluation
- Surveying and Monitoring Methods
- User-building Interaction and Post-occupancy Evaluation

6. Education and Training

- Architectural Training for Sustainability & Research
- Professional Development
- Sustainable Initiatives and Environmental Activism
- Methods and Educational Practices
- Strategies and Tools

7. Challenges for Developing countries

- Energy poverty
- The Informal City
- Climate Change Adaptation
- Affordable Construction and Architecture Strategies
- Urban Planning and Urban Design Policies for Sustainable Development
- Housing and urban Vulnerability



CRISTINA DORADOR

Keynote speaker
CHILE

Between July 2022 and July 2022 she served as a member of Chile’s constitutional convention. She is currently back to teaching at the Universidad de Antofagasta.

Chilean scientist, doctor and politician who conducts research in microbiology, microbial ecology, limnology and geomicrobiology. She is also an associate professor in the Department of Biotechnology of the Faculty of Marine Sciences and Natural Resources at the University of Antofagasta. From July 2021 to July 2022 she served as a member of the Constitutional Convention representing District No. 3, which represents the Antofagasta Region.

Her achievements include the coordination in Chile of the Extreme Environments Network for the study of ecosystems in the geographic extremes of Chile and having developed biotechnological tools to value the unique properties of some altiplanic

microbial communities such as resistance to ultraviolet radiation to elaborate cosmetic creams, joining the field of cosmetic Biotechnology. She has also led application projects

such as the development of textile material using the photoprotective properties of altiplanic bacteria.

She was a member of the transition council of the National Commission for Scientific and Technological Research in 2019 that gave rise to the National Agency for Research and Development of Chile, and has been recognized nationally and internationally as one of the most relevant researchers in Chile.

ADRIANA ALLEN

Keynote Speaker
ARGENTINA

Professor of Urban Sustainability and Development Planning at The Bartlett Development Planning Unit (DPU), University College London and President of Habitat International Coalition (HIC).

Adriana has over 30 years of international experience in research, graduate teaching, advocacy and consulting in over 25 countries in the global South, she has specialized in the fields of development planning, socio-environmental justice and feminist political ecology.

She is currently President of Habitat International Coalition (HIC), as well as a regular advisor to UN agencies, positions from which she is actively engaged in promoting urban justice through advocacy and policy evidence, social learning and fostering international collaboration both within UCL and globally. Through the lens of risk, water and sanitation, land and housing, food and health, her work examines the interface between everyday city-making practices and planned interventions and their capacity to generate transformative social and environmental relations.

Adopting a feminist political ecology per-



spective, her work combines qualitative, digital/mapping, and visual research methods to decolonize urban planning practices and elucidate the “cracks” in which transformative planning can be reinvented, nurtured, and pursued. Her work focuses on three interrelated themes: urban justice, everyday city-making, and transformative planning. Over the years, she has worked at the interface between insurgent practices and planned interventions and their capacity to generate socio-environmentally just cities.

This work stems from her engagement with the analysis of governance approaches to address structural deficits at the interface between “policy-driven” and “needs-driven” approaches and emerging improvements at scale – in water and sanitation, as well as in other areas such as food security, land, housing and health. Since 2008, she has explored the intersection of urbanization and climate change, with a particular focus on the generation and distribution of risks, vulnerabilities and capacities for action in southern cities. A third strand of her research focuses on urban planning as a field of networked governance and pedagogical strategies to decolonize planning education and shape pathways for urban equality.



ANACLAUDIA ROSSBACH

Keynote speaker
BRAZIL

Economist with a track record of more than 20 years working on the issues of slums, social housing and urban policy.

She is currently Director for Latin America and the Caribbean at the Lincoln Land Institute of Policy. She also serves as a member of the editorial board of *Vivienda* magazine of INFONAVIT – México. And previously she worked as a consultant on housing and urban development issues for the IDB (Inter-American Development Bank).

She worked in the Prefecture of São Paulo, supporting the Brazilian Ministry of Cities in the design and implementation of the Brazilian housing policy. She founded and served on the board of directors of the NGO INTERAÇÃO, which supported the development of high-impact projects in communities in the state of São Paulo and Recife.

As a senior consultant to the World Bank, she provided technical assistance for the development and implementation of Brazilian housing policy and slum upgrading for 10 years, including two major programs: the “PAC Favelas” slum upgrading and the “Minha Casa, Minha Vida” housing subsidy.

She acted as a senior specialist in social housing for the World Bank and other research and project organizations in Brazil and several countries around the world such as the Philippines, China, India, South Africa and Mozambique, among others.

She was Regional Manager for Latin America and the Caribbean for the Cities of Alliance Global Informality Program where the exchange of experiences and knowledge through different networks was consolidated and structured.

The main achievements in Latin America are the Urban Housing Practitioners Hub (UHPH), which brings together practitioners and networks working in the field of social housing. In the global south, multi-sectoral and disciplinary communities of practice on the theme of slum upgrading in the global south with emphasis on the countries: Mexico, Guatemala, El Salvador, Paraguay, Brazil, South Africa and India.



GIANCARLO MAZZANTI

Keynote Speaker
ARGENTINA

Born in Barranquilla, a port city in northern Colombia, Giancarlo Mazzanti is an architect graduated from Pontificia Universidad Javeriana with postgraduate studies in industrial design and architecture in Florence, Italy.

He has been a visiting professor at several Colombian universities, as well as at world-renowned academic institutions such as Harvard, Columbia and Princeton, and is the first Colombian architect to have his works in the permanent collection of the Museum of Modern Art in New York (MoMA) and the Centre Pompidou in Paris.

Giancarlo has more than 30 years of professional experience and his studio, El Equipo Mazzanti has gained notoriety due to its design philosophy based on modules and systems, which generate flexible elements capable of growing and adapting over time, seeking an architecture that is closer to the idea of strategy than to a finite and closed composition. The idea of architecture as an operation was born from exploring the different forms of material and spatial organization, considering concepts such as repetition, the indeterminate, the unfinished, instability,

arrangement and patterns.

Equipo Mazzanti also stands out for its research on play and its link to the world of architecture. It is precisely this interest in the play-architecture relationship that has led it to seek new collaborations with professionals from different areas of knowledge, finding new opportunities for cooperation and developing projects and exhibitions that have been presented throughout the world under the We play You play brand.

Social values are at the core of Mazzanti’s architecture, who seeks to realize projects that give value to social transformations and build communities. He has dedicated his professional life to improving the quality of life through environmental design and to the idea of social equality.

His work has become a reflection of the current social changes occurring in Latin America and Colombia, demonstrating that good architecture manages to build new identities for cities, towns and inhabitants, transcending reputations of crime and poverty.

CHAIR COMMITTEE



Waldo Bustamante

Mechanical Civil Engineer from the University of Chile. Master in Urban Development from the Pontifical Catholic University of Chile and PhD in Applied Sciences from Catholic University of Louvain, Belgium. Professor at the Faculty of Architecture, Design and Urban Studies from the Pontifical Catholic University of Chile. Director of the Centre for Sustainable Urban Development (CEDEUS).



Felipe Encinas

Architect from the Pontifical Catholic University of Chile. Master of Science from the University of Nottingham in the United Kingdom and a PhD in Architecture and Urbanism from the Catholic University of Louvain, Belgium. Academic Secretary at the Faculty of Architecture, Design and Urban Studies (FADEU). Researcher at the Centre for Sustainable Urban Development (CEDEUS) and Associate Professor at the School of Architecture in the Pontifical Catholic University of Chile.



Magdalena Vicuña

Architect from the Pontifical Catholic University of Chile. Master in Community Planning from the University of Maryland in the United States and PhD in Architecture and Urban Studies from the Pontifical Catholic University of Chile. Director of Research and Postgraduate Studies at the Faculty of Architecture, Design and Urban Studies (FADEU). Associate Professor at the Institute of Urban and Territorial Studies and Associate Researcher at CIGIDEN.

INTERNATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE

Alessandra R. Prata Shimomura
Universidade de São Paulo. BRASIL.

Carlos Javier Esparza López
Universidad de Colima. MÉXICO.

Edward Ng
Chinese University of Hong Kong. HONG KONG.

Heide Schuster
BLAUSTUDIO. GERMANY.

Jadille Baza
Presidenta del Colegio de Arquitectos de Chile. CHILE.

Joana Carla Soares Goncalves
Architectural Association School of Architecture, UK. University of Westminster, UK. Bartlet School of Architecture, UCL, UK.

Jorge Rodríguez Álvarez
Universidade da Coruña, ESPAÑA.

Juan Carlos Muñoz
Ministro de Transporte y Telecomunicaciones. CHILE.

Luis Edo Bresciani Lecannelier
Pontificia Universidad Católica de Chile. CHILE.

Luis Fuentes Arce
Pontificia Universidad Católica de Chile. CHILE.

Mario Ubilla Sanz
Pontificia Universidad Católica de Chile. CHILE.

Pablo La Roche
Cal. Poly Pomona / CallisonRTKL Inc. USA.

Paula Cadima
Architectural Association Graduate School. UNITED KINGDOM.

Rajat Gupta
Oxford Brookes University. UNITED KINGDOM.

Rodrigo Ramirez
Pontificia Universidad Católica de Chile. CHILE.

Sanda Lenzholzer
Wageningen University. THE NETHERLANDS.

Sergio Baeriswyl
Presidente del Consejo Nacional de Desarrollo Urbano. CHILE.

Simos Yannas
Architectural Association Graduate School. UNITED KINGDOM.

Susana Biondi Antúnez de Mayolo
Pontificia Universidad Católica de Perú. PERÚ.

Ulrike Passe
Iowa State University. USA.

LOCAL ORGANISING COMMITTEE

María José Molina

Commercial Engineer from the Pontifical Catholic University of Chile. Master in Local and Regional Development from the Institute of Social Studies of Erasmus University Rotterdam, The Netherlands. Executive Director of the Centre for Sustainable Urban Development (CEDEUS).

José Guerra

Architect from the Catholic University of the North. PhD in Architecture, Energy and Environment from the Polytechnic University of Catalonia. Director of the School of Architecture from the Catholic University of the North. Director of the Research Center for Architecture, Energy and Sustainability (CIAES) at the Catholic University of the North.

Sergio Vera

Civil Engineer from the Pontifical Catholic University of Chile. PhD from Concordia University and Master of Science, Pontifical Catholic University of Chile. Director of the Interdisciplinary Center for the Productivity and Sustainable Construction (CIPYCS). Assistant Professor and Director of the Department of Engineering and Construction Management at the Pontifical Catholic University of Chile.

María Isabel Rivera

Architect from the University of Concepcion. Master of Architecture from the University of Washington, USA. PhD in Architecture from the University of Oregon. Researcher of the Centre for Sustainable Urban Development (CEDEUS) and Assistant Professor of the Department of Architecture, University of Concepcion.

Maureen Trebilcock

Architect from the University of Bio Bio. Master of Arts in Green Architecture and PhD from the University of Nottingham. Director of the PhD program in Architecture and Urbanism at the University of Bio Bio.

Nina Hormazábal

Architect from the University of Washington. Master of Architecture from the University of California, Berkeley. PhD in POE and Energy Efficiency in Housing from the University of Nottingham. Professor and Researcher of the Laboratory of the Bioclimatic Area in the Department of Architecture of the Federico Santa María Technical University.

M. Beatriz Piderit

Architect from the University of Bio-Bio. Master in Applied Sciences and PhD from the Catholic University of Louvain, Belgium. Associate Professor and researcher at the Faculty of Architecture of the University of Bio-Bio. Researcher of the research group in "Environmental Comfort and Energy Poverty" of the University of Bio-Bio.

Claudio Carrasco

Architect from the Universidad de Valparaiso. PhD in Architecture, Energy and Environment from the Polytechnic University of Catalonia. Master in Geographical Information Systems from MappingGIS. Professor at the Department of Architecture of the Federico Santa María Technical University. Professor and Researcher of the Civil Construction School and the City Science Laboratory (CSLab) at the Faculty of Engineering of the Universidad de Valparaiso, Chile. Associate Research of the Climate Action Center (CAC) of the Pontifical Catholic University of Valparaíso, Chile.

Massimo Palme

Materials Engineer from the University of Trieste. Master in Geographical Information Systems from MappingGIS. PhD in Architecture, Energy and Environment from the Polytechnic University of Catalonia. Professor at the Department of Architecture of the Federico Santa María Technical University.

SCIENTIFIC COMMITTEE

Khandaker Shabbir Ahmed

Bangladesh University of Engineering & Technology. BANGLADESH.

Noelia Alchapar

CONICET Mendoza. ARGENTINA.

Fazia Ali-Toudert

Ecole Nationale d'Architecture Paris Val de Seine. FRANCE.

Hector Altamirano

University College of London. UNITED KINGDOM

Sergio Altomonte

Université Catholique de Louvain. BELGIUM.

Servando Álvarez

Universidad de Sevilla. SPAIN.

Mohammad Arif Kamal

Aligarh Muslim University. INDIA.

Shady Attia

University of Liege. BELGIUM.

Julieta Balter

CONICET Mendoza. ARGENTINA.

Gustavo Barea Paci

CONICET Mendoza. ARGENTINA.

Jonathan Bean

University of Arizona. USA.

Susana Biondi

Pontificia Universidad Católica del Perú. PERÚ.

Philomena Bluysen

TU Delft. HOLLAND.

Denis Bruneau

ENSAP Bordeaux. FRANCE.

Vincent Buhagiar

University of Malta. MALTA.

Victor Bunster

Monash University. AUSTRALIA.

Waldo Bustamante

Pontificia Universidad Católica de Chile. CHILE.

Paula Cadima

Architectural Association. UNITED KINGDOM

Isaac Guedi Capeluto

Technion – Israel Institute of Technology. ISRAEL.

Alexandre Carbonnel

Escuela Arquitectura. Universidad de Santiago. CHILE

Claudio Carrasco

Universidad Técnica Federico Santa María – Universidad de Valparaíso. CHILE

Giacomo Chiesa

Politecnico di Torino. ITALY.

Helena Coch

Universitat Politècnica de Catalunya. SPAIN.

Florencia Collo

Atmos Lab. ARGENTINA.

Erica Correa Cantaloube

CONICET Mendoza. ARGENTINA.

Manuel Correia Guedes

University of Lisbon. PORTUGAL.

Robert Crawford

University of Melbourne. AUSTRALIA.

Marwa Dabaieh

Malmö University. SWEDEN.

Richard De Dear

University of Sydney. AUSTRALIA.

Silvia De Schiller

Universidad de Buenos Aires. ARGENTINA.

Claude Demers

Laval University, Québec. CANADA.

Samuel Domínguez

Universidad de Sevilla. SPAIN.

Denise Duarte

Universidade de São Paulo. BRAZIL.

Felipe Encinas

Pontificia Universidad Católica de Chile. CHILE

Evyatar Erell

Ben Gurion University of the Negev. ISRAEL.

Carlos Esparza

University of Colima. MEXICO

Juan Carlos Etulain

Universidad Nacional de la Plata. ARGENTINA.

Arnaud Evrard

Université Catholique de Louvain. BELGIUM.

Lone Feifer

Active House Alliance. CANADA.

Jesica Fernández-Agüera

Universidad de Sevilla. SPAIN.

Gilles Flamant

Centro de Desarrollo Urbano Sustentable. CHILE.

Brian Ford

Natural Cooling Ltd. UNITED KINGDOM.

Miguel Ángel Gálvez Huerta

Universidad Técnica Federico Santamaría. CHILE.

Carolina Ganem

CONICET Mendoza. ARGENTINA.

Rodrigo García

Universidad del Bío-Bío. CHILE.

José Roberto García Chávez

Universidad Autónoma Metropolitana. MÉXICO.

Aritra Ghosh

University of Exeter. UNITED KINGDOM.

Mark Gilliott

University of Nottingham. UNITED KINGDOM.

Jorge Gironás

Pontificia Universidad Católica de Chile. CHILE.

Vanessa Gomes Silva

University of Campinas. BRAZIL.

Margarita Greene

Pontificia Universidad Católica de Chile.
CHILE.

José Guerra

Universidad Católica del Norte. CHILE.

Rajat Gupta

Oxford Brookes University. UNITED KING-
DOM.

Rafael Herrera-Limones

Universidad de Sevilla. SPAIN.

Marcos Hongn

Universidad de Salta. ARGENTINA.

Cecilia Jiménez

Pontificia Universidad Católica del Perú.
PERÚ.

Nina Hormazábal

Universidad Técnica Federico Santa María.
CHILE.

Cecilia Jiménez

CJD Arquitectos. PERÚ.

Alison Kwok

University of Oregon. USA.

Mauricio Lama

Pontificia Universidad Católica de Chile.
CHILE

J. Owen Lewis

International Development Ireland. IRE-
LAND.

Florian Lichtblau

Lichtblau Architects. GERMANY.

María Lopez de Asiain

Universidad de Las Palmas de Gran Canaria.
SPAIN.

Sanyogita Manu

CEPT University. INDIA.

Leonardo Marques Monteiro

Universidade de São Paulo. BRAZIL.

Andrea Martinez

Universidad de Concepción. CHILE.

Juan Manuel Medina

Universidad de Los Andes. CHILE.

María del Pilar Mercader-Moyano

Universidad de Sevilla. SPAIN.

Ranny Michalski

Universidade de Sao Paulo. BRAZIL.

Aurora Monge-Barrio

Universidad de Navarra. SPAIN.

Michele Morganti

Università di Roma La Sapienza. ITALY.

Rafael Moya

Universidad de Concepción. CHILE.

Julia Mundo-Hernandez

Benemérita Universidad Autónoma de Pueb-
la. MEXICO.

Emanuele Naboni

The Royal Danish Academy of Fine Arts.
DENMARK.

Edward NG

The Chinese University of Hong Kong.
HONG KONG – CHINA.

Diego Palma

Pontificia Universidad Católica de Chile.
CHILE.

Massimo Palme

Universidad Técnica Federico Santa María.
CHILE.

Ulrike Passe

Iowa State University. USA.

Pablo Pastén

Pontificia Universidad Católica de Chile.
CHILE.

Andrea Pattini

CONICET Mendoza. ARGENTINA.

Alexis Perez-Fargallo

Universidad del Bío-Bío. CHILE.

Marco Perino

Politecnico di Torino. ITALY.

María Beatriz Piderit Moreno

Universidad del Bío-Bío. CHILE.

Eduardo Pimentel Pizarro

Universidade São Judas Tadeu. BRAZIL.

Adrian Pitts

University of Huddersfield. UNITED KING-
DOM.

André Potvin

Laval University, Québec. CANADA.

Alessandra Prata Shimomura

FAUUSP. BRAZIL

Jesús Pulido

University of Tokyo. JAPAN.

Rajan Rawal

CEPT University. INDIA.

Dana Raydan

Raydan Watkins Architects. UNITED KING-
DOM.

Alexandra Rempel

University of Oregon. USA.

María Isabel Rivera

Universidad de Concepción. CHILE.

Susan Roaf

Heriot-Watt University. SCOTLAND.

Lucelia Rodrigues

University of Nottingham. UNITED KING-
DOM.

Carolina Rodriguez

Universidad Piloto de Colombia. COLOM-
BIA.

Jorge Rodriguez

Universidade de A Coruna. SPAIN.

Jean-François Roger-France

Université Catholique de Louvain. BELGIUM.

Jeannette Roldán Rojas

Facultad de Arquitectura y Urbanismo. Uni-
versidad de Chile. CHILE

Carlos Rubio

Universidad de Sevilla. SPAIN.

Khaled Saleh Pascha

University of Applied Sciences Upper Aus-
tria, AUSTRIA.

Agnese Salvati

Universidad Politécnica de Cataluña. SPAIN.

Mattheos Santamouris

University of Athens. GREECE.

Marc E Schiler

University of Southern California. USA.

Heide Schuster

BLAUSTUDIO – Sustainability in Architecture and Urban Design. GERMANY.

Valentina Serra

Politecnico di Torino. ITALY.

Denise Silva Duarte

University of Sao Paulo. BRAZIL

Masanori Shukuya

Tokyo City University. JAPAN.

Joana Soares Goncalves

Architectural Association School of Architecture. UNITED KINGDOM.

Victoria Soto Magan

Swiss Federal Institute of Technology. SWITZERLAND.

Thanos Stasinopoulos

Izmir University of Economics. TURKEY.

Tomás Swett

Universidad del Desarrollo. CHILE

Kheira Anissa Tabet Aoul

United Arab Emirates University. UNITED ARAB EMIRATES.

Hideki Takebayashi

Kobe University. JAPAN.

Maureen Trebilcock

Universidad del Bío-Bío. CHILE.

Leena E. Thomas

University of Technology. AUSTRALIA.

Ola Uduku

Manchester Metropolitan University. UNITED KINGDOM.

Juan Vallejo

University of Westminster – Natural Cooling Ltd. UNITED KINGDOM.

Sergio Vera

Pontificia Universidad Católica de Chile. CHILE

Magdalena Vicuña

Pontificia Universidad Católica de Chile. CHILE.

Rufei Wang

Atelier Ten USA LLC. UNITED STATES.

Paulina Wegertseder

Universidad del Bío-Bío. CHILE.

Barbara Widera

Wroclaw University of Technology. POLAND.

Jan Wienold

École Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne. SWITZERLAND.

Feng Yang

Tongji University. CHINA.

Simos Yannas

Architectural Association. UNITED KINGDOM.

Aram Yeretzian

American University of Beirut. LEBANON.

Gabriela Zapata-Lancaster

Cardiff University. UNITED KINGDOM.

Daniel Zepeda

University of A Coruña. SPAIN.

Antonio Zumelzu

Universidad Austral de Chile. CHILE.

S01 **SESSION 01** page 37
Sustainable Urban Development (1) | Chair Sebastian Laclabere

- 1548** Outdoor Comfort Guidelines for a Whole City: Categorising environmental performance of outdoor spaces based on their scale Jain, Shashank; Matos da Silva, Joao Pedro
- 1542** Heat countermeasures guideline with facilities planning and design strategies for children in Japan: Field measurement study on outdoor thermal environment of children's height level at kindergarten Fan, Liyang; Xuan, Yingli; Yamamura, Shinji
- 1504** Investigating Outdoor Thermal Comfort for Children Play Affordances in Urban Areas: A Case of Jaipur, India Raje, Richa; Ojha, Saurabh
- 1251** Investigating Scientific Selection Of Trees For Maintaining Thermal Comfort In An Asymmetric Urban Street Ojha, Saurabh; Mukherjee, Mahua; Raje, Richa
- 1536** The Environmental Gentrification Process and the Microclimate: Case Study in the Federal District Cantuaria, Gustavo Alexandre Cardoso; Borges, Clarianne Martins Braga
- 1682** Affiliation between Greenway and Street Canyon Aspect Ratio: In Ameliorating Street Canyon Microclimate of Residential Dhaka Tasnim, Zarrin; Joarder, Ashikur Rahman

S02 **SESSION 02** page 75
Education and Training (1) | Chair Felipe Victorero

- 1256** Teaching Program for Local Climate-Response Design: A Case Study on Vernacular House Renovation in Hot-Humid Climates Lin, Hankun; Zeng, Wei; Lin, Yaoguang; Li, Xiaoshan; Yao, Lan; Sun, Hanjia; Chen, Lixiang; Wang, Mingyu
- 1399** Enhancement Of Cultural Heritage Awareness And Sustainability Of The Built Environment Through Academic Education: The HERSUS Project Sakantamis, Konstantinos; Chatzidimitriou, Angeliki; Doussi, Maria; Kotsopoulos, Sofoklis; Paka, Alkmini; Axarli, Kleo
- 1400** Impact of Large-Scale Training Program to Engage a Public Institution on Energy Efficiency Actions Rostan, Pierre; Marquez, Timo; Le Tallec, Martin
- 1190** The Role of Universities on Forming Social Inclusive and Sustainable Environments: The importance of university social responsibility Auad Proenca, Mariana; Balducci, Alessandro; Cognetti, Francesca
- 1247** Innovative teaching methods for regenerative materials: being less bad is simply not good enough Evrard, Arnaud; Claude, Sophie; Habert, Guillaume
- 1315** Bioclimatic Physics Program Attachable on Design Studio: Teaching Package about Climatic Design Study in Education Kayo, Genku; Suzuki, Nobue

S03 **SESSION 03** page 111
Sustainable Architectural Design (1) | Chair Maureen Trebilcock

- 1246** Designing for Thermal Comfort: Lessons Learnt from Different Latitudes, Longitudes, and Altitudes Toledo, Linda; Risetto, Romina; Gallardo, Andres; Wieser, Martin; Marín-Restrepo, Laura; Mino-Rodriguez, Isabel
- 1401** Thermal Benefit of Conventional Mud Walls in Tropics Arooz, Fathima Rizna; Halwatura, Rangika Umesh; Rupasinghe, Himalshi Tharanga
- 1131** Including Indoor Vertical Greening Installation Influence in Building Thermal and Energy Use Simulations Gunawardena, Kanchane; Steemers, Koen
- 1658** Evaluating Energy Efficiency in Housing: Tools for a 30% Reduction of Conventional Energy in Social Housing de Schiller, Silvia
- 1231** Influence of Mass and Insulation in Building Retrofitting Lopez-Besora, Judit; Coch, Helena; Isalgue, Antonio; Crespo, Isabel
- 1528** A Nationwide Empirical Study Of Residential Electricity Use In India Gupta, Rajat; Antony, Anu

S04 **SESSION 04** page 153
Architecture for Health and Well-being (1) | Chair Lucelia Rodriguez

- 1325** Post-Pandemic Campus Return: Evidence-Based Decision-Making for university learning spaces in Egypt Goubran, Sherif; Raslan, Rokia; Tarabieh, Khaled
- 1338** SARS-CoV-2, Ventilation Strategies, Comfort and Carbon Implications For Buildings Sajjadian, Seyed Masoud
- 1626** A Desktop Review Of The Physical Configuration Of Australian Flexible Learning Environments: Within Primary School Settings Vijapur, Diksha; Candido, Christhina
- 1674** Analysis of the Effect of Droplet Dispersion (COVID-19 Droplet Surrogate) According to the Use of Air Purifier Under Cooling Conditions in Summer Na, Hooseung; Choi, Haneul; Lee, Yungyu; Kim, Taeyeon
- 1592** Methodology To Evaluate And Educate On Indoor Air Quality In Early Childhood Education Centers Fernandez Aguera, Jessica; Campano, Miguel Angel; Domínguez, Samuel; Acosta, Ignacio; Paradiso, Bianca
- 1590** Habitability in Hot Arid Climate Dwellings during COVID-19: Exploratory Study Romero-Moreno, Ramona Alicia; Sotelo-Salas, Cristina; Olvera-García, Daniel Antonio; Leyva-Camacho, Osvaldo; Luna-León, Aníbal; Bojórquez-Morales, Gonzalo

S05 **SESSION 05** page 191
Analysis and Methods (1) | Chair Felipe Encinas

- | | | |
|-------------|---|--|
| 1157 | Lighting and Daylight Control Strategies Using LabVIEW for Optimizing Visual Comfort and Energy Savings | Budhiyanto, Aris; Chiou, Yun-Shang |
| 1447 | Simulation-based Assessment of Human-Centric Lighting Performance in Tropical Hospitals | Chen, Hong Yu; Chien, Szu-Cheng; Yong, Sam Kah Teck |
| 1474 | Analysis Of Summer Sky Types Using CIE Standard Sky Model For The Location Of Gurugram, India | Malhotra, Riya; Bhalla, Ankit; Seth, Sanjay; Thakur, Rohit |
| 1238 | An Integrated Approach for Performance Evaluation of Perforated Screens. Daylight Sufficiency, Solar Gains, Glare, Thermal Comfort, and Energy Use as Key Factors | Chi Pool, Doris Abigail |
| 1312 | Adaptation of Internal Venetian Blind for Office Spaces A Passive Strategy for Sustainable Daylight Design | Baten, Priyanka; Joarder, Md. Ashikur Rahman |
| 1272 | Energy efficiency strategies for a Netzero energy building in southern Brazil: analysis, diagnosis and retrofit proposal | Matana Junior, Sidnei; Frandoloso, Marcos Antonio Leite; Brião, Vandrê Barbosa |

S06 **SESSION 06** page 229
Sustainable Urban Development (2) | Chair Rajat Gupta

- | | | |
|-------------|---|--|
| 1403 | Generative Design For An Urban Morphology Based On Solar Access Strategy | Koubaa Turki, Laila; Ben Saci, Abdelkader |
| 1526 | Practice and evaluation of sponge city strategies for flash flooding mitigation in Mediterranean coastal cities: a case study of El Poblenou, Barcelona | Zheng, Qianhui; Roca, Josep |
| 1418 | Sustainability Index: A Tool To Assess Performance of Indian Smart Cities | Bahadure, Sarika Pankaj; Kamble, Tanushri; Sable, Shreya |
| 1193 | Rhodanian Neighborhoods in Transition. Towards an Integrative Strategy Facilitating Decision-Making for New Sustainable Fluvio-Neighborhoods | Formery, Sara; Laprise, Martine; Rey, Emmanuel |
| 1486 | Urban Greening for Achieving a Sustainable Urban Environment for a Tropical City: Nagpur Through Geospatial Approach. | Girhe, Vinay Khushal; Ghuge, Vidya V. |
| 1664 | Courtyard with Ventilation as Climate Resilient Solution: Evaluating the New Houses against Traditional Sultanate of Oman | Al Mahrooqi, Yousuf; Hossain, Mohataz |
| 1410 | Spatial Mapping Approach To Target The Local Deployment Of Distributed Energy Resources In The UK | Gupta, Rajat; Gregg, Matt |

S07 **SESSION 07** page 279
Education and Training (2) | Chair Arnaud Evrard

- | | | |
|-------------|---|--|
| 1152 | University Trial Study of Indoor Air Quality Attributes of Interior Building Materials and Finishes | Hebert, Paulette Robert; Jayadas, Aditya; Nazmy, Hebatalla |
| 1182 | Integrating Sustainability Issues into a Comprehensive Architectural Design Studio: A Case Study Approach to the Development of a Framework | Jo, Soo Jeong; Jones, James; Grant, Elizabeth |
| 1275 | Delivering the Sustainable Development Goals: the role of the architecture professional framework in the Urban context | Gwilliam, Julie Amanda; Cerulli, Cristina |
| 1391 | Evaluating Irish Architectural Education: towards integrated equitable design excellence in our cities | O Dwyer, Sarah; Gwilliam, Julie |
| 1641 | A Thousand Thunbergs Collaborate Towards Net-Zero | Jayaram, Sreejith; Thounaojam, Amanda; Vakil, Gaurav; Venkatesh, Janani; Jain, Yashima |
| 1467 | Reflective Practice in Lighting Education For the Dialogue with the Breakthrough Changes | Martyniuk-Pęczek, Justyna; Sokol, Natalia; Peczek, Grzegorz |

S08 **SESSION 08** page 317
Sustainable Architectural Design (2) | Chair Susel Biondi

- | | | |
|-------------|--|--|
| 1478 | Thermal Performance Of Roofs In A Naturally Ventilated Classroom In Warm Humid Climate: a Case In Vijayawada, India | Amirtham, Lilly Rose; Ali, Abdul Mohsin |
| 1219 | Simplification of a vegetation arrangement for transport it to a computational thermal evaluation model | Tovar-Jimenez, Edwin Israel; Esparza-López, Carlos Javier |
| 1252 | Transferring Vernacular Passive Design Strategies To Modern Dwellings In Warm Humid Regions To Reduce Thermal Discomfort | Zhu, Di; Kiamba, Lorna Ndanu |
| 1574 | Testing the Comfort Triangles Tool: Improving Initial Design Decisions for Natural Conditioning | Evans, John Martin |
| 1660 | Bioclimatic Evaluations of Perforated Walls Built in Bahareque | Vargas Bustos, Angie Katherine; Garcia Cardona, Ader Augusto |
| 1290 | Thermal Performance Testing of Water Spray Window in Cooling Operation | Yang, Xiu; Jiang, He |

S09 **SESSION 09** page 359
Architecture for Health and Well-being (2) | Chair Isabel Rivera

- | | | |
|-------------|---|---|
| 1463 | Patient's Thermal Comfort Assessment Of A Government Hospital During The Warm-Humid Season: A Field Study In A Tropical Megacity Dhaka, Bangladesh | Anam, Sadia Israt; Ahmed, Zebun Nasreen; Debnath, Kumar Biswajit |
| 1499 | Experimental Assessment And Modeling Of A Radiant Solution For Open Spaces. Application At A Bus Stop | Castro Medina, Daniel; Palomo Amores, Teresa Rocío; Guerrero Delgado, María del Carmen; Sánchez Ramos, José; Álvarez Domínguez, Servando; Cerezo Narváez, Alberto |
| 1588 | The Way Forward to Aging: Developing a Preliminary Questionnaire Survey Instrument to Determine Elderly Peoples' Thermal Sensation in India | Sudarsanam, Niveditha; D, Kannamma |
| 1118 | Thermal Performance Evaluation of Perforated Solar Screen for Office Buildings in the Hot and Humid Climate | Vieira, Katia Fernanda Oliveira; Suzuki, Eliane Hayashi; Machado, Rodrigo Dias; Kurokawa, Fernando Akira |
| 1689 | Interior Courtyards And Vegetation: Impact On Users' Comfort And Energy Efficiency In Heritage Housing. Expansions In Cité Housing In Santiago, Chile | Piedra Astudillo, Katherine Macarena; Schmitt Rivera, Cristian |
| 1545 | From the Rise of Open-plan Office HQ to Working Anywhere Post-2020: How Australian Millennial Academics Rate Workplaces | Ghosn, Cida; Marzban, Samin; Durakovic, Iva; Candido, Christhina; Backhouse, Sarah |

S10 **SESSION 10** page 403
Analysis and Methods (2) | Chair Joey Michelle Hutchison

- | | | |
|-------------|---|--|
| 1154 | Urban Climate Recommendations for Urban Planning in Phnom Penh, Cambodia | Se, Bunleng; Katzschner, Lutz |
| 1602 | Developing An Urban Climate 'Site Risk Assessment' Toolkit: City of Birmingham Pilot Study | Futcher, Julie; Ferranti, Emma |
| 1649 | Urban Geometry And Microclimate Effects On Building Energy Performance: The Case Of Mediterranean Climate Districts In Turkey | Toren, Basak Ilknur; Sharmin, Tania |
| 1650 | BIM and EnerPHit-assisted Energy Efficient Refurbishment: A Case Study of a UK Georgian Terrace House | Dadagilioglu, Sinan Celal; Mohammadpourkarbasi, Haniyeh; Sharples, Steve |
| 1563 | Living Roofs for Cooling in Hot Dry Climates: Effects of Temperature and Swing | Rodriguez, Laura; La Roche, Pablo |
| 1454 | Glare Metrics for Glazed Façade with Side-view at Restaurants | Uriarte, Urtza; Zamora Mestre, Joan Lluís; Hernández Minguillón, Rufino Javier |

S11 **SESSION 11** page 441
Sustainable Urban Development (3) | Chair Gilles Flamant

- | | | |
|-------------|---|---|
| 1188 | Perceived Environmental Qualities, Satisfaction And Mental Health In Outdoor Public Spaces Of University Campus: A Survey Of University Students In China | Li, Hongrui; Du, Jiangtao |
| 1242 | Influence Of Pavement Materials On Pedestrians: Extent Of Impact On Simulated, Measured And Perceived Parameters. | Manoharan, Nuthana; Gopalakrishnan, Padmanaban |
| 1411 | Indicators To Evaluate The Introduction Of Telework: Post-COVID-19 Flexible Work Arrangements | Tsukahara, Sayaka; Ichinose, Masayuki; Ogata, Masayuki; Alkhalaf, Haitham |
| 1340 | Natural Ventilation as Sustainable Response to Covid-19: Designing an Airborne Disease Treatment Centre in Burkina Faso | Nigra, Marianna; Simonetti, Marco; Galleano, Luca; Serale, Gianluca |
| 1668 | The Post-COVID-19 Cities. A Field Study On Pedestrian Thermal Comfort In Outdoor Urban Spaces: The case of the esplanade la Brèche, Constantine, Algeria | Ouis, Afef; Benhassine, Nassira |
| 1560 | Development Of Tree Planting Rules For Urban Spaces Based On Expert Systems And Fuzzy Logic | Rodriguez-Potes, Lizeth |

S12 **SESSION 12** page 479
Sustainable Buildings and Technology (1) | Chair Felipe Encinas

- | | | |
|-------------|---|---|
| 1197 | Retrofit of Heavy Mass Building in Mediterranean Climates: A Method for Optimizing Insulation and Solar Control Strategies | Carbonari, Antonio |
| 1286 | Opportunities and Challenges for LCA in India for Innovative Technologies | Miriayala, Yogitha; Thounaojam, Amanda; Vaidya, Prasad; Mangrulkar, Amol |
| 1296 | Embodied Energy In Passive Architecture Strategies: A Balcony And A Glazed Gallery For A Dwelling In A Mediterranean Climate. | Carrillo Arancibia, Pamela; Pages-Ramon, Anna |
| 1485 | Net-Zero Building Design: Demonstrating The Use Of Agricultural Waste And Industrial By-Products From Rice Cultivation Belts | Hitawala, Ibrahim; Jain, Nishesh |
| 1675 | Retrofit Solutions For Existing Office Buildings In European Context: A Low-Tech Approach | Girdhar, Jyotika; Dhamankar, Namrata |
| 1115 | Exploring "Golden Fiber" Jute as Tensile Membrane Architecture In Dhaka | Choudhury Rana, Golam Morsalin |
| 1344 | Vacuum-glazed Windows: A Review on Recent Projects' Methods, Results, and Conclusions | Pont, Ulrich; Schober, Peter; Wölzl, Magdalena; Schuss, Matthias; Haberl, Jakob |

S13 **SESSION 13** page 517
Sustainable Architectural Design (3) | Chair Rafael Moya

- | | | |
|-------------|--|--|
| 1332 | Retrofitting Pre-1919 Scotland's Tenement Flats: Investigating Fabric Retrofit Potential for Top, Middle, and Ground Floor | Ibrahim, Azlizawati; Carter, Kate; Brennan, John |
| 1498 | Energy Rehabilitation with External Thermal Insulation (ETICS) in Zaragoza (Spain): Application to Social Housing in Saltillo, Mexico. | Lopez-Ordoñez, Carlos; Cabello Matud, Cristina; Molar Orozco, Maria Eugenia; Alonso-Montolio, Carlos; Coch Roura, Helena |
| 1135 | Retrofitting High-Density Residential Buildings: Application of Passive Cooling Design Strategies in Hot and Humid Climate of Cyprus | Altan, Hasim; Ozarisoy, Bertug |
| 1258 | The (Un)Sustainable Futures of Glass Architecture: A Life Cycle Assessment of Curtain Wall Retrofit Scenarios in Brussels | Souviron, Jean; Khan, Ahmed |
| 1368 | Indoor Daylight Level Assessment Of A Micro-algae Integrated Double Glazed Façade System | Rezaee Parsa, Abdulrahim; Kim, Kyoung-Hee; Im, Ok-Kyun |
| 1437 | An Initial Approach to the Impact of Roller Screen Curtains on Colour Rendition of Transmitted Daylight: Experimental Measures in Real Space | Villalba, Ayelen Maria; Yamin Garreton, Julieta; Pattini, Andrea |

S14 **SESSION 14** page 555
Architecture for Health and Well-being (3) | Chair Vincent Buhagiar

- | | | |
|-------------|--|---|
| 1448 | Promoting Healthy City through ICT technologies. An experience of Particulate Matter low-cost monitoring | Giovanardi, Matteo; Trane, Matteo; Giusto, Edoardo; Ramirez Espinosa, Gustavo Adolfo; Chiavassa, Pietro; Montrucchio, Bartolomeo; Pollo, Riccardo |
| 1613 | Healing Architecture: A Review of the Impact of Biophilic Design on Users | Tekin, Bekir Huseyin; Urbano Gutiérrez, Rosa |
| 1126 | Optimizing Building Form to Improve Thermal Comfort and Indoor Air Quality: A Context in Crises | Taleb, Sirine; Yeretian, Aram; Jabr, Rabih A.; Hajj, Hazem |
| 1235 | Indoor Environment Quality Analysis of a New-Build UK Schools In the context of COVID-19 | Mohamed, Sara; Rodrigues, Lucelia; Omer, Siddig; Calautit, John |
| 1435 | Quantifying Harm from Exposure to Fine Particles (PM2.5) Emitted by Cooking | Morantes, Gioberti; Jones, Benjamin; Molina, Constanza; Sherman, Max |

S15 **SESSION 15** page 587
Analysis and Methods (3) | Chair Francois Simon

- | | | |
|-------------|---|--|
| 1147 | A Structured Approach to the Evaluation of Evidence for the Purported Role of Occupants in Energy Performance Gap | Amin, Hadeer; Berger, Christiane; Mahdavi, Ardeshir |
| 1376 | The Role For Personal Comfort Systems And Room Interior Layout To Improve Thermal Comfort In The Context Of Insufficient Ceiling Fan Induced Air Distribution In Residential Living Rooms | T K, Jayasree; Tadepalli, Srinivas |
| 1459 | Analysing The Life Cycle Carbon Performance Of A Passivhaus-standard Retrofitted Suburban Dwelling In Hunan, China | Liu, Chenfei; Sharples, Steve; Mohammadpourkarbasi, Haniyeh |
| 1334 | Impact Of Plan-Form On Climate Loading Of An Office Building | Lall, Shweta; Elangovan, Rajasekar; Arya, D.S.; Natarajan, Sukumar |
| 1191 | Historical Building Retrofitting Based On Brazilian Energy Efficiency Legislation: Evaluation Of Energy Consumption Reduction | Bitarães, Thais; Garcia, Marina; de Souza, Roberta |
| 1687 | Towards A New Compliance Methodology For Ireland: Informed by studies of nZEB housing, its fabric and technologies | Kinnane, Oliver; Colclough, Shane; O'Hegarty, Richard; Stephen, Wall |

S16 **SESSION 16** page 631
Sustainable Urban Development (4) | Chair Carolina Rojas

- | | | |
|-------------|--|--|
| 1380 | Impacts of City Morphology On The Microclimatic Conditions Of Consolidated Urban Areas In Sao Paulo During Hot Days | Bonansea de Alencar Novaes, Gabriel; Marques Monteiro, Leonardo |
| 1203 | The Effect Of The Building's Density On The Air Temperature Within Urban Neighbourhoods In Hot, Dry Cities: Case Study Three Neighbourhoods In City Of Biskra, Algeria | Qaoud, Rami; Alkama, Djamal |
| 1537 | How Density Affects Energy Demand in Urban Grids: The Case Study of the Eixample District of Barcelona. | Garcia-Nevado, Elena; Lopez-Ordoñez, Carlos; Besuievsky, Gonzalo; Morganti, Michele |
| 1557 | Urban Verticalization: predicting the effect of a Master Plan on microclimate in Bagé, Brazil | Santos, Monica Machado dos; Krebs, Lisandra Fachinello; Ribak, Raischa Holz |
| 1151 | Micro-climatic Aspects of the Barcelona's Superblock Strategy: A Computational Case Study | Vidal, Eduardo; Berger, Christiane; Mahdavi, Ardeshir |
| 1423 | Urban Climate Map Proposal for Small Town: Mamanguape, Brazil | Silva, Cleciane Cassiano; Souza, Vladimir Sobral; Ferreira, Daniele Gomes; Hirashima, Simone Queiroz da Silveira; Assis, Eleonora Sad; Katschner, Lutz |

S17 **SESSION 17** page 669
Sustainable Buildings and Technology (2) | Chair Renato D'Alencon

1121	Economic Feasibility of a System to Reduce Waste of Water in Hot Water Building Systems: A Case Study in Multifamily Buildings	Dalmedico Ioris, Marcelo; Ghisi, EneDir
1233	Thermal Mass Study: Investigation Of The Thermal Mass Performance Of Adobe Walls In Saudi Arabia	Alayed, Essam; O'Hegarty, Richard; Kinnane, Oliver
1480	Low Energy Cooling Strategies for Public Housings in the Hot and Humid Climate through Window Design	Trihamdani, Andhang Rakhmat; Nurjannah, Amalia
1630	Wood-Textile Composites For Self-shaping Material Assemblies In Architectural Scale	Fragkia, Vasiliki; Worre Foged, Isak
1133	Adaptive And Dynamic Façade Modules For Serial Energy-Retrofit Of Residential And Office Buildings Using Active And Passive Building Components: A Pilot Study	Fuchs, Nico; Mohtashami, Negar; Hering, Dominik; Streblow, Rita; Müller, Dirk
1101	Renovation Of Old Bamboo Tubular Shaped House In South China: Application of Passive Energy Saving and Ventilation Methods	Y M (Jamin) Guan; Y M Sun; K X Xia; J Q Zhu

S18 **SESSION 18** page 713
Challenges for Developing Countries (1) | Chair Margarita Greene

1173	Inhabiting industrial heritage as a practice of preservation: Cuareim Housing Complex, in Montevideo, Uruguay	Baldini, Guilherme Oliveira; Salcedo, Rosio Fernández Baca
1372	Modifying Microclimate By Introducing Green Floor In Multi Storey Buildings In Lahore Pakistan: A Review In Relation To Orientation, Microclimate Modifiers And Built Environment	Aleem, Sana; Borna, Mehrdad
1500	Surviving Overheating: From Land Surface Temperature Variations To Low-Energy Strategies	Gonzalez-Trevizo, Marcos Eduardo; Martinez-Torres, Karen Estrella; Rincon-Martinez, Julio Cesar; Armendariz-Lopez, Jose Francisco
1122	Climate Justice and Sea-level Rise	Mohsenin, Mahsan; Chin, Andrew
1349	Triple Bottom Line Redistribution in Mixed-Income Housing Through Transition Spaces	Rehman, Afshan

S19 **SESSION 19** page 749
Architecture for Health and Well-being (4) | Chair Carolina Karmann

1572	Wellbeing in Daylighting Studies: A literature review.	Abdelrahman, Mohamed Salah; Coates, Paul
1596	The Virtual Environments Lighting Quality Assessment Using the Virtual Reality	Mohamed Yacine, Saadi; Daich, Safa; Piga, Barbara.E.A; Bezziane, Akram; Daiche, Ahmed
1597	Impact of Brightness on Glare Perception when Using Shading Fabrics	Karmann, Caroline; Wienold, Jan; Andersen, Marilyne
1433	Comparative Overview of Lighting Credits from WELL Environmental Assessment Method	Ruiz, Veronica; Rodriguez, Roberto; Pattini, Andrea
1413	The Changing Needs in Residential Design Post-Pandemic	Elsharkawy, Heba; Rashed, Haitham Farouk

S20 **SESSION 20** page 781
Analysis and Methods (4) | Chair Francois Simon

1229	The Concept Of A Data-Driven Platform For Mitigating Heat Stress At The Neighbourhood Scale	Ngo, Dung Hoang Ngoc; Kayaçetin, Cihan Nuri; Nguyen, Dung Tien; Tran, Phuong Thi Thu; Bui, Ngoc Phuong; Versele, Alexis
1594	Innovative Design Solution for The School Of The Future. The case Study of the secondary school Cino da Pistoia in Italy	Romano, Rosa; Donato, Alessandra; Gallo, Paola; Della Rosa, Luca
1424	Energy Modeling of the Residential Building-stock. Climate Change Impact and Adaptability of the Existing Housing Stock in Santiago de Chile	Rouault, Fabien; Molina, Constanza; Valderrama, Claudia
1264	Designing Thermal Factors: Modelling Heat Balance Variables For Thermal Adaptive Environments	Foged, Isak Worre
1492	Effect of Window opening schedule on Indoor Thermal Environment: An Investigation into the effect of Natural Ventilation in Low-rise Apartments in Warm and Humid Climate of India	Bhandari, Nikhil; Tadepalli, Srinivas
1402	Comparative Evaluation of Thermal Performance and Energy Conservation of Residential Buildings in Cold Climate of India	Das, Neha; Elangovan, Rajasekar; Chani, Prabhjot S.; Kansal, Aafsha; Garg, Tarun; Kumar, Satish; Vaidya, Prasad

S21 **SESSION 21** page 819
Sustainable Urban Development (5) | Chair Cristhian Figueroa

- | | | |
|-------------|--|--|
| 1603 | Comparative Approach of the Environmental Impact Induced by Different Architectural Visions of a New Periurban Neighbourhood | Aguacil Moreno, Sergi; Lufkin, Sophie; Laprise, Martine; Rey, Emmanuel |
| 1611 | Study Of Land Use/Cover Change Impacts On Thermal Microclimate Using QGIS In Urban Agglomeration. Case Study: City Of Biskra, Algeria. | Daich, Safa; Saadi, Mohamed Yacine; Khelil, Sara; Piga, Barbara.E.A; Daiche, Ahmed Motie |
| 1618 | Urban Agriculture: For The People, By The People | Buddhivant, Pornima Anil; Sujata Karve |
| 1321 | Methodology for Scenario-based Analysis of Future Energy Performance of Swiss Settlements at Urban, Sub-urban, and Rural Scale | Popova, Anastasiya; Hsieh, Shanshan; Schlueter, Arno |
| 1395 | From Repetition to Diversity: A Workflow for Energy-driven Optimization of Heterogeneous Urban Blocks in Hot Climates | Natanian, Jonathan; De Luca, Francesco; Naboni, Emanuele |
| 1683 | Carbon Neutral Music Venue: A Sustainable Urban Development | Tucker, Simon; Edesess, Ariel |

S22 **SESSION 22** page 855
Sustainable Buildings and Technology (3) | Chair Felipe Encinas

- | | | |
|-------------|--|---|
| 1117 | Climate Change, Energy Performance and Carbon Emission in a Prefabricated Timber House in Northern China: A Dynamic Analysis | Zhang, Xi; Du, Jiangtao; Sharples, Steve |
| 1205 | Embodied Carbon in Domestic Timber, Concrete and Steel structures: A Study Of Tools, Material Substitutions And Socio-Cultural Factors Based On A UK Passivhaus Home | Yu, Jiacheng; Stevenson, Fionn |
| 1217 | Impact of COVID-19 Pandemic on Building Energy Consumption and CO2 Emission in the U.S. | Rashed-Ali, Hazem; Ghiai, Mohammad Mehdi; Soflaei, Farzaneh |
| 1431 | FireSURG: Fire Mitigation System In Urban Areas Through Reuse Of Rainwater And Gray Water | Candia Cisternas, Loreine Makarena; Hormazabal, Nina; Sills, Pablo |
| 1472 | Modeling Ceiling Fan Flow Patterns: Creating A Simple Tool For Predicting Comfort With Breeze | Enevoldsen, Sebastian Glaesel; Kessling, Wolfgang; Engelhardt, Martin; Negendahl, Kristoffer |
| 1475 | Comparison of the Embodied Energy of Three Architectural Forms in Rural Areas of Southwest China | Chi, Xinan; Zhou, Lai; Wan, Li |
| 1510 | Integration Of An Innovative Dual Day-Night Technique For Air Conditioning Of Public Spaces | Castro Medina, Daniel; Palomo Amores, Teresa Rocío; Guerrero Delgado, María del Carmen; Sánchez Ramos, José; Álvarez Domínguez, Servando; Molina Félix, José Luis |

S23 **SESSION 23** page 897
Sustainable Architectural Design (4) | Chair Cesar Osorio

- | | | |
|-------------|--|--|
| 1185 | Humanscapes Habitat - Integrated Design For Sustainable Living: Design For Adaptive Comfort For Reduced Operational Energy Consumption | Ayer - Guigan, Suhasini; Prasad, Ramya; Kamal K, Niraj |
| 1581 | CLIMATESCOUT® A Design Tool For Low Carbon Architecture | La Roche, Pablo; Ponce, Arianne; Hutchison, Joey-Michelle; Beroiz, Jorge |
| 1479 | Benchmarking Buildings in the Context of Net-Zero Targets: Tracking Energy Performance of a Case Study from Design to Operation | Wismadi, Fathin Sabbiha; Jain, Nishesh; Kourgiozou, Vasiliki |
| 1429 | CFD Simulation on Ventilation Performance of Existing Apartment Buildings in Indonesia | Nurjannah, Amalia; Trihamdani, Andhang Rakhmat |
| 1398 | The Literature Review on Boundary Conditions of Use For Non-Residential Buildings | Sokol, Natalia; Kurek, Julia; Martyniuk-Peczek, Justyna; Amorim, Claudia Naves David; Vasquez, Natalia Giraldo; Kanno, Julia Resende; Sibilio, Sergio; Matusiak, Barbara |
| 1685 | Keep It, Mix It, Grow It | Young, Juan Lucas; Lahiri, Lina; Herrmann, Falco; Alonso, Lucia; Hartmann, Vera; Wörner, Johanna; Pürschel, Henning; Fernandez Rosso, Sofia |
| 1273 | Passive Low Energy Earth Architecture. Sustainable buildings for anyone and everyone, anywhere | Hickson, Peter Garfield |

S24 **SESSION 24** page 941
Sustainable Urban Development (6) | Chair Claudio Carrasco

- | | | |
|-------------|---|---|
| 1208 | Carbon Footprint, LEED Criteria And Cost Effectiveness: Comparative Analysis Of 5 Technical Solutions For The Design Of The Non-Potable Water Network Of The MIND Area In Milan | Merla, Marco |
| 1461 | ESG Trends In Real Estate Investment In Europe: Drivers, Challenges, And Good Practices | Etienne-Denoy, Ella; Clech, Théo; de Kerangal, Christian; Marquez, Timo |
| 1517 | Validating a Cycle-based IoT Sensor for Mapping Intra-urban Air Temperature and Humidity | Cecilia, Andrea; Peng, Zhikai |
| 1207 | Measuring Impact of Building Height Randomness on Daylight Availability | Bansal, Parth; Li, Na |
| 1180 | Thermal Assessment in an Urban Canyon in Brazil: A Chrono-Morphological Approach from 1940 to a Future Scenario | Lemos, Daniel; Barbosa, Sabrina; Lima, Fernando |
| 1159 | Simulation Study on the Thermal Effects of Vertical Greening System under the Influence of Local Climate Zones in Shanghai | Jiang, Zhi-Dian; Yang, Feng |

S25

SESSION 25

page 979

Challenges for Developing Countries (2) | Chair Muriel Díaz

- | | | |
|-------------|---|--|
| 1222 | The Impact of Urban Forms on Psychological Restoration and Bioclimatic Performance in High-density Neighbourhoods: An Integrated Analysis in Shanghai | Zhang, Dixin; He, Yong; Du, Jiangtao |
| 1261 | Sustainable Construction in Humanitarian Action. Criteria for Humanitarian Building Sustainability | Ullal, André; Steullet, Anne; Roman, Justine; Michel, Kyra; Duque, Sebastian Mahecha; Celentano, Giulia; Habert, Guillaume; Al Laham, Hager; Tamvakis, Pavlos; Aguacil Moreno, Sergi Badar, Rukhsana Nazir |
| 1310 | Community Resilience during Time of Crisis: Case of Mahdibagh Colony, Nagpur | |
| 1354 | Will Favelas Survive? A study of urban heat islands and climate emergency at Maré, Rio de Janeiro | Galeazzi, Carolina Hartmann |
| 1388 | Housing for the Poor: Analysis of Community-led Housing in Yangon | Naing, Yin Mon; Kobayashi, Hirohide |
| 1232 | Climatic Recommendations for Informal Areas in Brazil: UCMaps and Brazilian Technical Standards | Ferreira, Daniele Gomes; Souza, Vladimir Sobral; Hirashima, Simone Queiroz da Silveira; Katzschner, Lutz; Assis, Eleonora Sad |

•



November 22 - 25, 2022

**ARCHITECTURE FOR HEALTH AND
WELL-BEING**

DAY 01
12:00 — 13:30

CHAIR
CARMEN FREED

PAPERS
1448 / 1613 / 1126 / 1235 / 1435

14TH PARALEL SESSION / ONLINE

Promoting healthy city through ICT technologies

An experience of particulate matter low-cost monitoring

MATTEO GIOVANARDI¹ MATTEO TRANE² EDOARDO GIUSTO³ GUSTAVO ADOLFO RAMIREZ ESPINOSA³ PIETRO CHIAVASSA³ BARTOLOMEO MONTRUCCHIO³ RICCARDO POLLO²

¹ Polytechnic of Turin, Department of Architecture and Design, Italy

² Polytechnic of Turin, Interuniversity Department of Regional and Urban Studies and Planning, Italy

³ Polytechnic of Turin, Department of Control and Computer Engineering, Italy

ABSTRACT: *The Pandemic emergency related to COVID-19 has renewed the interest in the Healthy City promotion and design. Ensuring a genuine life quality for all in healthier urban environments is a central issue in the contemporary architectural debate, as well as fundamental to achieve Sustainable Development Goals 11 and 3. In the urban context, both natural and anthropogenic factors drastically affect health and economy. Monitoring, simulating, assessing, and controlling such environmental factors is a prerequisite in promoting the Healthy City. In this perspective, ICT technologies and data processing offer new opportunities and tools to understand and manage complex and heterogeneous urban phenomena. The aim of this paper is to demonstrate the effectiveness of low-cost ICT technologies in widespread air quality monitoring. To this, the Particulate Matter (PM) 2.5 and 10 sensors developed by the research group is tested in a real world case-study. Results obtained from field monitoring campaigns in most relevant seasons, compared to data by the official meteorological municipal station, highlight benefits and barriers for developing a widespread urban monitoring infrastructure in a Healthy City site-specific design perspective.*

KEYWORDS: *Healthy City, ICT, Particulate Matter, ENVI-met, SDG11*

1. INTRODUCTION

The urban environment drastically affects human health. Atmospheric Particulate Matter (PM), as well as nitrogen dioxide and tropospheric ozone, is considered among the risk factors for cardiovascular, respiratory, and carcinogenic diseases [1]. Data produced by the scientific community reports a worrisome picture. In the World, each year about 4.2 million premature deaths due to stroke, heart disease, lung cancer, and chronic respiratory illnesses are attributable to excessive exposure to PM [1]. For the same causes, in Europe, where 15% of premature deaths are due to environmental factors, life expectancy has been reduced by about 8 months [2]. In this context, the pandemic emergency related to COVID-19 has further highlighted how the strong correlation between environmental factors (on virus spread and exacerbation of symptoms and effects) and human health is to be considered in the promotion of healthier urban environments [3]. The complexity of phenomena determining air quality – at a local, continental, and hemispheric scale – is related to anthropogenic activities (e.g., domestic heating, mobility, industries, etc.) and microclimatic conditions turning primary emissions into secondary ones, thus facilitating their dispersion [4]. In this scenario, low-cost ICT technologies

enable a digitally integrated urban environment. On the one hand, they may represent a fundamental tool for widespread monitoring and, on the other hand, a highly effective mean to actively engage people by raising awareness on health issues and fostering the ecological transition [5][6]. Several ongoing researches are moving towards the use of a widespread network of air quality sensors embedded in light poles, cars, bicycles, building components, flowerpots, or wearable devices [7][8][9][10]. Specifically, the development of IoT (Internet of Things) technologies and their widespread application in cities foster monitoring several variables that may affect air quality, thus human health. Furthermore, the spread of integrated technologies supports a growing number of open urban platforms [11] that monitor input and output flows of energy and matter in real-time urban metabolism models [12].

Starting from these premises, this paper presents the first results of an air quality monitoring campaign carried out at the neighbourhood scale in Turin, northern Italy, one of the most critical areas in Europe due to the orography and population density. The aim of this research is twofold: first, to demonstrate the effectiveness of low-cost ICT technologies for widespread air quality monitoring; second, to investigate the effect of the urban fabric

on the distribution of pollutants. The methodologic approach and the main results obtained are presented by the description of a test carried out within an ongoing national research project. Finally, in the Conclusion section, perspectives and barriers in the ICT development for urban monitoring infrastructure are discussed, in the perspective of a site-specific Healthy City design.

2. METHODOLOGY

The article describes the experience of a monitoring campaign on air quality (PM_{2.5} - PM₁₀) and environmental parameters (i.e., air temperature, humidity, and pressure) carried out at a neighbourhood scale at high temporal resolution. The campaign at micro-urban scale allowed us to investigate a possible more direct relationship between some built environment features (e.g., morphology, presence of green areas, exposure to the street, height of buildings, orientation, etc.) and the distribution of pollutants, to potentially inform climate change planning policy and design [13]. Before the monitoring campaign, the plot was modelled in ENVI-met™, a Computational Fluid Dynamics software (CFD). Microclimatic simulation was necessary for interpreting the propagation of pollutants. Through 3 monitoring campaigns, lasting about two weeks each for over a period of 1 year (March 2021-February 2022), the research compares data acquired from different 4 monitoring stations distributed in the area. Acquisitions by low-cost sensor stations developed by the research group at Polytechnic of Turin – DAUIN (Department of Control and Computer Engineering) are compared with data provided by the official urban measurement network of ARPA (Regional Environmental Protection Agency), the municipal authority in charge of urban air quality control. Data coming from the nearest official station (namely Torino Grassi – Reiss Romoli), approximately 4 km as the crow flies from the analysed area, was used for the comparison. Furthermore, data analysis over different seasons and different exposures to primary emission sources is performed to investigate the incidence of seasonal anthropogenic phenomena.

3. CASE STUDY

3.1 The neighbourhood

The case study is in the north-eastern suburbs of Turin (Italy), a city characterised by Cfa climate conditions (Humid subtropical climate; coldest month averaging above 0 °C, at least one month's average temperature above 22 °C, and at least four months averaging above 10 °C) according to Köppen–Geiger classification. The neighbourhood,

namely Milan Barrier (45°05'N 7°42'E), is located near the Po River and some main green infrastructures. The plot is approximately 22.000 m², and it is characterized by a large presence of public housing facilities (Fig. 1). More precisely, the area consists in two 3-4 storeys building block courtyards, built in the 1920s and 1940s. The residential complex is owned by ATC (Housing Territorial Agency in Piedmont Region). Both courtyards were renovated from a technological and functional point of view in 2012, upgrading façades, adding external lifts and new balconies, and renewing of water systems. About 200 people currently live in the two courtyards, with about 30% of the population over 60 years old. The choice of the plot is due to the heterogeneous presence of natural and artificial elements allowing to evaluate how the distribution of pollutants propagates in the urban fabric. In particular, the closed-courtyard morphological type, recurrent in the Turin historical fabric, was chosen to assess possible differences between the façades facing the street (therefore more exposed to car emissions) and those facing the internal green area. The whole area borders an old railway path in the North, which is about to be part of the new metro line infrastructure and with a great environmental potential (see section 3.2). All the monitoring stations were placed on balconies at a similar height above the ground (about 6 m), in order to not to have different possible pollution patterns due to height.

Figure 1:
Aerial view of the case study.

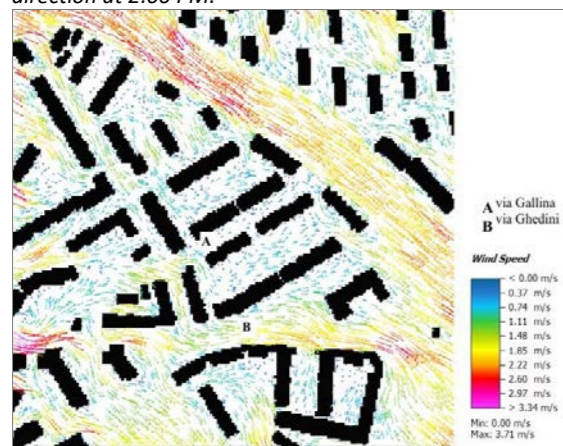


3.2 CFD simulation

Prior to the installation of the sensors, an outdoor CFD analysis was carried out on the area (Fig. 2). Considering that the propagation of pollutants is strictly linked to ventilation, it was necessary to understand how this could affect the results. The analysis of the area was made using ENVI-met, one of the most used tools in academic and professional fields. It is a prognostic non-hydrostatic CFD model used to assess complex interactions between built and natural environment

[14]. Once modelled the plot and set built environment features (e.g. material albedo, greenery typology, soil humidity, etc.), it is necessary to set meteorological boundary conditions on weather (e.g., temperature, humidity, wind, solar radiation, etc.). The simulation provides results on many outdoor parameters (e.g., PAT – Potential Air Temperature, SF – Surface Temperature, WS – Wind Speed, etc.) and thermo-hygrometric comfort indices (such as PET – Physiological Equivalent Temperature). The case study analysis identified how the linear area to the north-east of the plot (the former railway yard) drastically favours ventilation. The simulation was carried out injecting initial wind speed and direction provided by ARPA in 2020 hottest summer day (1.70km/h, NW). Although simulation results are representative for a specific microclimatic condition, these wind speed and direction are quite typical values in Turin. Two main exposures in the positioning of the sensors facing the street were defined to investigate how PM propagation is affected by wind: one towards a more open road (via Ghedini) and one towards a more closed one (via Gallina). The other 2 sensors were positioned facing towards the court, where less wind was expected according to the simulation output.

Figure 2: CFD analysis in the plot by ENVI-met. Wind speed and direction at 2:00 PM.



3.3 Monitoring board station

Specifically, the monitoring results report the values acquired by PM 10 and 2.5 sensors (Fig. 3), temperature, humidity, and pressure. More precisely, the following hardware components for the board station are used.

Monitoring board: The Raspberry Pi 0 Wireless was chosen as the single-board computer. The operating system chosen for this project is Arch Linux for ARM, which ensures that just the essential OS components are running and that no resources

are wasted. All sensors are questioned using Python scripts that are run as System Units.

PM sensor: Honeywell HPM115S0-XXX. Detecting PM2.5 and PM10 particle concentrations in the air. Its output values range from 0 to 1000 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$, with a 15% accuracy, which corresponds to a price of around \$25 to \$30 USD. The Light Scattering technique is used in this gadget. In simple terms, a rotating fan flows air into a chamber, which is subsequently hit by a laser beam, and a proprietary algorithm inside the device estimates particle concentration using a photodiode. The sensor communicates with the board through UART (Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter) communication, with the sensor writing a new datum every second.

Temperature and Humidity: the DHT22 is a low-cost digital temperature and relative humidity sensor that is both cheap and accurate. Its humidity readings range from 0% to 100% with a 2 percent to 5% accuracy; temperature readings range from 40 to 80 degrees Celsius with a 0.5-degree Celsius precision, and the sample rate is roughly 0.5 Hz. Dedicated APIs are used to interact with the sensor. **Pressure:** Bosch's BME280 is a precise barometer pressure and temperature sensor. Barometric pressure sensing range: 300-1100 hPa; resolution: 0.03 hPa/0.25 m; operational range: 40-85°C, with 2°C temperature precision; values are conveniently retrieved via I2C interface utilizing specific APIs.

Time: a clock for Unix time is used to temporal data synchronisation.

Although the experimental data collected by the board stations do not have normative value because measured with instruments that have not been officially calibrated, they do allow qualitative considerations to be made regarding the system's potential.

Figure 3: Monitoring board station designed by DAUIN, Polytechnic of Turin.



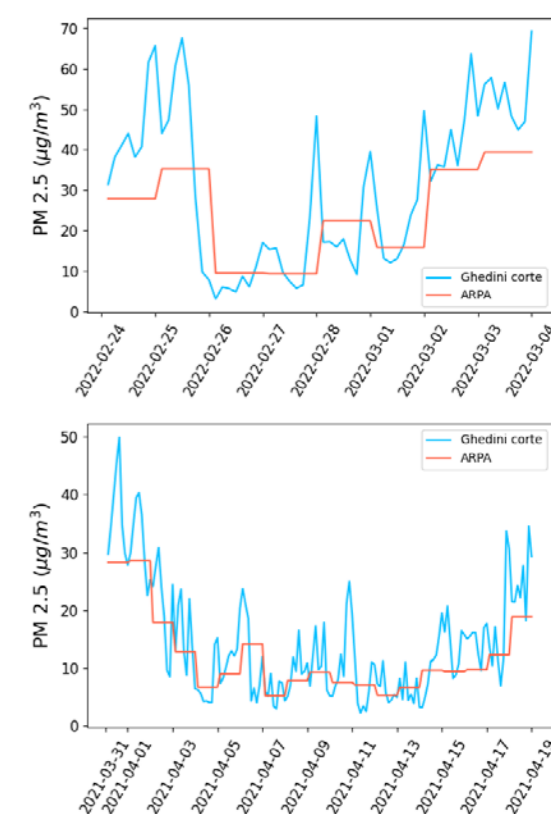
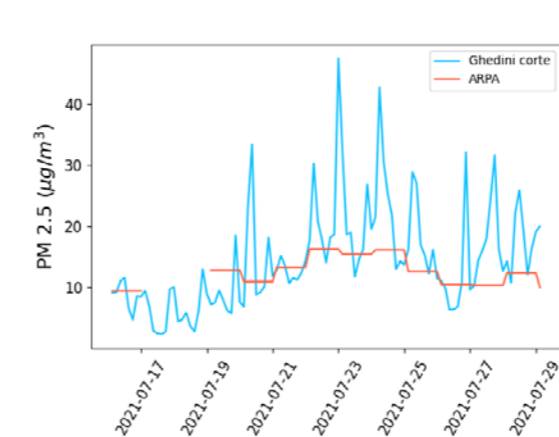
4. RESULTS

The results obtained from the experimentation have a twofold purpose. First, to evaluate the benefits offered by widespread low-cost monitoring system compared with the current official monitoring system provided by ARPA; second, to investigate the effect of the urban fabric and traffic on their propagation. The time frequency of monitoring made it possible to build up a significant dataset for analysis. Over the three monitoring campaigns, approximately 30,000 data were collected on PM levels and approximately 14,000 on temperature and humidity. The collected data were reprocessed, outliers removed, and the data grouped according to different time frames.

A first significant insight can be drawn from the granularity of the data. While ARPA only reports a daily average, the low-cost stations can map the hourly and daily trends highlighting any critical periods. The graphs below (Fig. 4) show PM2.5 values from the same sensor in the three different monitoring campaigns compared with the official data provided by ARPA. Although the trends and daily average values of the low-cost stations are similar to the official one, it is evident that the daily PM trend can show significant differences. Especially in the winter period, where the PM presence is higher, deviations of 25-30 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ can occur on the same day.

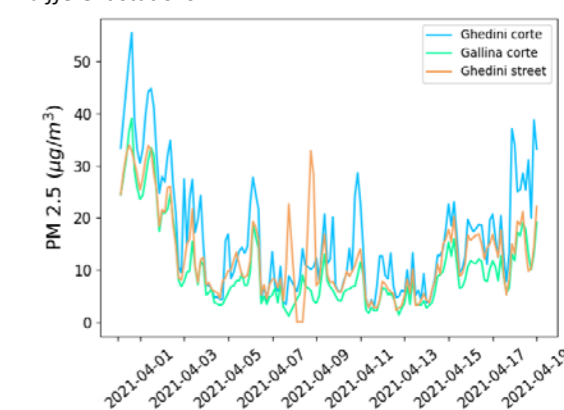
In the first two campaigns, carried out in spring and summer seasons, there is a more significant difference between the monitored data and the official data. This, confirmed by other ongoing research, seems to indicate that the accuracy of the low-cost sensors used is directly proportional to the PM values. The higher the PM value, the greater the margin of accuracy of the data.

Figure 4: PM2.5 trends in the three monitoring campaigns (a. April; b. July; c. February). In red, the official data provided by ARPA



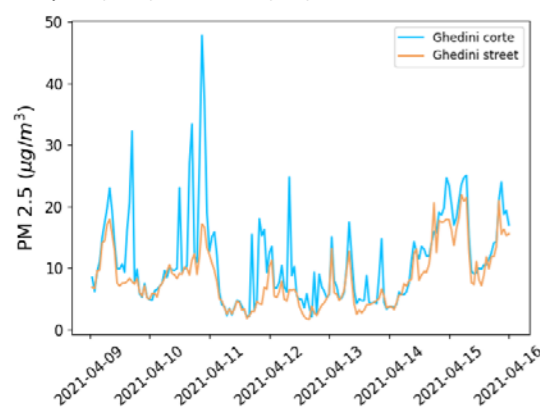
To answer the second research question, two main analyses were carried out. The first one compares the four points monitored during the same period. The second one compares a sensor facing the road and one facing the street (therefore more subject to the presence of traffic and wind). Fig. 5 shows the PM2.5 trend during the first monitoring campaign, considered by authors the most significant for the comparison. The average variation between different points is around 6 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$, a relatively low value considering the total. For all three campaigns monitored, no significant differences between four station sensors emerged.

Figure 5: PM2.5 trends in the same campaign monitoring by different stations.



A more in-depth analysis on the differences between the sensors placed in the inner courtyard (namely "corte" in the figures) and on the balcony facing the road were presented (Fig. 6). By analysing a shorter period, it is possible to highlight the daily trend of PM2.5 values without any significant variation. The action of wind and the presence of cars for the specific context considered cannot be assessed. Nevertheless, the simulated wind speed (Fig. 2) showed homogeneous values in the streets as well in the courtyards of the experimental field, thus confirming possible similar PM values.

Figure 6:
PM2.5 values comparison between sensor facing courtyard (blue) and street (red)



5. DISCUSSION

The values obtained depict a worrying picture of air quality in the city of Turin. The average values of the campaigns carried out, in line with official data, show values above the limits set at European level. The technologies proposed and the results obtained, although still at an experimental stage, may open new scenarios for monitoring environmental parameters that affect the healthiness of neighbourhoods. The acquisitions confirm that the winter season is more subject to the pressure of pollutants in the context analysed.

It must be stated that the values obtained from the monitoring campaigns are to be considered in a qualitative way as they are monitored with sensors that are not officially calibrated and are specific to particular times of the year. However, the calibration of the data carried out by the research group allows us to report greater reliability of the data collected in the winter period, where PM levels are higher. Among the limitations of the research carried out, the case study analysed did not prove particularly efficient in validating the comparison between urban fabric and the proximity to streets. The low traffic volume in the area does not allow for further analysis. The same approach used in denser and busier city areas could bring quite

different results. Finally, the question of scale is a central issue. Although air quality is a complex issue influenced by global and regional factors, local monitoring can be crucial in understanding the impact of anthropogenic actions and influencing the citizen behaviour.

6. CONCLUSIONS

The ongoing pandemic and climate emergency require to drastically renew the urban environment by promoting the Healthy City, thus fostering the role of cities as major implementer of the Sustainable Development Goals and challenging the way cities are currently built [15]. Among the few positive effects of the pandemic, the reduction of car traffic resulted in the increase of the air quality and perceived road safety, thus improving the quality of life [16]. Besides, many positive externalities could be generated by the air quality improvement and pro-environmental citizen behaviours, although challenging to assess (such as economic benefits by reducing the costs of the national health service expenditure). Greater knowledge about the interlinkages between phenomena of a different nature occurring in cities is evolving fast thanks to technologies [17]. In this context, ICT and IoT become enablers of the ecological transition. Data-driven approaches are entering increasingly the management and planning of the territories, by providing deeper understanding on parameters determining health and supporting evidence-based planning. As planners, we are now called upon to rethink an urban environment that, as history has been teaching, necessarily evolves after each pandemic. In the Healthy City perspective, a widespread IoT network for real-time measurements, supported by advanced environmental simulations, become essential tools for promoting data-driven design.

In this perspective, urban neighbourhood scale represents the ideal dimension at which to intervene, as the patterns of land-use, building type, technologies and behaviour affecting environmental quality may vary significantly throughout the city. As such, the implementation of an auxiliary monitoring network to the official one may offers greater awareness on site-specific issues closely related to health. Nowadays, the technological maturity of low-cost sensors systems makes it possible to think of a real widespread application in the urban context. Advances in the field of sensors, ICT, and algorithms for data processing open up an extremely interesting scenarios. At the same time, some critical issues are still present. If, on the one hand, the overabundant production of data can represent a problem both in the management of the information flow and from

an environmental point of view, on the other hand, management aspects with respect to data ownership and privacy issues still need to be regulated. Given data's primary role, future research will still have to focus on creating new public-private relationships in which the production of such data is regulated and valuable.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This paper presents the results from the research developed by the Unit of Polytechnic of Turin as part of the National Research Project PRIN TECH-START. The authors would like to thank "LiberiTutti" Cooperative and Agenzia Territoriale per la Casa del Piemonte Centrale for providing part of their apartments for the monitoring campaign.

Author contributions: conceptualization, R.P. (Riccardo Pollo), B.M. (Bartolomeo Montrucchio); coordination: R.P.; data collection and analysis: Matteo Giovanardi (M.G.), Matteo Trane (M.T.), Edoardo Giusto (E.G.), Gustavo Ramirez Espinosa (G.R.), Pietro Chiavassa (P.C.); writing – draft: M.G., M.T., E.G., G.R., P.C.; writing – review and editing: R.P., B.M. All authors have read and agreed to the published version of the manuscript.

REFERENCES

1. WHO - World Health Organization (2021). World health statistics 2021: monitoring Health for the SDGs. [Online] Available: <https://www.who.int/data/gho/publications/world-health-statistics> [16 November 2021].
2. EEA - European Environment Agency (2020). Air quality in Europe – 2020 report. [Online] Available: <https://www.eea.europa.eu/publications/air-quality-in-europe-2020-report> [10 December 2021].
3. Wu, X., Rachel N.C., Benjamin, M.S., Braun, D. and Dominici, F. (2020). Exposure to air pollution and COVID-19 mortality in the United States: A nationwide cross-sectional study. *Science Advances*, 6(45): p. 1-6.
4. Pollo, R., Biolchini, E., Squillacioti, G. and Bono, R. (2020). Designing the healthy city: an interdisciplinary approach. *Sustainable Mediterranean Construction*, 11: p. 150-155.
5. Montrucchio, B., Giusto, E., Ghazi Vakili, M., Quer, S., Ferrero, R. and Fornaro, C. (2020). A Densely-Deployed, High Sampling Rate, Open-Source Air Pollution Monitoring WSN. *IEEE transactions on vehicular technology*, 69(12): p. 15786-15799.
6. Atzori, L., Campolo, C., Da, B., Girau, R., Iera, A. et al. (2019). Smart devices in the social loops: Criteria and algorithms for the creation of the social links. *Future Generation Computer Systems*, 97: p. 327-339.
7. Mora, S., Anjomshoaa, A., Benson, T., Duarte, F. and Ratti, C. (2019). Towards large-scale drive-by sensing with

multi-purpose City Scanner nodes. *IEEE 5th World Forum on Internet of Things*: p. 743-748.

8. Kane, F., Abbate, J., Landahl, E.C., Potosnak, M.J. (2022). Monitoring Particulate Matter with Wearable Sensors and the Influence on Student Environmental Attitudes. *Sensors*, 22(3): 1295.

9. Wesseling, J., Hendricx, W., de Ruiter, H., van Ratingen, S., Drukker, D. et al. (2021) Assessment of PM2.5 Exposure during Cycle Trips in The Netherlands using Low-Cost Sensors. *International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health*, 18(11): 6007.

10. Giovanardi, M., Giusto, E., and Pollo, R. (2021). Digital infrastructures in façade components for building management. Perriccioli, M. et al. (eds.), *Design in the digital age. Technology, Nature, Culture*, Sant'Arcangelo di Romagna:Maggioli, p. 243-248.

11. Viglioglia, M. Giovanardi, M., Pollo, R. and Peruccio, P.P. (2021). Smart District and Circular Economy: The Role of ICT Solutions in Promoting Circular Cities. *Sustainability*, 13(21): 11732.

12. Pollo, R., Trane, M. and Giovanardi, M. (2021). Urban metabolism, interdisciplinary models, and design at micro-urban scale. *TECHNE – Journal of Technology for Architecture and Environment*, 21: p. 154-164.

13. Kellett, R., Christen, A., Coops, N.C., Van der Laan, N., Crawford, B., Rory Tooke, T. and Olchovski, I. (2018). A system approach to carbon cycling and emissions modelling at an urban neighborhood scale. *Landscape and Urban planning*, 110: p. 48-58.

14. Rui, L., Buccolieri, R., Gao, Z., Gatto, E. and Ding, W. (2019). Study of the effect of green quantity and structure on thermal comfort and air quality in an urban-like residential district by ENVI-met modelling. *Building Simulation*, 12: p. 183-94.

15. Krellenberg, K. and Koch, F. (2021). Conceptualizing interactions between SDGs and Urban Sustainability Transformations in Covid-19 times. *Politics and Governance*, 9(1): p. 200-210.

16. Honey-Rosés, J., Anguelovski, I., Chireh, V., Daher, C., Konijnendijk van den Bosch, C. et al. (2020). The impact of Covid-19 on public space: An early review of the emerging questions: Design, perceptions and inequities. *Cities & Health*, 5: p. 263-279.

17. Ramirez-Rubio, O., Daher, C. Fanjul, G., Gascon, M., Mueller, N. et al. (2019). Urban health: an example of a "health in all policies" approach in the context of SDGs implementation. *Global Health*, 15: 87.



November 22 - 25, 2022

WILL CITIES SURVIVE?

The future of sustainable buildings and urbanism in the age of emergency.