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RECODE

Catalytic vs electrocatalytic reduction of CO₂ to added-value products



POLITECNICO DI TORINO

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Overview



Methods and Materials

A **commercial** material composed of CuO, ZnO, Al_2O_3 and a small amount of magnesium oxide (CZA CC) was studied as catalyst in Thermocatalytic and Electrocatalytic tests (See Fig, 1 and 2)



The industrialization has not only brought technology and convenience to human life but also the increase in the concentration of CO_2 in the atmosphere over 400 ppm causing the raising of global temperature [1].

Nowadays, exploiting CO_2 as a raw material to synthesize high added-value products via electrochemical reduction reaction is a sustainable interesting process to capture and store energy renewable and CO_2 in the form of chemicals or fuels [2]. In such context, we are exploiting the basic knowledge of thermochemical catalysis to understand the synergies between these two processes and make faster progress in the development of an optimal electrocatalyst [3].

Investigation Highlights

Fig. 3 TEM images: CZA morphology

100% \blacksquare Others (no •CZA CC can produce $\ge C_2$



Possibly amorphous Al₂O₃

Table 1 Physicochemical properties

Catalyst	Mass percentage, wt%	BET surface area, m ² g ⁻¹	Total pore Volume, cm ³ g ⁻¹	Mesopore volume, cm ³ g ⁻¹
CZA CC	CuO 63,5 % ZnO 25 % Al ₂ O ₃ 10 % MgO 1,5 %	92	0,182	0,164



morphologies: **1. Spherical** (5-10 nm diameter) **2. Elliptical** (10-15nm major axis)

There are **two distinct**

 \rightarrow ZnO, CuO, Al₂O₃



Fig. 4 CO₂ relative selectivity for different products in Thermocatalytic and Electrocatalytic process.

products at ambient T, via CO_2 electroreduction.

•CZA can also produce methanol at higher T and P, via CO_2 hydrogenation.

The selectivity ratio of oxygenates/CO is about 8
times higher in the Electrocatalytic test than in the Thermocatalytic one.



Ongoing Work

We are developing a benchmarking protocol to study the activity, stability and Faradaic efficiency of synthesized materials with the same components. The activity of these material will be tested in a home-made prototype of electrochemical reactor created by using 3D printing process and technology.

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