## POLITECNICO DI TORINO Repository ISTITUZIONALE

An Integrated Microscopy And Spectroscopy Approach For The Characterization Of Air Particulate Matter

Original

An Integrated Microscopy And Spectroscopy Approach For The Characterization Of Air Particulate Matter / Giardino, Matteo; Tiano, Andrea; Baietto, Oliviero; Janner, DAVIDE LUCA; Bellopede, Rossana. - ELETTRONICO. - (2022). (Intervento presentato al convegno EGU GeneralAssembly 2022 tenutosi a Vienna nel Maggio 2022) [10.5194/egusphere-egu22-8390].

Availability: This version is available at: 11583/2960303 since: 2022-04-01T07:17:31Z

Publisher: EGU

Published DOI:10.5194/egusphere-egu22-8390

Terms of use:

This article is made available under terms and conditions as specified in the corresponding bibliographic description in the repository

Publisher copyright

(Article begins on next page)



EGU22-8390 https://doi.org/10.5194/egusphere-egu22-8390 EGU General Assembly 2022 © Author(s) 2022. This work is distributed under the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 License.



## An Integrated Microscopy And Spectroscopy Approach For The Characterization Of Air Particulate Matter

**Matteo Giardino**<sup>1,3</sup>, Andrea Tiano<sup>2</sup>, Oliviero Baietto<sup>2</sup>, Davide Janner<sup>1,3</sup>, and Rossana Bellopede<sup>2</sup> <sup>1</sup>Politecnico di Torino, DISAT, Torino, Italy (matteo.giardino@polito.it) <sup>2</sup>Politecnico di Torino, DIATI, Torino, Italy (rossana.bellopede@polito.it) <sup>3</sup>RU INSTM Politecnico di Torino, Torino, Italy (matteo.giardino@polito.it)

As the main responsible of pollution, particulate matter (PM) in big cities and industrial sites greatly affects the life quality of an ever-growing number of people all over the world. That situation drives the strong effort for continuous PM monitoring by governmental and environmental protection agencies. Despite great attention to such air quality control, the analysis of particulate is often limited to the study of size distribution and elemental composition giving only few information on the pollutant sources of origin (source apportionment). Information about such sources could assist in the development of strategies towards the reduction of pollutant emissions.

In this framework, we report a novel integrated approach for the qualitative and quantitative analysis of air particulate. The developed method leverages on the integration of different analytical techniques on PM samples such as Scanning Electron Microscopy (SEM), Raman Spectroscopy and Fourier Transform Infrared Spectroscopy (FTIR). The proposed protocol aims both at identifying the main constituents of air particulate identifying at the same time its sources (car wheel, combustion, asphalt, car brake, etc...).

The SEM analysis provides information on the size distribution and elemental composition of the particles, whereas the Raman and FTIR spectroscopy allow for the identification of the actual components. By comparing the results of the analysis with a database of spectra obtained from known samples, PM particles can be associated with a probable source.

Finally, a mapping strategy of air sampling filters for the rough quantification of each component of the particulate via Raman and FTIR spectroscopy will be presented.