



POLITECNICO DI TORINO
Repository ISTITUZIONALE

Towards a Culture of Care

Original

Towards a Culture of Care / Gill, K.; van Hellemond, I.; Larsen, J. K.; Keravel, S.; Notteboom, B.; Rinaldi, B. M.. - In: JOURNAL OF LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE. - ISSN 1862-6033. - STAMPA. - 15:2(2020), pp. 4-5.

Availability:

This version is available at: 11583/2871491 since: 2021-02-16T11:37:29Z

Publisher:

Routledge

Published

DOI:10.1080/18626033.2020.1852684

Terms of use:

openAccess

This article is made available under terms and conditions as specified in the corresponding bibliographic description in the repository

Publisher copyright

(Article begins on next page)

2-2020

JoLA

JOURNAL
of LANDSCAPE
ARCHITECTURE

cultural heritage | site thinking | animated visualizations



ECLAS

Wilhelminaweg 12
6703 CD Wageningen
The Netherlands
www.eclas.org

EDITORS

ARTICLES

Imke van Hellemond
VU University Amsterdam, The Netherlands

Janike Kampevold Larsen
Oslo School of Architecture and Design, Norway

Anaïs Leger-Smith
Toulouse School of Architecture, France

Bruno Notteboom
KU Leuven, Belgium

UNDER THE SKY

Sonia Keravel
Ecole Nationale Supérieure de Paysage de Versailles

THINKING EYE

Kamni Gill
University of Manitoba, Canada

REVIEWS

Bianca Maria Rinaldi
Politecnico di Torino, Italy

EDITORIAL ADVISORY BOARD

Thorbjörn Andersson Sweden
Anita Berrizbeitia USA
Bernadette Blanchon France
Jackie Bowring New Zealand
Catherine Dee United Kingdom
Maria Goula USA
Karsten Jørgensen Norway
Gini Lee Australia
Martin Prominski Germany
Kelly Shannon Belgium
Simon Swaffield New Zealand
Marc Treib USA
Udo Weilacher Germany

EDITORIAL ASSISTANT

Barbara Birli

DESIGN & PRODUCTION

Oliver Kleinschmidt
www.buero-kleinschmidt.de

COPYEDITING

D'Laine Camp

PROOFREADING

Michael Wachholz

COVER MOTIVE

from Residue Amsterdam by Arja Hop and Peter Svenson



JoLA was founded with support from the European Community in the framework of the Socrates Programme in the context of the LE:NOTRE Thematic Network Project in Landscape Architecture.



2-2020

JoLA

JOURNAL
of LANDSCAPE
ARCHITECTURE

4 Editorial

Towards a Culture of Care

6 Xiaoxuan Lu

Terra infirma:

The evolution of ground culture in Hong Kong

24 Anita Bakshi and Frank Gallagher

Design with Fourth Nature

36 Nina Svenson

Residues—Arja Hop and Peter Svenson

44 Chuo Li and Hong Chen

Culture and nature in conserving the
indigenous water system in rural China:
A case study of the ancient village of Hongcun

56 Lisa Diedrich, Marina Cervera

Barcelona's Tres Turons:
Three hills and three cruelties

74 Nina de Munnik and Sanda Lenzholzer

Revealing urban climate
through animated visualizations

BOOK REVIEWS

Reciprocal Landscapes:
Stories of Material Movements

Review by Charlotte Leib

86

Ecologies of Prosperity
for the Living City

Review by Kelly Shannon

88

AIRE: The River and Its Double/
La rivière et son double/
Der Fluss und sein Doppelgänger

Doing Almost Nothing:
The Landscapes of Georges Descombes

Review by Annemarie Bucher

90

EXHIBITION REVIEW

AMO/Rem Koolhaas/Samir Bantal
Countryside: The Future

Review by Anya Domlesky

93

Subscription information

98

THINKING EYE

UNDER THE SKY

Towards a Culture of Care

Kamni Gill, Imke van Hellemond, Janike Kampeveld Larsen, Sonia Keravel,
Bruno Notteboom, Bianca Maria Rinaldi

In the last few years a range of global movements have heightened awareness of societal injustices arising from deep-seated inequities in income (Occupy Wall Street), in gender (MeToo) and, most recently, in race (Black Lives Matter). Each movement showed how public spaces are the loci for protests; for the exercise of political will and cultural change. Black Lives Matter in particular has intensified scrutiny of who should be memorialized in public squares, streets and spaces and how. The movement has been characterized by the toppling of statues—of Confederate generals and Civil War figures in the United States, and former slave owners in the United Kingdom and of an imperialist monarch, Leopold II, in Belgium because of their associations with the colonial conquest of people and regimes of human oppression. Black Lives Matter coalesces questions about race, gender and class in a democracy. How should we interpret the complex motives of different groups in different regions? What stories are told in the public spaces of a city and what legacies persist in its institutions? Art historians, urban sociologists and politicians across many geographies and many years have all grappled with who is memorialized and what events are documented in public spaces, as have scholars and designers in landscape who research, interpret, analyse and create public spaces or develop processes for determining the design of civic spaces.

We can examine a range of approaches to the presence of memorials that celebrate figures who were instrumental in human oppression. Removing the statues alone offers a form of redress, an acknowledgement of the problematic nature of our own histories and how they are retold. At the same time, a statue is a kind of spatial one-liner: it presents one narrative, a single point of view about who was important and why this particular narrative nevertheless persists over time, even as an understanding of that history becomes more precise and nuanced. Historian David Olusoga in a recent BBC interview argued following the removal of the statue of Edward Colston in Bristol: 'We don't learn history from public spaces. Statues aren't the mechanism by which we understand

history. We learn history through museums, through books, through television programmes. Statues are about adoration, about saying that this man was a great man and he did great things. That is not true; he was a slave trader and a murderer.'¹ Another historian, Kirk Savage, further argues that the immutable, authoritative character of such statues is antithetical to democracies whose citizens govern themselves. Discussions about the existence and the content of public statues and monuments are not new. Savage quotes American President John Adams (1767-1848), who encapsulated contemporary discussions about memorials in the then new republic with a terse 'Democracy has no monuments'.² For Adams, the celebration of a particular individual in a public space for all citizens was antithetical to the very premise of democracy.

There is further debate about whether the removal of a statue is also an erasure of history: that it also removes a bitter, tangible testimony to injustice. An alternative approach is to retain such monuments, but to add a kind of spatial annotation that provides an alternative view of historical figures. In Belgium, some protestors in June 2020 did not remove the statue of Leopold II, but painted it red, as an evocation of his brutal reign in the Congo. This preliminary move by protestors initiated a broader examination by government officials of which statues should remain in public spaces and what kind of memorials reflect contemporary Belgian society. In Paraguay in 1994, artist Carlos Colombino was asked to reimagine a statue of former dictator General Alfredo Stroessner, who ruled the country from 1954 to 1989. Instead of simply destroying the monument, Colombino shattered it and then sandwiched its fragments between two huge blocks of concrete. In Germany, the recollection of the Holocaust was not only done by removing Nazi iconography, but also through an extensive memorial landscape. Its numerous memorials and sites of documentation recall the loss of Jewish lives and reflects a collective determination to express the values the reunited republic is committed to upholding in its urban public spaces, by actively contextualizing his-

tory. Whether initiated by protestors, or part of a process of expressing ideological changes by elected officials, what remains and what is removed in public spaces is not always an instantaneous reaction. The negotiation of what should be memorialized and how is complex and contested.

Another way to balance questions of social justice with the quality of public space gives agency to those outside of established norms by acknowledging their right to the streets and public spaces of the city, and enabling inhabitation. The creation of the first public parks for health rather than for the celebration of a particular elite are emblematic of such thinking, as are the many grass-roots, community-defined initiatives. A design process of co-production gives value to the everyday occupation of urban spaces by a diversity of people. These strategies manifest the place that the ordinary and everyday person has always occupied in urban space: a vernacular expression of what it means to inhabit a city. Other approaches to urban spaces recognize the heroic or significant qualities of those traditionally marginalized. Efforts by North American and Antipodean cities to more actively acknowledge the Indigenous cultures by reconfiguring settler iconographies to celebrate Indigenous traditions or by renaming places to reflect Indigenous languages also begin to overturn historical, colonial narratives of civilizing the wilderness and those who lived in it. The recent move to change the name of a street in Berlin from Mohrenstraße to instead acknowledge the country's first black philosopher, Anton Wilhelm Amo, equally demonstrates a wider validation of a once marginalized group, not simply by encouraging everyday inhabitation, but by giving the philosopher a permanent place on a street of the city; a significant marker.

Memorials, monuments and landmarks are often emblematic of what Savage calls a 'quest for immutable national essence'. He advocates instead for dynamic monuments that have the potential to capture a particular moment and a particular time expressed by a particular person. The Fourth Plinth in London's Trafalgar's Square is one example Savage references. It is a traditional plinth that has remained empty for over a century and has been occupied by a range of artists in the past thirty years. Antony Gormley in his 2009 installation encouraged ordinary members of the public to take a stand on the plinth, their diversity, vulnerability and particularity contrasting with the other military, laudatory statues in the square. Other artists have also used the plinth as a counter to the traditional memorial landscape of Trafalgar Square, questioning through their work the lack of women or children or of populist heroes such as footballers. Temporary memorials, ephemeral installations and reinterpretations of existing monuments become a way of instigating an open conversation, a plurality of views.

The undertow of the Black Lives Matter protests and calls is not, however, simply about reworking the monumental landscape of cities—though this itself constitutes a significant and complex aesthetic and cultural challenge. Societal inequities that can be historically traced to colonial expansion and slavery are remarkably persistent in contemporary urban institutions: in the police, in the provision of health care, in the availability of affordable housing or transportation or schools, in the safety of public spaces, in the resources available to people living in particular neighbourhoods. And this requires a more radical reshaping of urban policy and design decisions, adapted to different histories, narratives, places and persons. Perhaps what is needed is not the apparent expansiveness of a democracy without monuments, but rather the cultivation of a culture of care. We could make a stronger commitment to each other by more actively recognizing sociopolitical inequities and addressing them through institutional reform that transforms the working of our cities to better allow for equity in shaping public spaces and in sharing municipal resources.

We could promote a more radical re-humanization of urban policy, one that makes particularities of race but also of gender and of income central to place-making. The power of place, Dolores Hayden, professor emerita of architecture, urbanism, and American studies at Yale, notes, 'is the power of ordinary urban landscapes to nurture the public, to encompass shared time in a shared territory.'³ It is worth constantly examining what beliefs, values, people and narratives are cultivated in the spaces we make and through the policies we develop, so we can co-create the world we actually want to live in: a just world that allows for the sensitive interpretation of history and acknowledges our responsibility to accurately recount multiple stories in our public spaces.

1 BBC News, 6 June 2020, interview with David Olusoga.

2 Kirk Savage, *Monument Wars: Washington, D.C., the National Mall, and the Transformation of the Memorial Landscape* (Berkeley: University of California Press, 2009).

3 Dolores Hayden, *The Power of Place: Urban Landscapes as Public History* (Cambridge, MA: MIT Press, 1995).

Subscription information

Journal of Landscape Architecture is a peer-reviewed journal, published three times a year (in February, June, and October) by Routledge Journals, an imprint of Taylor & Francis, at Informa Business, 4 Park Square, Milton Park, Abingdon, Oxfordshire OX14 4RN, UK.

Annual Subscription

Institution: £284 / €373 / \$466
Online only: £242 / €317 / \$396
(plus tax where applicable)
Personal: £83 / €110 / \$137

An institutional subscription to the print edition, ISSN 1862-6033, includes free access for any number of concurrent users across a local area network to the online edition, ISSN 2164-604X.

Subscriptions purchased at the personal rate are strictly for personal, non-commercial use only. The reselling of personal subscriptions is prohibited. Personal subscriptions must be purchased with a personal cheque or credit card. Proof of personal status may be requested.

Dollar rates apply to all subscribers outside Europe. Euro rates apply to all subscribers in Europe, except the UK and the Republic of Ireland where the pound sterling price applies. All subscriptions are payable in advance and all rates include postage. Journals are sent by air to the USA, Canada, Mexico, India, Japan and Australasia. Subscriptions are entered on an annual basis, i.e. January to December. Payment may be made by Sterling cheque, Dollar cheque, Euro cheque, international money order, National Giro or credit cards (Amex, Visa and Mastercard).

For a complete and up-to-date guide to Taylor & Francis' journals and books publishing programmes, and details of advertising in our journals, visit our website www.tandfonline.com.

Ordering information:

USA/Canada: Routledge Journals, Taylor & Francis Inc., Journals Department, 325 Chestnut Street, 8th Floor, Philadelphia, PA 19106, USA. UK/Europe/Rest of World: Routledge Journals, Taylor & Francis Customer Services, Informa UK Ltd, Sheepen Place, Colchester, Essex CO3 3LP, UK.
Tel: +44 (0) 20 7017 5544
Fax: +44 (0) 20 7017 5198

Advertising enquiries to:

USA/Canada: The Advertising Manager, PCG,
875 Massachusetts Avenue, Suite 81,
Cambridge, MA 02139, USA
Tel: +1 617 497 6514
Fax: +1 617 354 6875

EU/RoW: The Advertising Manager, Taylor & Francis,
4 Park Square, Milton Park, Abingdon, Oxfordshire
OX14 4RN, UK
Tel: +44 (0) 20 7017 6000
Fax: +44 (0) 20 7017 6336

US Postmaster: Please send address changes to Air
Business Ltd. c/o Worldnet Shipping Inc., 156-15,
146th Avenue, 2nd Floor, Jamaica, NY 11434, USA.

Copyright © 2020 European Council of Landscape
Architecture Schools. All rights reserved. No part of
this publication may be reproduced, stored, transmit-
ted, or disseminated, in any form, or by any means,
without prior written permission from Taylor &
Francis, to whom all requests to reproduce copyright
material should be directed, in writing.

Taylor & Francis makes every effort to ensure the
accuracy of all the information (the 'Content') con-
tained in its publications. However, Taylor & Francis
and its agents and licensors make no representations
or warranties whatsoever as to the accuracy, com-
pleteness or suitability for any purpose of the Content
and disclaim all such representations and warranties
whether express or implied to the maximum extent
permitted by law. Any views expressed in this publi-
cation are the views of the authors and are not the
views of Taylor & Francis.

Taylor & Francis grants authorization for individuals
to photocopy copyright material for private research
use, on the sole basis that requests for such use are
referred directly to the requestor's local Reproduc-
tion Rights Organization (RRO). The copyright fee is
\$42/€ 35/£35.60 exclusive of any charge or fee levied.
In order to contact your local RRO, please contact
International Federation of Reproduction Rights
Organizations (IFRRO), rue du Prince Royal, 87,
B-1050 Brussels, Belgium; e-mail: IPPRO@skynet.be;
Copyright Clearance Center Inc., 222 Rosewood Drive,
Danvers, MA 01923, USA; e-mail: info@copyright.
com; Copyright Licensing Agency, 90 Tottenham
Court Road, London W1P 0LP, UK; e-mail: cla@cla.
co.uk. This authorization does not extend to any
other kind of copying, by any means, in any form,
and for any purpose other than private research use.

COMPLIMENTARY COPIES

Complimentary copies: Corresponding authors will receive
free online access to their article through our website,
Taylor & Francis Online, and a complimentary copy of
the issue containing their article.

PERMISSIONS

Contributors are required to secure permission for the repro-
duction of any text, illustration, table, or other material,
including data, audio, video, film stills, and screenshots,
and any supplementary material you propose to submit from
a source that is copyrighted or owned by a party other than
Taylor & Francis or the contributor. This applies to direct
reproduction as well as 'derivative reproduction', where the
contributor has created a new figure or table that derives sub-
stantially from a copyrighted source. The reproduction of short
extracts of text, excluding poetry and song lyrics, for the pur-
poses of criticism may be possible without formal permission
on the basis that the quotation is reproduced accurately and
full attribution is given. Authors are themselves responsible for
the payment of any permission fees required by the copyright
owner. Copies of permission letters should be sent with the
manuscript upon submission to the Editors.

For further information and FAQs, please see
<http://journalauthors.tandf.co.uk/preparation/permission.asp>

BUSINESS CORRESPONDENCE

Business correspondence, including orders and remittances
relating to subscriptions, back numbers, and sample copies
should be addressed to:

Routledge Journals
Taylor & Francis Customer Services
Informa UK Ltd.
Sheepen Place
Colchester, Essex CO3 3LP, UK.
Tel: +44 (0)20 7017 5544
Fax: +44 (0)20 7017 5198