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Matteo Cavagliá, Nicole De Togni, Giampiero Mele (coordinator), Daniela Oreni, Barbara Ester Adele Piga, Matteo Giuseppe Romanato

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#091(E)	Biomimetical Approach in Training Students of Technical Institutes in Graphic Disciplines with	369
	Aim of Developing Creativity and Formation of Professional Culture of the Engineer	
	Galina GAVRILENKO, Uliana DANILOVA - [Russia]	
#092 (E)	Non Conventional Representation, Depicting the Intangible	371
	Barbara E. A. PIGA, Rossella SALERNO - [Italy]	
#111 (E)	Shell Tessellation - Research-Based Design Strategies Between Architecture and Mathematics	373
	Marco HEMMERLING - [Germany], Carlo DE FALCO, Elena ANGELI - [Italy]	
#117 (E)	Teaching Geometry and Surfaces Evaluation Through Graphic Representation	375
	and Dynamic Paper Models	
	Caterina CUMINO, Martino PAVIGNANO, Maria L. SPREAFICO, Ursula ZICH - [Italy]	
"440 (E)		777
#119 (E)	Practice in "Descriptive Geometry and Mechanical Drawing" Mobile Internet Classroom	377
	Chunliu MO - [China]	
#474 (5)	Out on the Burlow of a Film and the mile Madel Coults Occurred the Occurred	770
#131(E)	Systematic Review of a Flipped Learning Model for the Courses of Descriptive Geometry,	378
	Engineering and Computer Graphics Marianna Vladimirovna VORONINA, Sergei Anatolyevich IGNATIEV, Viktoriya Anatolyevna MERKULOVA - [Russia]	
	Maharina viadimilovna voronina, Sergerahatoiyevici honariev, virtonya ahatoiyevha Merkolova - [Russia]	
#130 (E)	Application and Design of Training System for Part Representation Base on Inventor	380
# 137 (L)	Chen XIA, Wang Dan HONG - [China]	300
	Chemina, wang barritono [china]	
#158 (E)	From the Plan to the 3D Model Through Folding: Case Studies in Fashion Design	381
	Alessandra AVELLA - [Italy]	
#163 (E)	A Revised Small Project-Based Learning Program on Geometry - Maximizing the Volume of Solid	382
	Ichiro TANAKA - [Japan]	
#168 (E)	The Effect of a Two-Dimensional Optical Illusion Pattern on the Three-Dimensional Interpretation	384
	of Objects Using Café Wall "Illusion Blocks"	
	Tomoko OHTANI, Daiki AMANAI, Kazushi MARUYA - [Japan]	
#181 (E)	Comparative Analysis of Teaching in Geometric Surfaces at Architectural Faculties	386
	in Niš and Tokyo	
	Sonja KRASIĆ - [Serbia], Naomi ANDO - [Japan], Petar PEJIĆ, Zlata TOŠIĆ - [Serbia]	
		700
#188 (E)	Mategraphics. Integrating Graphic, Geometrical and Algebraic Representations of Forms	388
	in Teaching and Research	
	Enrico CICALÒ, Andrea CAUSIN, Margherita SOLCI - [Italy]	
#404 (E)	Geometry for All. On the Social Value of the Penrocentation Matheda in Dietallayi	389
# 191 (E)	Geometry for All. On the Social Value of the Representation Methods in Diotallevi and Marescotti's Manual	309
	Giovanni CAFFIO - [Italy]	
#196 (E)	Character Making Education by Dream Process	390
	Ryuta MOTEGI, Yoshihisa KANEMATSU, Naoya TSURUTA, Koji MIKAMI, Kunio KONDO - [Japan]	
	[eapart]	
#205 (E)	A Course on Geometric Dimensioning and Tolerancing: Overview and Initial Assessment	392
	Theodore J. BRANOFF - [United States]	
#208 (E)	Sphaera, Orbis, Globus. Spheres Between Mathematics and Architecture	394
	Giorgio BOLONDI, Alessandro LUIGINI - [Italy]	
#209 (E)	Byrne's Euclidean Geometry Revisited with Geogebra	395
	Giorgio BOLONDI, Alessandro LUIGINI - [Italy]	
#212 (E)	Adjusting Simultaneousness for Self-Explanatory Delineation of Architecture in Public Situations	396
	Niels-Christian FRITSCHE - [Germany]	
#00F (T)	A Mode described and the following state of the control of the con	700
#225 (E)	A Multview Interactive Interface for the Solution of Descriptive Geometry Problems Fábio G. TEIXEIRA, Séroio I., DOS SANTOS, Fernando B. BRUNO - [Brazil]	398
	EQUILO TENETRA DELUIOTE DOS DANTOS ERITADOS DERONO - IDIAZIO	

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TEACHING GEOMETRY AND SURFACES EVALUATION THROUGH GRAPHIC REPRESENTATION AND DYNAMIC PAPER MODELS

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The use of physical models has always been an important point of touch between theories and practice for technical professions like that of architect and engineer. Nowadays, thanks to software programs, the two-dimensional representation of three-dimensional objects has been remarkably developed, but it is still important to provide students of architecture with some practical experiences, to make them interact with the tangible part of the architectural information processing course, which professionals develop through all the design process. Thus, we looked for a medium suitable to create simple three-dimensional models not only observable, but tangible: this stimulates in students a close connection between thought and action.

We present a teaching experience between mathematics and architecture: it is an example of lesson for first year students of the bachelor program in Architecture, proposing a geometric investigation of ruled surfaces. To make the cognitive process more interactive, we produced teaching aids (tangible models, graphic tablets) that help students to visualize geometrical-analytical investigations and enhance their spatial prefiguration and critical form-reading skills, three-dimensional thinking and geometrical reading of shapes, in particular of ruled surfaces.

This educational activity involves the presence of a mathematician and an architect, showing some mathematical topics as necessary tools in an architect's professional toolbox, to foster geometric communication, in the spirit of what Guarino Guarini said: «Architecture depends on Geometry». We tested it into two courses: Calculus, and Architectural Drawing and Survey Laboratory, verifying the specificity of the two disciplinary languages.

Students are invited to manipulate origami inspired paper models of two different roofing systems, a pyramid and a cloister vault having the same height, while the two teachers describe them geometrically as ruled developable surfaces, generated by two intersecting cylinders. Students work in teams and formulate conjectures to solve a concrete problem: estimate a restoration of a roofing system. First, they must predict how bigger in percentage are the developed surfaces of the pyramid and of the cloister with respect to their common orthographic projection (most popular values are 30% and 50%, respectively). Then, using the graphic tablet, or its prints, (see Fig. 1), students are guided to the actual surfaces evaluation with increasingly sophisticated mathematical tools: from Pythagorean Theorem for the pyramid, to the integral calculus for the cloister vault. For this last calculation, the dynamism of the cloister model is used to develop the surface and to perceive visually that each cloister face has a sine wave as a profile. The calculation leads to percentages very different from those conjectured by students: 50% in the pyramid case and 100% in the cloister case and offers interesting educational hints for discussion.

Furthermore, this experience stimulates the critical reading and evaluation of the drawn geometry (ruled surfaces, projections, developments).

Students involved in this experience participate very actively, consolidate topics taught within the Architectural Drawing and Survey Laboratory and understand the introduction of the integral calculus within the course of Calculus; moreover, the questionnaires at the end of the courses show that this experience is particularly welcome.

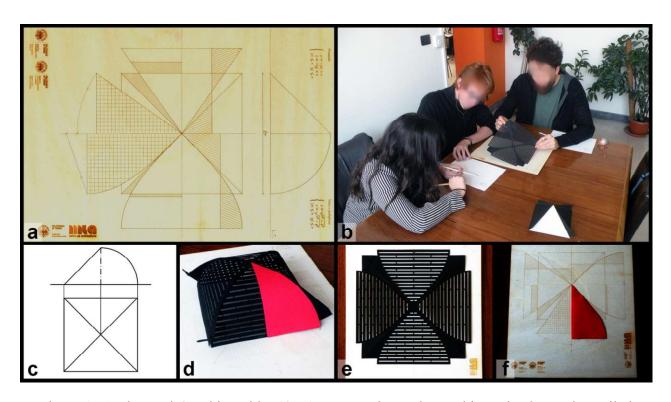


Figure 1: a) Plywood Graphic Tablet (G.T.) representing orthographic projection and unrolled surfaces of a square-based pyramid with height equal to half of the base side, and a cloister vault, generated by two intersecting semicircular cylinders of radius equal to the pyramid height. b) Students using our G.T.: a wooden (static) support animated by a (dynamic) paper model; c) Orthographic projection d) Folded cloister vault paper model with highlighted half face that you can see visualized on the G.T. e) Unfolded cloister vault model superimposed on the G.T f) G.T. with highlighted developed half face to evaluate it.

Keywords: Design Analysis; Descriptive Geometry; Calculus; Developable Surfaces; Spatial Thinking; Teaching Tools