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Balanced Electroabsorption Modulated RF Photonic Link

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We propose a novel high linearity, low noise analog photonic link using a balanced electroabsorption modulator. It simultaneously cancels all common-mode intensity noises, even-order distortions and suppresses the third order intermodulation, achieving shot noise-limited performance.
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Balanced RF photonic links are of great interest because they can suppress laser relative intensity noise (RIN) and amplified spontaneous emission noise (ASE) from optical amplifiers, achieving shot noise-limited performance [1]. To date, the highest performance RF photonic links have employed LiNbO3 Mach-Zehnder modulators (X-MZM). Due to their interferometric operation, X-MZM links cannot simultaneously achieve RIN cancellation and large linear dynamic range [2].

We propose a novel balanced RF photonic link using a balanced electroabsorption modulator (B-EAM). In contrast to X-MZM, the B-EAM enables the simultaneous cancellation of laser RIN, added ASE noise, all even-order distortions, and the 3rd order distortion. The schematic of the B-EAM link is shown in fig. 1. Differential modulation of the B-EAM is achieved by feeding the RF signals to the common electrode between the two EAMs, while the DC bias is equally split between EAMs. The 180° out-of-phase signals from the two EAMs have equal amplitudes for all bias voltages. Since the balanced receiver detects the difference photocurrent, the RF signals from the two photodiodes add in phase, while common-mode noises and even-order distortion terms are cancelled.

Therefore, the bias voltage on the EAM can be used to null the 3rd order derivative of the modulator transfer function. Thus, the leading distortion term becomes the 5th order intermodulation.

We have developed a theoretical model to simulate the performance of the proposed link. The model uses a Taylor series representation of the EAM transmission function to calculate the small signal gain, harmonic and intermodulation distortions. To determine the output noise floor, thermal, shot, and intensity noises from laser and SOA have been taken into account. The equivalent Vπ of the EAMs is assumed to be 0.5V. Total link loss per arm is 10 dB, amplifier gain and noise figure are 20 dB and 10 dB respectively. Biasing the EAMs at 3rd order null results in a link gain of 3.25 dB, assuming 1mW laser power. Figure 2 shows a comparison between single and balanced link in term of noise figure (NF) and spurious free dynamic range (SFDR). In the single-EAM link, for small laser power, the use of the SOA lead to shot noise-limited performance. As the laser power increases, RIN starts to dominate and optical amplification is no longer effective. Thus, single EAM links with and without SOA have the same performance. In addition, the achievable NF and SFDR are limited by the additional noise from the SOA. In contrast, in the B-EAM link the suppression of common-mode intensity noises allows shot-noise limited performance in a much wider range of laser power. NF as low as 5.8dB and a multi-octave SFDR of 130 dB-Hz2/3 can be achieved with a laser power of 1 mW, in the presence of RIN as high as ~140 dB/Hz. As optical power increases, NF asymptotically approaches 0 dB and SFDR saturates since the B-EAM link is ultimately limited by the thermal noise generated at the input and successively amplified by the link.

In summary, we have proposed a novel balanced-electroabsorption-modulated link that simultaneously cancels RIN, added ASE noise, all even-order distortions, and 3rd order distortions. The B-EAM can be monolithically integrated with a DFB laser and SOA, allowing the possibility of all semiconductor RF lightwave transmitters to achieve ultra-wide spurious free dynamic range and low noise figure.