

Geomatics and Virtual tourism

Original

Geomatics and Virtual tourism / Minucciani, Valeria; Garnero, Gabriele. - In: JOURNAL OF AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING. - ISSN 1974-7071. - STAMPA. - XLIV:(2013), pp. 504-509. [10.4081/jae.2013.(s1):e100]

Availability:

This version is available at: 11583/2667612 since: 2017-03-23T15:58:05Z

Publisher:

PagePRESS

Published

DOI:10.4081/jae.2013.(s1):e100

Terms of use:

This article is made available under terms and conditions as specified in the corresponding bibliographic description in the repository

Publisher copyright

(Article begins on next page)

JAE

vol. XLIV s2
2013 September

Official Journal of the Associazione Italiana
di Ingegneria Agraria



Member of the International Commission
of Agricultural Engineering



Proceedings of the 10th Conference of the Italian Society of Agricultural Engineering
Horizons in agricultural, forestry and biosystems engineering

Viterbo, Italy, September 8-12, 2013

Guest Editors: Danilo Monarca, Massimo Cecchini

Journal of Agricultural Engineering

open access journal - ISSN 1974-7071 - www.agroengineering.org

Editor-in-Chief

Adriano Guarnieri, Department of Agricultural Economics and Engineering, Viale G. Fanin, 50, 40127 Bologna, Italy
Tel. +39.051.2096193 - Fax. +39.051.2096178 - E-mail: adriano.guarnieri2@unibo.it

Associate Editors

Paolo Balsari, University of Torino, Italy
Claudio Gandolfi, University of Milano, Italy
Giacomo Scarascia-Mugnozza, University of Bari "Aldo Moro", Italy

Editorial Manager

Giovanni Molari, University of Bologna, Italy
giovanni.molari@unibo.it

Editorial Board

Pedro Aguado, University of Leon, Spain
Juan Ángel Mintegui Aguirre, Polytechnic University of Madrid, Spain
Francisco Ayuga Téllez, Polytechnic University of Madrid, Spain
Demetres Briassoulis, Agricultural University of Athens, Greece
Artemi Cerdà, University of Valencia, Spain
Giancarlo Colelli, University of Foggia, Italy
Josse Debaerdemaeker, Catholic University of Leuven, Belgium
Salvatore Di Fazio, Mediterranean University of Reggio Calabria, Italy
Istvan Farkas, Gödöllo University of Agricultural Sciences, Hungary
Vito Ferro, University of Palermo, Italy
Emilio Gil, Polytechnic University of Catalunya, Spain
Valentin Golosov, Moscow State University, Russia
Dirk Jaeger, University of Freiburg, Germany
Pavel Kic, University of Life Sciences Prague, Czech Republic
Andrew Landers, Cornell University, USA
Attila Nemes, BIOFORISK, Norwegian Institute for Agricultural and Environmental Research, Norway
George Papadakis, Agricultural University of Athens, Greece
Giovanni Luca Riva, Polytechnic University of Marche, Italy
Nunzio Romano, University of Napoli, Italy
Masoud Salyani, University of Florida, USA
María Teresa Sánchez-Pineda, University of Córdoba, Spain
Daniel M. Tartakovsky, University of California, San Diego, USA
Patrizia Tassinari, University of Bologna, Italy
Arnold van der Valk, Wageningen University, the Netherlands
Henrik Vejre, University of Copenhagen - LIFE Faculty of Life Sciences, Denmark
M.J. Whelan, Cranfield University, UK

Editorial Staff

Paola Granata, Managing Editor
Cristiana Poggi, Production Editor
Claudia Castellano, Production Editor
Anne Freckleton, Copy Editor
Filippo Lossani, Technical Support

Publisher

PAGEPress Publications
via Giuseppe Belli 7
27100 Pavia, Italy
Tel. +39.0382.1751762 – Fax. +39.0382.1750481
info@pagepress.org – www.pagepress.org

Journal of Agricultural Engineering

The Journal of Agricultural Engineering (JAE) is the official journal of the Italian Society of Agricultural Engineering - AIIA - supported by University of Bologna. The subject matter covers a complete and interdisciplinary range of research in engineering for agriculture and biosystems.

Instructions to Authors

Manuscripts must be written in English. Authors whose native language is not English are strongly recommended to have their manuscript checked by a language editing service, or by an English mother-tongue colleague prior to submission.

Manuscripts should be saved and submitted as a single WORD file containing the full text, references, tables and figures. In case of acceptance, original text and figures must be provided for publication.

Original Articles: should normally be divided into an abstract, introduction, materials and methods, results, conclusions and references. The abstract should contain a maximum of 400 words. **Review Articles:** no particular format is required for these articles. However, they should have an informative, unstructured abstract of about 250 words. **Technical Notes:** are articles with a simple layout and containing limited data (no more than two figures or tables) and a small number of citations (not more than 25). They should be limited to 2,000 words of text (figure captions, table headings and reference lists are additional to this limit).

Manuscripts should be double spaced with numbered lines and wide margins and should be arranged as follows. **Title page:** including the full title, the name(s) of the author(s), their affiliation and the name of the corresponding author to whom proofs and requests for off-prints should be sent. **Abstract:** should not exceed 400 words. **Keywords:** three to six keywords characterizing the content of the article in alphabetical order. **Introduction:** A brief introduction. **Materials and methods:** this section should provide sufficient information and references on the techniques adopted to permit their replication. **Results:** the content of this section should permit full comprehension of the data reported in figures and tables. **Conclusions:** this should underline the significance of the results and place them in the context of previous research. **Acknowledgements:** a brief text. **References** should be prepared strictly according to the instructions given below. **Units:** authors are recommended to use the International System of Units (SI). **Scientific names:** common names of organisms should always be accompanied, when first cited, by their complete scientific name in *italics* (genus, species, attribution and, if appropriate, cultivar). **Formulae:** mathematical formulae must be carefully typed, possibly using the equation editor of Microsoft Word; when a paper contains several equations they should be identified with a number in parentheses (e.g. Eq. 1). Please note that each accepted paper will undergo technical and scientific copyediting before publication. **Tables:** tables are numbered consecutively in Arabic numbers without "no." before the number. References should be made in the text to each table. The desired style of presentation can be found in published articles. Titles of tables should be descriptive enough to be able to stand alone. Do not present the same data in tabular and graphic form.

Figures: figures are numbered consecutively in Arabic numbers. References should be made in the text to each figure. Each figure should have a caption. The term "figure" is used also for graphs and photos. **Symbols and abbreviations** used in figures can be defined in the figure caption or note or within the figure itself. Please avoid the use of bold face or greater size for the characters. Symbols and abbreviations used in figures can be defined in the figure caption or note or within the figure itself. The figures must be submitted as .tif or .jpg files, with the following digital resolution: 1. Color (saved as CMYK): minimum 300 dpi; 2. Black and white/grays: minimum 600 dpi; Lettering of figures must be clearly labelled. **Movies:** movies can be submitted and uploaded as "Supplementary Files" during the manuscript submission procedure. Dimension should not exceed 5 MB. **Citations in the text:** the Journal follows the "author, year" style of citation. When a citation has one or two authors, cite the reference throughout using the name(s) and the date. When a citation has more than two authors, cite the reference throughout the text with *et al.* following the last name of the first author. When two or more references are included in a grouping within a sentence, they are arranged and separated by a semicolon. The first criterion is the year (former citations precede recent ones); multiple citations for a given year are further arranged alphabetically and multiple citations for the same initial letter are arranged as follows: first the citation with one author, secondly the citation with two authors, then the other (with *et al.*). When the same author has two references with different dates, cite them in chronological order, separating the dates with a comma; when the same author has two references with the same date, arrange the dates as a and b (also in the reference list) and separated by a comma. Journal titles mentioned in the reference list should be abbreviated according to the following websites (sequenced by relevance): 1. ISI Journal Abbreviations Index (<http://library.caltech.edu/reference/abbreviations/>); 2. Biological Journals and Abbreviations (<http://home.ncicrf.gov/research/bja/>) Example: (Foury, 1967, 1972; Burns *et al.*, 1970; Allen *et al.*, 1990; Basnizki and Zohary, 1994; White *et al.*, 1990a, 1990b). Citation should be made in the text to each reference. Citations are listed in strict alphabetical order by first author's last names. Use capital and lower case letters for authors' names. If all authors are identical for two or more citations, chronological order of publication should dictate the order of citations. When more than one paper in a given year is listed by authors whose names are in the same order in each paper, the papers are arranged in alphabetical order of the paper title. Use the following system to arrange your references:

1. Periodicals: Hennighausen L.G., Sippel A.E. 1982. Characterization and cloning of the mRNAs specific for the lactating mouse mammary gland. *Eur. J. Biochem.* 125:131-41.
2. Books: National Research Council 2001. *Nutrient Requirements of Dairy Cattle*. 7th rev. ed. National Academy Press, Washington, DC, USA.
3. Multi-authors books: Brouwer I. 1965. Report of the subcommittee on constants and factors. In: K.L. Blaxter (ed.) *Energy metabolism*. EAAP Publ. N. 11, Academic Press Ltd., London, UK, pp 441-3.
4. Proceedings: Rossi A., Bianchi B. 1998. How writing the references. *Proc. 4th World Congr. Appl. Livest. Prod., Armidale, Australia*, 26:44-6. (Or 44, if one page) - Blanco P., Nigro B. 1970. Not numbered volumes. Page 127 (or pp 12-18) in *Proc. 3rd Int. Conf. Cattle Dis.*, Philadelphia, PA, USA.
5. Thesis: Rossi P. 1999. *Stima di parametri genetici nella*

razza Reggiana. Degree Diss., Università di Milano, Italy.

6. Material from a World Wide Web site: Food and Drug Administration, 2001. Available from: <http://www.fda.gov> or Food and Drug Administration, 2001. <http://www.fda.gov> Accessed: May 2012.

7. Regulations:

- Italian Regulation, 1992. Application of the Council Directive (EEC) No. 86/609 regarding the protection of animals used for experimental and other scientific purposes. LD 116/1992. In: Official Journal No. 294, 18/2/1992, pp 5-24.

- European Commission, 1994. Commission Decision of 27 June 1994 concerning certain protection measures with regard to bovine spongiform encephalopathy and the feeding of mammalian derived protein, 94/381/EC. In: Official Journal, L 172, 07/07/1994, pp 23-24.

8. International standards: ISO, 1991. Determination of total fat content - Meat and meat products. Norm ISO R-1443:1991. International Organization for Standardization Publ., Geneva, Switzerland.

9. In press: Manuscripts that have been accepted for publication but are not yet published can be listed in the literature cited with the designation [In press] following the journal title.

10. Other: Citations such as personal communication, unpublished data, etc. should be incorporated in the text and NOT placed into the Reference section.

Copyright

All material published by PAGEPress Publications, whether submitted to or created by PAGEPress, is published under an Open Access license that lets others remix, and build upon your work non-commercially, and although their new works must also acknowledge you and be non-commercial, they don't have to license their derivative works on the same terms.

PAGEPress strives to set the highest standards of excellence in all aspects of its activities, whether this be its journal image, its style of presentation, the quality of the editorial process at every level, the transparency of its operations and procedures, its accessibility to the scientific community and the public, and its educational value.

PAGEPress welcomes and actively seeks opportunities to work together with any group (scientific/scholarly societies, physicians, patient advocacy groups, educational organizations) and any publisher who shares our commitment to Open Access and to making scientific information available for the benefit of science and the public good.

PAGEPress charges authors a price that reflects the actual costs of publication. However, the ability of authors to pay publication charges will never be a consideration in the decision as to whether to publish.

PAGEPress aims to be a truly international organization by providing access to the scientific literature to anyone, anywhere, by publishing works from every nation, and by engaging a geographically diverse group of scientists in the editorial process.

Peer-review policy

All manuscript submitted to our journals are critically assessed by experts in accordance with the principles of Peer Review, which is fundamental to the scientific publication process and the dissemination of sound science. Each paper is assigned to the Chief Editor. The first step of manuscript selection takes place entirely inhouse and has the objective to establish the article's appropriateness for our journals' readership. The articles are then reviewed by two different external referees (second step or classical peer-review) in accordig with the associate editors.

Subscriptions

Italy: € 65.00 per year; one number € 25.00; back issues or double issues: € 25.82; back year: € 72.30

Abroad: annual Subscription € 75.00 - air mail subscription € 90.00.

Autorizzazione Del Tribunale Di Bologna N. 4045 Del 3 Febbraio 1970.

Journal of Agricultural Engineering

Rivista trimestrale registrata al Tribunale di Pavia n. 9/2012/Reg.

Stampa: Press Up s.r.l.

via La Spezia, 118/C 00055 - Ladispoli (RM)

Tel. and Fax: +39.076.15.27.351

Tutti gli articoli pubblicati su Journal of Agricultural Engineering sono redatti sotto la responsabilit  degli Autori. La pubblicazione o la ristampa degli articoli della rivista deve essere autorizzata per iscritto dall'editore. Ai sensi dell'art. 13 del D.Lgs 196/03, i dati di tutti i lettori saranno trattati sia manualmente, sia con strumenti informatici e saranno utilizzati per l'invio di questa e di altre pubblicazioni e di materiale informativo e promozionale.

Le modalit  di trattamento saranno conformi a quanto previsto dall'art. 11 del D.Lgs 196/03. I dati potranno essere comunicati a soggetti con i quali PAGEPress intrattiene rapporti contrattuali necessari per l'invio delle copie della rivista.

Il titolare del trattamento dei dati   PAGEPress Srl, via Belli 7 - 27100 Pavia, al quale il lettore si potr  rivolgere per chiedere l'aggiornamento, l'integrazione, la cancellazione e ogni altra operazione di cui all'art. 7 del D.Lgs 196/03.

Supported by University of Bologna



Questo giornale   associato alla
Unione
Stampa
Periodica
Italiana
e alla Associazione Nazionale
Editoria Periodica Specializzata



Journal of Agricultural Engineering

volume XLIV, supplement 1, 2013



Proceedings of the 10th Conference of the Italian Society of Agricultural Engineering

Horizons in agricultural, forestry and biosystems engineering

Viterbo, Italy, September 8-12, 2013

Guest Editors

Danilo Monarca, Massimo Cecchini



Table of Contents

Chestnut: from coppice to structural timber. The case study of "Uso Fiume" beams sampled in Liguria.	1	Runoff and sediment yield modeling in a medium-size mediterranean watershed	31
<i>M. Togni, A. Cavalli, D. Mannozi</i>		<i>O.M.M. Abdelwahab, T. Bisantino, F. Miliillo, F. Gentile</i>	
Harvesting techniques for non-industrial SRF biomass plantations on farmland	5	Runoff generation processes in a Mediterranean research catchment (Sardinia)	41
<i>R. Spinelli, J. Schweier, F. De Francesco</i>		<i>M. Niedda, M. Castellini, F. Giadrossich, M. Pirastru</i>	
Analysis of a double steering forest trailer for long wood log transportation	10	Application of the new morphological quality index in the Cordevole river (BL, Italy)	48
<i>F. Marinello, S. Grigolato, L. Sartori, R. Cavalli</i>		<i>E. Rigon, J. Moretto, F. Delai, L. Picco, D. Ravazzolo, R. Rainato, M.A. Lenzi</i>	
Decision analysis for the determination of biomass in the territory Tuscia Romana by geographic information system and forest management plans . . .	16	Displacement length and velocity of tagged logs in the tagliamento river	54
<i>A. Colantoni, F. Recanatesi, S. Baldini, M. Felicetti, M. Romagnoli</i>		<i>D. Ravazzolo, L. Mao, B. Garniga, L. Picco, M.A. Lenzi</i>	
Colour modifications and hyperspectral imaging: non-invasive analysis of photo-degraded wood surfaces	19	The influence of the net rainfall mixed Curve Number – Green Ampt procedure in flood hazard mapping: a case study in Central Italy	58
<i>G. Agresti, G. Bonifazi, L. Calienno, G. Capobianco, A. Lo Monaco, C. Pelosi, R. Picchio, S. Serranti</i>		<i>A. Petroselli, E. Arcangeletti, E. Allegrini, N. Romano, S. Grimaldi</i>	
Carbon balance and energy fluxes of a Mediterranean crop	26	Erosion - deposition evaluation through hybrid DTMs derived by LiDAR and colour bathymetry: the case study of the Brenta, Piave and Tagliamento rivers . . .	62
<i>S. Consoli, O. Facini, A. Motisi, M. Nardino, R. Papa, F. Rossi, S. Barbagallo</i>		<i>J. Moretto, F. Delai, E. Rigon, L. Picco, M.A. Lenzi</i>	

The contribution of chestnut coppice forests on slope stability in abandoned territory: a case study <i>C. Bassanelli, G.B. Bischetti, E.A. Chiaradia, L. Rossi, C. Vergani</i>	68	Analysis of poultry eating and drinking behavior by software eYeNamic <i>A. De Montis, A. Pinna, M. Barra, E. Vranken</i>	166
A simple field method to measure the hydrodynamic properties of soil surface crust <i>V. Alagna, V. Bagarello, S. Di Prima, G. Giordano, M. Iovino</i>	74	Satellite guidance systems in agriculture: experimental comparison between EZ-Steer/RTK and AUTOPILOT/EGNOS <i>P. D'Antonio, C. D'Antonio, C. Evangelista, V. Doddato</i>	173
Evaluation of short-term geomorphic changes along the Tagliamento river using lidar and terrestrial laser scanner surveys. <i>R. Rainato, L. Picco, M. Cavalli, L. Mao, F. Delai, D. Ravazzolo, M.A. Lenzi</i>	80	New solutions for horse shelters to connect to the equestrian paths 178 <i>G. Bambi, M. Monti, M. Barbari</i>	
LiDAR derived high resolution topography: the next challenge for the analysis of terraces stability and vineyard soil erosion <i>F. Preti, P. Tarolli, A. Dani, S. Calligaro, M. Prosdocimi</i>	85	Environmental assessment of individual and collective manure management systems <i>G. Provolo, A. Calcante, F. Perazzolo, A. Finzi, F. Volontè, D. Grimaldi, M. Pinnetti, G. Cocolo, E. Naldi, G. Galassi, E. Riva</i>	181
Actual evaporation estimation from infrared measurement of soil surface temperature <i>D. Pognant, D. Canone, S. Ferraris</i>	90	A partial life cycle assessment approach to evaluate the energy intensity and related greenhouse gas emission in dairy farms <i>L. Murgia, G. Todde, M. Caria, A. Pazzona</i>	186
Estimating the contribution of rainfall, irrigation and upward soil water flux to crop water requirements of a maize agroecosystem in the Lombardy plain <i>M. Rienzner, S. Cesari de Maria, A. Facchi, F. Wassar, C. Gandolfi</i>	97	Implementation of a genetic algorithm for energy design optimization of livestock housing using a dynamic thermal simulator <i>M.E. Menconi, M. Chiappini, D. Grohmann</i>	191
Hydrometeorological monitoring for water balance determination at plot scale <i>A. Sommella, Mario Palladino, A. Comegna, A. Coppola</i>	102	Influence of feed delivery frequency on behavioural activity of dairy cows in freestall barns <i>E. Riva, G. Mattachini, L. Bava, A. Sandrucci, A. Tamburini, G. Provolo</i>	197
A 2D hydrodynamic-sedimentological model for gravel bed rivers. Part II, Case study: the Brenta River in Italy <i>G. Kaless, J. Moretto, F. Delai, L. Mao, M.A. Lenzi</i>	106	A survey on Italian compost dairy barns <i>L. Leso, M. Uberti, W. Morshed, M. Barbari</i>	203
A 2D hydrodynamic-sedimentological model for gravel-bed rivers. Part I: theory and validation <i>G. Kaless, M.A. Lenzi, L. Mao</i>	111	Use of a proactive herd management system in a dairy farm of northern Italy: technical and economic results <i>S. Leonardi, G. Marchesi, F.M. Tangorra, M. Lazzari</i>	208
Characterization of fluvial islands along three different gravel-bed rivers of North-Eastern Italy <i>L. Picco, R. Rainato, L. Mao L, F. Delai, A. Tonon, D. Ravazzolo, M.A. Lenzi</i>	117	Optimization of sustainable buildings envelopes for extensive sheep farming through the use of dynamic energy simulation <i>M.E. Menconi, D. Grohmann</i>	211
Evaluation of short-term geomorphic changes in differently impacted gravel-bed rivers using improved dems of difference <i>F. Delai, J. Moretto, L. Mao, L. Picco, M.A. Lenzi</i>	122	Influence of low vacuum levels on milking characteristics of sheep, goat and buffalo. <i>M. Caria, C. Boselli, L. Murgia, R. Rosati, A. Pazzona</i>	217
Comparison of different methods to predict the mean flow velocity in step-pool channels <i>T. Michelini, V. D'Agostino</i>	127	Biodegradable films and spray coatings as eco-friendly alternative to petro-chemical derived mulching films. <i>G. Vox, G. Santagata, M. Malinconico, B. Immirzi, G. Scarascia Mugnozza, E. Schettini</i>	221
Proposal of a local telemetry network for the monitoring the thermodynamic and environmental performances of farm tractors ... <i>F. Mazzetto, M. Bietresato</i>	132	Hydrogen and renewable energy sources integrated system for greenhouse heating <i>I. Blanco, A. Sotirios Anifantis, S. Pascuzzi, G. Scarascia Mugnozza</i>	226
Speeding up innovation in agricultural IT <i>H.E.S. Haapala</i>	137	Variation of physical properties of ldpe greenhouse films due to agrochemicals used during cultivation. <i>E. Schettini, G. Vox</i>	231
GNSS-based operational monitoring devices for forest logging operation chains <i>R. Gallo, S. Grigolato, R. Cavalli, F. Mazzetto</i>	140	Comparison of different estimation procedures for the hydraulic properties of horticultural substrates by One-Step technique <i>C. Bibbiani, C.A. Campiotti, L. Incrocci, A. Pardossi</i>	234
Sustainable management of waste in green nursery: the Tuscan experience <i>D. Sarri, R. Lisci, M. Rimediotti, M. Vieri</i>	145	Production and reuse of waste in rural area with high density of greenhouse <i>G. Russo, G. Verdiani</i>	240
Selective spraying of grapevine's diseases by a modular agricultural robot <i>R. Oberti, M. Marchi, P. Tirelli, A. Calcante, M. Iriti, M. Ho evar, J. Baur, J. Pfaff, C. Schütz, H. Ulbrich</i>	149	Solar radiation inside greenhouses covered with semitransparent photovoltaic film: first experimental results <i>A. Marucci, A. Gusman, B. Pagnello, A. Cappuccini</i>	247
Open problems in traceability: from raw materials to finished food products <i>L. Comba, F. Dabbene, P. Gay, C. Tortia</i>	154	Building green covering for a sustainable use of energy <i>C.A. Campiotti, E. Schettini, G. Alonzo, C. Viola, C. Bibbiani, G. Scarascia Mugnozza, I. Blanco, G. Vox</i>	253
An automatic system for the detection of dairy cows lying behaviour in free-stall barns <i>S.M.C. Porto, C. Arcidiacono, U. Anguza, A. Giummarra, G. Cascone</i>	158	Temperature conditioning in ornamental plant production with a prototype device: root zone cooling in protected environments <i>G. Burchi, S. Cacini, M. Fedrizzi, M. Pagano, M. Guerrieri</i>	257
Economic and environmental benefits of using a spray control system for the distribution of pesticides <i>F. Calegari, D. Tassi, M. Vincini</i>	163	A new method for Espresso Coffee brewing: Caffè Firenze <i>A. Parenti, L. Guerrini, P. Masella, R. Dainelli, P. Spugnoli</i>	261
		Screening of grated cheese authenticity by nir spectroscopy <i>C. Cevoli, A. Fabbri, A. Gori, M.F. Caboni, A. Guarnieri</i>	264

Application of Computer Vision for quality control in frozen mixed berries production: colour calibration issues 268 <i>D. Ricauda Aimonino, P. Gay, L. Comba</i>	Preliminary evaluation of a short rotation forestry poplar biomass supply chain in Emilia Romagna Region. 373 <i>L. Pari, M. Brambilla, V. Civitarese, C. Bisaglia</i>
Near-infrared spectroscopy is feasible to discriminate hazelnut cultivars 274 <i>E. Stella, R. Moschetti, L. Carletti, G. Menghini, F. Fabrizi, V. Cristofori, D. Monarca, M. Cecchini, R. Massantini</i>	Chipping machines: disc and drum energy requirements 378 <i>A. Facello, E. Cavallo, R. Spinelli</i>
Assessment of the energy and separation efficiency of the decanter centrifuge with regulation capability of oil water ring in the industrial process line using a continuous method..... 278 <i>B. Bianchi, A. Tamborrino, F. Santoro</i>	Tractor accelerated test on test rig 381 <i>M. Mattetti, G. Molari, A. Vertua, A. Guarnieri</i>
An integrated mechanical-enzymatic reverse osmosis treatment of dairy industry wastewater and milk protein recovery as a fat replacer: a closed loop approach 283 <i>F. Sarghini, A. Sorrentino, P. Di Piero</i>	Monitoring of the tractor working parameters from the CAN-Bus .. 384 <i>G. Molari, M. Mattetti, D. Perozzi, E. Sereni</i>
Safety performance assessment of food industry facilities using a fuzzy approach 287 <i>F. Barreca, G. Cardinali, C.R. Fichera, L. Lamberto, G. Modica</i>	Harvest of table olives by mechanical harvesting equipment 387 <i>F. Gambella</i>
UHF-RFID solutions for logistics units management in the food supply chain 292 <i>P. Barge, P. Gay, V. Merlino, C. Tortia</i>	Experimental tests on winter cereal: Sod seeding compared to minimum tillage and traditional plowing 392 <i>A. Guidobono Cavalchini, G.L. Rognoni, F.M. Tangorra, A. Costa</i>
An overview of emerging techniques in virgin olive oil extraction process: strategies in the development of innovative plants 297 <i>M.L. Clodoveo</i>	Water sensitive papers simulation to assess deposits on targets... 397 <i>E. Cerruto, C. Aglieco</i>
Mild separation system for olive oil: quality evaluation and pilot plant design 306 <i>F. Genovese, G.C. Di Renzo, G. Altieri, A. Tauriello</i>	Procedure and layout for the development of a fatigue test on an agricultural implement by a four poster test bench 402 <i>M. Cutini, C. Bisaglia</i>
Numerical models of mass transfer during ripening and storage of salami 311 <i>A. Fabbri, C. Cevoli, G. Tabanelli, F. Gardini, A. Guarnieri</i>	Application of software for the optimization of the surface shape of nets for chestnut harvesting 406 <i>A. Formato, G. Scaglione, D. Ianniello</i>
Mechanical grading in PGI Tropea red onion post harvest operations 317 <i>B. Bernardi, G. Zimbalatti, A.R. Proto, S. Benalia, A. Fazari, P. Callea</i>	Aerodynamic properties of six organo-mineral fertiliser particles ... 411 <i>M. Biocca, P. Gallo, P. Menesatti</i>
Technical and economic evaluation of maceration of red grapes for production everyday wine 323 <i>F. Pezzi, C. Caprara, D. Friso, B. Ranieri</i>	Dynamic-energetic balance of agricultural tractors: active systems for the measurement of the power requirements in static tests and under field conditions 415 <i>D. Pochi, R. Fanigliulo, M. Pagano, R. Grilli, M. Fedrizzi, L. Fornaciari</i>
Control of mixing step in the bread production with weak wheat flour and sourdough..... 327 <i>A. Parenti, L. Guerrini, L. Granchi, M. Venturi, S. Benedettelli, F. Nistri</i>	Effect of different winter pruning systems on grapes produced.... 421 <i>C. Caprara, F. Pezzi</i>
Kinetic and thermodynamic properties of soybean grains during the drying process 331 <i>D.E. Cabral de Oliveira, O. Resende, J. Ferreira Vieira Bessa, A. Nagila Kester</i>	The cross-border project between France and Italy mars+. Sub-project - Innovative technologies for the mechanization of the areas hard to reach 425 <i>G. Tirrò, R. Lisci, M. Rimediotti, D. Sarri, M. Vieri</i>
Traction performance simulation for mechanical front wheel drive tractors: towards a practical computer tool 338 <i>A. Battiato, E. Diserens, L. Sartori</i>	Static consolidation of a renaissance palace by resins, pins and connecting rods 431 <i>A. Guidobono Cavalchini, M. Guidobono Cavalchini, E. Poverello</i>
Soil management effect on soil penetration resistance in the vineyard..... 344 <i>P. Catania, M. Vallone, F. Pipitone, G.F. Argento, G. Spartà, V.A. Laudicina</i>	The study of rural landscape at the farm scale: changes in traditional signs and structures 436 <i>Z. Ludwiczak, S. Benni, P. Tassinari</i>
Study of a test methodology to assess potential drift generated by air-assisted sprayers..... 348 <i>P. Balsari, P. Marucco, C. Bozzer, M. Tamagnone</i>	Historical road system and farmhouses in Apulia 441 <i>L.P. Caliendo, R.V. Loisi, P. Dal Sasso</i>
Repair and maintenance costs of 4WD tractors and self propelled combine harvesters in Italy 353 <i>A. Calcante, L. Fontanini, F. Mazzetto</i>	Land use change in the Veneto floodplain and consequences on minor network drainage system. 448 <i>M. Prosdocimi, G. Sofia, G. Dalla Fontana, P. Tarolli</i>
The RHEA-project robot for tree crops pesticide application 359 <i>M. Vieri, R. Lisci, M. Rimediotti, D. Sarri</i>	Urban-rural gradient detection using multivariate spatial analysis and landscape metrics..... 453 <i>M. Vizzari, M. Sigura</i>
Experimental tests on a new harvesting system for Burley tobacco .. 363 <i>S. Faugno, C. Okello, R. Infascelli, F. Audino, L. Ardito, S. Pindozzi</i>	Determinants of SEA effectiveness: an empirical investigation over municipal spatial planning in Sardinia..... 460 <i>A. De Montis, A. Ledda, A. Ganciu, M. Barra, S. Caschili</i>
Numerical and experimental analysis of vertical spray control patternators..... 368 <i>F. Sarghini, G. Pergher</i>	Consequence of land use changes into energy crops in Campania region 467 <i>S. Pindozzi, S. Faugno, E. Cervelli, A. Capolupo, M. Sannino, L. Boccia</i>
	Detection of Landscape patterns in airborne LIDAR data in the Nature Reserve of Castelporziano (Rome)..... 472 <i>F. Recanatesi, M. Tolli, M.N. Ripa, R. Pelorosso, F. Gobattoni, A. Leone</i>
	The assessment of the visual perception in viewshed analysis for the landscape settings 478 <i>E. Fabrizio, G. Garnero</i>

Evolution of some Mediterranean landscapes of Central Italy from historical aerial photographs 483 <i>M.N. Ripa, F. Ciapanna, G. Filibeck, F. Gobattoni, A. Leone, R. Pelorosso, M. Piccinno, C.M. Rossi, F. Recanatessi</i>	Assessment of the energetic potential by hazelnuts pruning in Viterbo's area 591 <i>D. Monarca, M. Cecchini, A. Colantoni, S. Di Giacinto, A. Marucci, L. Longo</i>
Identification of rural landscape classes through a GIS clustering method 490 <i>I. Diti, D. Torreggiani, P. Tassinari</i>	Sustainability of grape-ethanol energy chain 595 <i>G. Riva, E. Foppa Pedretti, G. Toscano, D. Duca, A. Pizzi, M. Saltari, C. Mengarelli, M. Gardiman, R. Flamini</i>
Application, validation and comparison in different geographical contexts of an integrated model for the design of ecological networks 492 <i>C.R. Fichera, R. Gianoglio, L. Laudari, G. Modica</i>	Torrefaction of residues and by-products from sunflower chain. ... 601 <i>G. Riva, E. Foppa Pedretti, G. Toscano, D. Duca, G. Rossini, C. Mengarelli</i>
Livestock system as a mitigation measure of a wind farm in a mountain area 501 <i>A. Guidobono Cavalchini, G. Daglio, M. Lazzari, S. Leonardi</i>	Giant reed (<i>Arundo donax</i> L.) harvesting system, an economic and technical evaluation 607 <i>M. Bentini, R. Martelli</i>
Geomatics and virtual tourism 504 <i>V. Minucciani, G. Garnero</i>	Two prototypes for medium rotation forestry harvesting 611 <i>L. Pari, V. Civitarese, A. Del Giudice, A. Scarfone</i>
Production of renewable energy in agriculture: current situation and future developments 510 <i>C. Pirazzoli, A. Ragazzoni</i>	Palms (<i>Phoenix canariensis</i>) infested by red PALM weevil (<i>Rhynchophorus ferrugineus</i> Olivier): insecticidal efficacy tests of chipping treatment 615 <i>G. Sperandio, M. Fedrizzi, M. Guerrieri, R. Fanigliulo, D. Pochi, M. Pagano, S. Arnone, M. Cristofaro, R. Sasso, S. Musmeci, S. Catarci</i>
Determining wood chip size: image analysis and clustering methods 519 <i>P. Febbi, C. Costa, P. Menesatti, L. Pari</i>	Industrial hemp for biomass production. 619 <i>R. Sausserde, A. Adamovics</i>
Sicilian potential biogas production 522 <i>A. Comparetti, P. Febo, C. Greco, S. Orlando, K. Navickas, K. Venslauskas</i>	Mechanized recovery of olive pruning residues: ash contamination and harvesting losses 623 <i>A. Assirelli, A. Acampora, S. Croce, R. Spinelli, E. Santangelo, L. Pari</i>
Anaerobic digestion and co-digestion of slaughterhouse wastes ... 526 <i>S. Castellucci, S. Cocchi, E. Allegrini, L. Vecchione</i>	A GIS approach for the quantification of forest and agricultural biomass in the Basilicata region 627 <i>D. Statuto, A. Tortora, P. Picuno</i>
Energy and pressure requirements for compression of swine solid fraction compost. 531 <i>N. Pampuro, A. Facello, E. Cavallo</i>	Seed losses during the harvesting of oilseed rape (<i>Brassica napus</i> L.) at on-farm scale 633 <i>L. Pari, A. Assirelli, A. Suardi, V. Civitarese, A. Del Giudice, E. Santangelo</i>
Biogas yield from Sicilian kitchen waste and cheese whey 535 <i>A. Comparetti, P. Febo, C. Greco, S. Orlando, K. Navickas, A. Nekrosius, K. Venslauskas</i>	Enhancement of Palm residues (<i>Phoenix canariensis</i>) for a potential use in ruminant feed 637 <i>G. Sperandio, M. Fedrizzi, M. Iacurto, F. Vincenti, M. Guerrieri, D. Pochi, R. Fanigliulo, M. Pagano,</i>
Assessment of energy return on energy investment (EROEI) of oil bearing crops for renewable fuel production. 539 <i>A. Restuccia, S. Failla, D. Longo, L. Caruso, I. Mallia, G. Schillaci</i>	Determination of the working time requirement for suckling sows in the pen of Wels. 641 <i>E. Quendler, P. Pötz, W. Hagmüller, R. Kogler, J. Boxberger</i>
Harvesting of southern Piedmont's orchards pruning residues: evaluations of biomass production and harvesting losses. 546 <i>M. Grella, M. Manzone, F. Gioelli, P. Balsari</i>	Health and safety challenges associated with immigrant dairy workers 645 <i>J. Rosecrance, T. Tellechea, L. Menger, D. Gilkey, N. Roman-Muniz</i>
First tests of using an electronic nose to control biogas plant efficiency 550 <i>F. Borgonovo, A. Costa, M. Lazzari</i>	The risk of musculoskeletal disorders due to repetitive movements of upper limbs for workers employed in hazelnut sorting. 649 <i>A. Colantoni, M. Cecchini, D. Monarca, R. Bedini, S. Riccioni</i>
Evaluation of herbaceous crops irrigated with treated wastewater for ethanol production. 554 <i>S. Barbagallo, A. Barbera, G.L. Cirelli, M. Milani, A. Toscano, R. Albergo</i>	The occupational safety on the construction sites of the farm production buildings in Finland. 655 <i>M. Hellstedt, K.O. Kaustell, T. Kivinen</i>
Modelling and optimization of a local smart grid for an agro-industrial site. 560 <i>E. Fabrizio, V. Branciforti, M. Filippi, S. Barbero, G. Tecco</i>	Methodological approach to assess tractor stability in normal operation in field using a commercial warning device 659 <i>V. Rondelli, R. Martelli, C. Casazza, A. Guarnieri</i>
Development perspectives for biogas production from agricultural waste in Friuli Venezia Giulia (Nord-East of Italy) 569 <i>D. dell'Antonia, S.R.S. Cividino, A. Carlino, R. Gubiani, G. Pergher</i>	Simulated stability tests of a small articulated tractor designed for extreme-sloped vineyards 663 <i>F. Mazzetto, M. Bietresato, A. Gasparetto, R. Vidoni</i>
The use of co-digested solid fraction as feedstock for biogas plants 573 <i>E. Dinuccio, F. Gioelli, D. Cuk, L. Rollè, P. Balsari</i>	Engineering solutions applied to pneumatic drills to reduce losses of dust from dressed seeds 669 <i>D. Pochi, M. Biocca, G. Brannetti, R. Fanigliulo, P. Gallo, R. Grilli, S. Montanari, P. Pulcini</i>
Life Cycle Assessment of maize cultivation for biogas production. ... 579 <i>J. Bacenetti, A. Fusi, R. Guidetti, M. Fiala</i>	Exposure to vibrations in wine growing. 675 <i>D. Pessina, D. Facchinetti</i>
A farm-scale pilot plant for biohydrogen and biomethane production by two-stage fermentation 583 <i>R. Oberti, A. Tenca, F. Perazzolo, E. Riva, A. Finzi, E. Naldi, G. Provolo, L. Bodria</i>	Study on the possibility of application of a compact roll over protective structure for agricultural wheeled narrow track tractors .. 681 <i>D. Monarca, M. Cecchini, A. Colantoni, S. Di Giacinto, G. Menghini, L. Longo</i>
Parametric experimental tests of steam gasification of pine wood in a fluidized bed reactor 587 <i>L. Vecchione, M. Moneti, S. Cocchi, M. Villarini, M. Sisinni, A. Micangeli</i>	

Accident investigation related to the use of chainsaw <i>S.R.S. Cividino, R. Gubiani, G. Pergher, D. Dell'Antonia, E. Maroncelli</i>	686	The assessment of the sawmill noise <i>P. D'Antonio, C. D'Antonio, C. Evangelista, V. Doddato</i>	768
A Wii-controlled safety device for electric chainsaws <i>R. Gubiani, G. Pergher, S.R.S. Cividino, R. Lombardo, F. Blanchini</i>	690	Assessment of linear anionic polyacrylamide application to irrigation canals for seepage control <i>H. Uribe, R. Figueroa, L. Llanos</i>	773
Ergonomic issues in ewe cheese production: reliability of the Strain Index and OCRA Checklist risk assessments <i>J. Rosecrance, R. Paulsen, D. Gilkey, L. Murgia, T. Gall</i>	694	Analysis of rainfed alfalfa evapotranspiration measured by an eddy covariance system <i>A. Vinci, L. Vergni, F. Todisco, F. Mannocchi</i>	779
Noise risk assessment in a bottling line of a modern Sicilian winery <i>M. Vallone, F. Pipitone, S. Amoroso, P. Catania</i>	697	A neuro-fuzzy model to predict the inflow to the guardalfiera multipurpose dam (Southern Italy) at medium-long time scales ... <i>L.F. Termite, F. Todisco, L. Vergni, F. Mannocchi</i>	785
A survey of safety issues in tree-climbing applications for forestry man- agement <i>D. Longo, L. Caruso, A. Conti, D. Camillieri, G. Schillaci</i>	702	Water balance of rice plots under three different cultivation methods: first season results <i>E.A. Chiaradia, A. Facchi, O. Gharsallah, M. Romani, G.B. Bischetti, C. Gandolfi</i>	791
Vibration risk evaluation in hand-held harvesters for olives <i>G. Manetto, E. Cerruto</i>	705	Effect of different plant species in pilot constructed wetlands for wastewater reuse in agriculture <i>S. Barbagallo, G.L. Cirelli, A. Marzo, M. Milani, A. Toscano</i>	796
Whole body vibrations during field operations in the vineyard <i>P. Catania, M. Vallone, M. Alleri, G. Morello, G. Spartà, P. Febo</i>	710	Monitoring water fluxes in rice plots under three different cultivation methods <i>E.A. Chiaradia, D. Ferrari, G.B. Bischetti, A. Facchi, O. Gharsallah, M. Romani, C. Gandolfi</i>	803
The heat stress for workers employed in a dairy farm <i>A. Marucci, D. Monarca, M. Cecchini, A. Colantoni, S. Di Giacinto A. Cappuccini</i>	715	Effects of water distribution uniformity on waxy (<i>Zea mays</i> L.) yield: first results <i>L. Bortolini, M. Martello</i>	808
Spectral analysis of a standard test track profile during passage of an agricultural tractor <i>M. Cutini, R. Deboli, A. Calvo, C. Preti, M. Inzerillo, C. Bisaglia</i>	719	An analytic-geospatial approach for sustainable water resource management: a case study in the province of Perugia <i>S. Casadei, M. Bellezza, L. Casagrande, A. Pierleoni</i>	814
Vibration transmitted to operator's back by machines with back-pack power unit: a case study on blower and spraying machines <i>R. Deboli, A. Calvo, V. Rapisarda, C. Preti, M. Inzerillo</i>	724	Farms as a resilience factors to land degradation in peri-urban areas <i>P. Zappavigna, A. Brugnoli</i>	819
Ergonomic analysis for the assessment of the risk of work-related musculoskeletal disorder in forestry operations <i>R. Gallo, F. Mazzetto</i>	730	Alternative method for vegetables cultivation in Benin <i>L. Recchia, P. Boncinelli, E. Cini</i>	823
Fitting and testing roll-over protective structures on self-propelled agricultural machinery <i>D. Pessina, D. Facchinetti</i>	736	Aerated lagooning of agro-industrial wastewater: depuration performance and energy requirements <i>S. Andiloro, G. Bombino, V. Tamburino, D.A. Zema, S.M. Zimbone</i>	827
Analysis of the building system of four mills and their suitability for heat treatment pest disinfestation <i>L. Strano, G. Tomaselli</i>	742	Time domain reflectometry-measuring dielectric permittivity to detect soil non-aqueous phase liquids contamination-decontamination processes <i>A. Comegna, A. Coppola, G. Dragonetti, N. Chaali, A. Sommella</i>	833
Safety in the housing of horses <i>A. Checchi, S. Casazza</i>	750	A simplified method to determine the first primary drying and wetting curves of water diffusivity of unsaturated soil <i>A. Sommella, A. Comegna, M. Palladino, A. Coppola</i>	839
Levels of vibration transmitted to the operator of the tractor equipped with front axle suspension <i>D. Pochi, R. Fanigliulo, L. Fornaciari, G. Vassalini, M. Fedrizzi, G. Brannetti, C. Cervellini</i>	752	Evapotranspiration models for a maize agro-ecosystem in irrigated and rainfed conditions <i>A. Facchi, O. Gharsallah, C. Gandolfi</i>	844
First investigation on the applicability of an active noise control system on a tracked tractor without cab <i>D. Pochi, R. Fanigliulo, L. Del Duca, P. Nataletti, G. Vassalini, L. Fornaciari, L. Cerini, F. Sanjust, D. Annesi</i>	757	Manually operated pile driver for use in the south Iraqi Marshlands .. <i>M. Monti, G. Rossi, S. Simonini, F. Sorbetti Guerri, M. Barbari</i>	851
Safety settings in equestrian facilities <i>A. Checchi, S. Casazza</i>	761	Experiences of improving water access in rural areas in Guatemala .. <i>E. Bresci, A. Giacomini, F. Preti</i>	856
Noise levels of a track-laying tractor during field operations in the vineyard <i>P. Catania, M. Vallone</i>	764		

SCIENTIFIC COMMITTEE

Alessandro Santini (AIIA President)
Danilo Monarca (Vice President)
Antonino Failla (Past President)
Paolo Balsari
Thomas Banhazi
Gualtiero Baraldi
Remigio Berruto
Luigi Bodria
Giovanni Cascone
Raffaele Cavalli
Artemi Cerdà
Giancarlo Dalla Fontana
Mario Falciai
Vito Ferro
Claudio Gandolfi
Emilio Gil
Giuseppe Giordano
Adriano Guarnieri
Joerg Hartung
Dirk Jaeger
Robert Kaufmann
Mario Aristide Lenzi
Sandro Liberatori
Peter Lundqvist
Attila Nemes
Luigi Pari
Antonio Pazzona
Domenico Pessina
Pietro Piccarolo
Felice Pipitone
Elisabeth Quendler
Nunzio Romano
Giacomo Scarascia Mugnozza
Giampaolo Schillaci
Peter Schulze Lammers
Claus Aage Grøn Sørensen
Paolo Spugnoli
Patrizia Tassinari
Alessandro Toccolini
Fedro Zazueta

ORGANIZING COMMITTEE

Danilo Monarca
(convener)

Massimo Cecchini,
Stefano Gasbarra (coordinators)

Daniele De Wrachien
(international relationships)

Paolo Biondi,
Maurizio Carlini,
Andrea Colantoni,
Roberto Fanigliulo,
Salvatore Grimaldi,
Antonio Leone,
Angela Lo Monaco,
Alvaro Marucci,
Giuseppina Menghini,
Raffaele Pelorosso,
Andrea Petroselli,
Rodolfo Picchio,
Fabio Recanatesi,
Maria Nicolina Ripa,
Manuela Romagnoli

SCIENTIFIC SECRETARIAT

Salvatore Grimaldi, Andrea Petroselli (AGR/08)
Massimo Cecchini, Andrea Colantoni (AGR/09)
Alvaro Marucci, Maria Nicolina Ripa (AGR/10)

ORGANIZING SECRETARIAT

DAFNE Department – Tuscia University
Via S. Camillo De Lellis, s.n.c.
01100 Viterbo – Italy

Ce.F.A.S. Special Agency of the Chamber of Commerce
Viale Trieste, 127 01100 Viterbo – Italy
+39.0761.324196

PRINTED WITH THE SUPPORT AND THE PATRONAGE
OF THE CARIVIT FOUNDATION OF VITERBO, ITALY



PRESENTATION

The Board of Directors of the Italian Association of Agricultural Engineering, following the well-established tradition to organize every four years a Conference, has chosen Viterbo as venue for the tenth edition which will be held on September 8-12, 2013.

The closer and closer integration of scientific know how, that is demanded in the use of the environmental resources and it is driven by the new developing models, has addressed the agricultural engineering toward the bio-systems engineering, therefore expanding its former expertise-area by incorporating living systems related to both the agriculture and to natural systems. As a consequence, the interests of the Association now span even over the application of engineering principles to processes governing territorial phenomena with the aim to study, to model, to manage and to set off biology systems toward an optimal agricultural development, crop production, the use of the soil and the environment.

Within such a context the conference, by accomplishing the actual and future needs of the world population, represents an important chance to bring together engineers and researchers to let meeting people working in different, although similar, environments.

In particular, the 2013-conference will focus on: new horizons in agricultural, forestry and bio-systems engineering and, to better homogenize discussions, presentations will be organized according to the listed below sessions:

- 1 Forest-wood chains
- 2 Hydrology and dynamics of water and sediments in agricultural and mountain basins: monitoring, modeling and risk analysis
- 3 Hydraulics and hydro-morphological processes for stream and river restoration and management
- 4 Information technology, automation and precision farming and forestry
- 5 Structures and technologies for livestock production: technical, energy and environmental aspects
- 6 Structures and technologies for protected crop production: technical, energy and environmental aspects
- 7 Post harvest, food and process structures and technologies
- 8 Power and machinery in agriculture and forestry
- 9 Analysis, modeling and planning of rural areas
- 10 Renewable energy, biomass and biological residues
- 11 Safety, health and ergonomics - SHWAnet international meeting
- 12 Sustainable planning and management of soil and water resources

Prof. Alessandro SANTINI
AIIA President

Dear colleagues,

it is my pleasure to welcome you to the 10th AIIA Conference: "AIIA13 – Horizons in agricultural, forestry and biosystems engineering", and to welcome you to Viterbo.

For the first time the AIIA conference will be held in English. The purpose of this choice is to involve academics and researchers coming from other nations.

This conference will then be a unique opportunity for scientists, researchers, experts, students and people representing the business world to show, share and discuss the results of their researches. Another goal of this conference is the promotion of the cooperation and networking in the field of Biosystems Engineering, also trying to include the business world in it.

By doing that, we will be able to take on the new challenge of Horizon 2020, the new European Framework Programme. This programme attributes a capital and fundamental role to research and innovation, seen as important means to guarantee an intelligent, sustainable and comprehensive growth to Europe.

Horizon 2020 is articulated on 3 strategic objectives

- 1) Excellent science, intended to secure Europe's leadership in science worldwide.
- 2) Industrial Leadership , aimed at supporting research and innovation of European industry, with a strong focus on industrial technologies and investments for SMEs,
- 3) Societal challenges , aimed at tackling major global challenges in the following areas: health, demographic change and wellbeing, food security, sustainable agriculture, secure, clean and efficient energy, smart, green and integrated transport, climate action, resource efficiency and raw materials, inclusive, innovative and secure societies.

In all these fields Agricultural, Forestry and Biosystems Engineering in the coming years will have a major role.

I conclude by saying that AIIA13 is also an opportunity to know the Tuscia, a still intact territory, in which culture and respect for the land, innovation and tradition come together in a truly original model of sustainable development. I wish all the participants a pleasant stay in Viterbo and Italy.

In closing this brief greeting I want to thank:

- CEFAS, Special Agency of the Chamber of Commerce, for the logistic support to the Conference,
- the Tuscia University, which offered the beautiful and historic seat of the Conference
- the Ministry of Agriculture, the Lazio Region, the Provincial Administration and the Municipality of Viterbo, UNACOMA and CRA-Ing, for their support,
- CIGR and EURAGENG, for their sponsorship,
- FACMA and Enama, sponsors of the Conference.

A special thanks to the Carivit Foundation of Viterbo, whose contribution has enabled the printing of the Conference Proceedings.

Danilo Monarca
AIIA 2013 CONVENER

Geomatics and virtual tourism

Valeria Minucciani,¹ Gabriele Garnero²

¹DAD, Dipartimento di Architettura e Design, Politecnico di Torino, Torino, Italy;

²DIST, Dipartimento Interateneo di Scienze, Progetto e Politiche del Territorio, Università e Politecnico di Torino, Torino, Italy

Abstract

The most recent technological revolution, concerning web and “ICT”, not only changed individual and collective behaviors, but also allowed experiences not possible before: a real time communication, regardless of the distances; an extended access to disjointed data and sources; the shift in different realities – missing or entirely imaginary. Nowadays, we can think about a new concept of museum, much more inclusive than “objects container”: now the museum involves entire countries, entire ecosystems, entire regions. We can speak of “museum outside of the museum”, to extend museum “storytelling” to a regional scale, beyond the walls of the traditional museum. On a regional scale experiments entirely convincing have not yet been carried out, but from this point of view cultural lands can be visited as great open air museums, to find objects, artworks or signs: the whole land is a “collection” to be preserved, to be presented and to be interpreted. Thus the visit allows to elicit outstanding objects, to read into landscapes with different filters. Both the physical and virtual visit seem to be a “tour” (Minucciani and Garnero, 2013). To create a virtual tourism prototypal station, we need several and unconventional geometrical data (shared geographic databases, DTMs, digital orthoimages and angle shots, modeling with spherical cameras, ...), thematic data (related to cultural content) and no conventional input units to move and to observe how and where the observer prefers. Authors report here their experience to carry out a prototypal station, able to relate geomatics references to cultural content and to offer a whole

experience, involving users also from the sensory point of view.

That's nowadays a specific purpose of new technologies applied to cultural heritage.

ICT and virtual tours

The concept of virtual museum is by now established, multi-faceted and so widespread that it is now inflated: but a shared definition isn't given yet, and it indicates the possibility of access to the historical, artistic and cultural heritage through the network, sometimes replacing sometimes integrating the real experience of visit.

Then we have “virtual museums” that simply are “catalogs” on line, but we have also cases in which, with more or less interaction, we can perform via video real visits (selecting paths, objects, information). The static nature of these experiences is often the weakest point, despite considerable progress (Caraceni 2012; Minucciani, 2009a; Minucciani 2009b; Antinucci, 2007). In general, they interpret “virtual” as “simulation” (on the screen) of a real experience.

This “replacement” (which anyway provides immediate availability and accessibility everywhere - sometimes more than in the real situation) nevertheless pays a price, that's - above all - disorientation and barrier effect of the screen.

Even very recent projects (e.g. Google Maps service “Google Business Photos”: after Spain, Denmark and Sweden it's now running available also for Italy - see the “Museo dell'Automobile” case, in Turin), providing an access to interiors thank several 360° pictures, don't completely overcome this hurdle. Fundamentally, they hat replicate indoor the Street View solution.

Likewise if we mean “virtual tourism” reductively as “access to information” related to a place, it seems to be aseptic and far, via video. We cannot define it as “tourism”, but rather as “cultural or touristic information”.

The loss of the viewer's corporeality creates alienation and separation, thus we need a kind of “*alter ego*” to fill this gap. So, if we attribute to the term “virtual” its scientific meaning, i.e. simulation of reality (and consequently simulation of experience), new scenarios open (Vince, 2004): not only the computer version of a real place, but also a place that does not exist - or that no longer exists...

Some experiments have enhanced museums by “virtual guides”, i.e. synthetic characters that can interact with visitors in a more or less advanced way (Minucciani, 2009a). In other cases, they attempted to give back a “physical”, bodily dimension to the virtual tour: in Italy one of the pilot cases goes back to 1994, and it concerned the virtual reconstruction of Nefertari tomb (Antinucci, 2007) (“Nefertari: Luce d'Egitto”, temporary exhibition in Rome, Palazzo Rispoli, 1994).

But in this field there have been many other experiments, (in particular, see V-MusT.net NoE experiments during 2012-2013 period (www.v-must.net), more or less immersive, someone scientifically rigorous, someone similar to videogame *tout court*, someone very poor

Correspondence: Gabriele Garnero, DIST, Università e Politecnico di Torino
Via Leonardo da Vinci, 44, 10095 Grugliasco (TO), Italy.
Tel. +39.011.670.5518 - Fax: +39.011.670.5516.
E-mail: gabriele.garnero@unito.it

Contributions: the authors contributed equally.

Conflict of interest: the authors declare no potential conflict of interests.

Funding: no source of funding

Key words: museography, virtual tourism, geomatics and shared databases, human computer interaction, social inclusion.

©Copyright V. Minucciani and G. Garnero, 2013
Licensee PAGEPress, Italy
Journal of Agricultural Engineering 2013; XLIV(s1):e100
doi:10.4081/jae.2013.(s1):e100

This article is distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution Noncommercial License (by-nc 3.0) which permits any noncommercial use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the orig-

from the cultural point of view (Minucciani, 2009a; Minucciani, 2009b). They're studying solutions - using geo-caching, geolocation in interior (still a bit problematic) - that offer really educative "games" involving the entire web community: in this regard it should be noted that the Web 2.0 advent has given further impetus to virtual experiences, enriching the cultural impact with socialization and sharing (See Tate Gallery case (www.tate.org.uk/britain/exhibitions/howweare/) or Brooklyn Museum of NY (*Click! A crowd-curated exhibition*: www.brooklynmuseum.org/exhibitions/click/)), (Proctor, 2010).

Furthermore, the new concept of museum (Poulot, 2005), much more inclusive than simple "objects container", enclosed by walls and clearly divided between "inside" and "outside". Now the museum could involve entire countries, entire ecosystems, entire regions. We can speak of "museum outside of the museum" (Minucciani, 2005), that extends museum "storytelling" to a regional scale, beyond the walls of the traditional institution. On a regional scale experiments entirely convincing have not yet been carried out, but from this point of view the cultural lands can be visited as great open air museums, with transversal or theme paths, to find objects, artworks or signs: the whole land is a "collection" to be preserved, to be presented and to be interpreted. Thus the visit allows to elicit outstanding objects, to read into landscapes with different filters. Both the physical and virtual visit seem to be a "tour".

In fact, the new concept of "virtual tourism" is very similar to "virtual museum", but it's more inclusive (Wang, 2011a; Gerosa, 2011; Gärtner et al., 2010; Gretzel et al., 2010; Minucciani, 2009a; Minucciani, 2009b; Hyun et al., 2009; Cheong, 1995; Williams e Hobson, 1995).

Its own meaning is still not universally shared, anyway it originates from the advent of new technologies in the tourism industry: not only regarding new channels of information and purchase, but also the "virtual tours", exploring synthetic worlds (sometimes encroaching on videogame) or the real world. Nowadays the attention is focusing on the second one. Often the "virtual tourism" is defined as "stationary tourism", but they're trying to overcome this feature also because territory perception and his understanding are more complex than a remote visit to museum.

Actually, we could define "virtual tourism" two different cases: a virtual trip in a virtual site (that's a model, mirroring the real world or not) and a real trip (that's powered by another reality - the augmented one). Of course, there is a lot of intermediate options, and we have to take account of specific purposes and different goals (commercial, cultural, entertaining...). But we would like to focus on solutions that don't resort to models and virtual worlds, but instead aim to face to real environment.

About database construction, in addition to traditional, cartographic bases are now achievable different information sources (orthoimagery, digital models produced by photogrammetric correlation to LiDAR takes ...).

Current technology is mature to support specifically these applications with products as UAV shootings (made with extremely manageable and low cost aircrafts, operating with a high degree of automation to realize updated shooting at sustainable costs); reliefs by single "session" (with equipped aircrafts and high-performance vehicles, to acquire information components - photographic - and metric components - LiDAR); use of spherical cameras, able to acquire "views" to be freely visited by user (Figure 1).

Real sites, virtual tourism

Focusing on tourism in real sites, they're attempting to expand the perception and knowledge modes, also thank to open databases more

and more extensive.

We can acquire information in increasingly articulated ways, in order to rejoin virtual world and real experience.

For a long time the Authors are interested in this field (Minucciani, 2012; Vaudetti et al., 2012; Minucciani, 2009a; Minucciani, 2005). They believe that communication of cultural heritage has yet to fully benefit from the new technologies chances, not only in Italy (where the matter is particularly urgent and strategic, although their country isn't an emerging model about ICT exploitation for Cultural Heritage). In addition, they trust in a cultural and social mission of virtual tourism: it shouldn't not only enhance already known and possible functions (increasing the commerce and information occasions), but it should also broaden avails to situations and categories of people who have so far been excluded, in different ways.

They are convinced that the time savings should not sacrifice the awareness of real parameters (distances, differences) and that the so-called edutainment shouldn't be a simple compromise between different needs, but rather a richer opportunity. Thus their interest is addressed to technologies able to tie virtual visit and *real site*. Furthermore, they want to pay more attention to "visitor's body", i.e. his physical involvement, in virtual experiences.

Many projects facing this issue are already been carried out: from simple "virtual books or tables" to particular experiments as *PointAt*, (These solutions are interactive installations, the first one to consult documents, while *PointAt* allows to learn more about a digital version of an artwork, just pointing the finger on details - that's a very instinctive gesture (Museo del Palazzo Medici Riccardi, Firenze, 2003)), *Museum Wearable*, (This small, lightweight computer, in a carrying backpack, was connected to a body motion sensor and to augmented reality glasses and headphones, in order to support and enhance the museum visit (temporary exhibition "Robots and Beyond", MIT Museum, Boston 2000)), *Cave*, (An entirely virtual, immersive environment you can visit thank stereoscopic glasses and special "mouses" (e.g. Kivotos system, Foundation of Hellenic World, Athens 1999)), haptic interfaces, holograms and so on. In these cases, anyway, virtual real-



Figure 1. Multiple access to information.

ity integrates real environment – through 3D models and simulations.

The Authors have just developed a project aiming to explore the opposite situation, integrating the virtual environment by *real elements*.

About this issue, an interesting project has already been carried out: the virtual “Trans Siberian Railway”. Thanks to a simple video camera system, it offers the real sights from the train window along the 9000 km travel. The website also features images of small cities crossed, as well as tourist information, related to Google Maps (<http://www.google.ru/intl/ru/landing/transsib/en.html>). The project was originated from a collaboration between Google Maps and Russian Railways). However, they miss an element that Authors consider crucial: the real interaction with physical movement of the user. Although friendly and shared, a map is an abstraction and cuts immersive effect. All information access should be strictly related with a real sight, and originated from it: interaction interface is crucial.

Thus, as the objective is to merge physical and virtual reality, involving the body motion, the challenge is interesting because they want to present the real views, without 3D models. Another issue becomes crucial: the increase of data sharing, *e.g.* data related to systems as primarily Google Earth, Google Maps and Street View - now in common use. They already can provide, completely free, real images of the sites on global scale. Their content are by now integrated tools, namely repository of territorial data that we can integrate and share.

Recently, another opportunity has been jointed: integration of local and remote databases of images, and implementation in GIS systems (Ferrante and Garnero, 2013, Pirotti *et al.*, 2011).

Virtual Earth and Google Earth use a cartographic representation system not yet implemented – in Italy – in other applications (<http://www.google.ru/intl/ru/landing/transsib/en.html>). The project was originated from a collaboration between Google Maps and Russian Railways). Particularly interesting for our purpose are the geo-referenced images of Google Street View, implemented within Google Maps and Google Earth that provides panoramic views of 360° horizontally and 290° vertically along the streets (at a minimum distance of 10-20 meters apart). It was introduced in May 2007, and it runs in Italy since October 2008: Street View allows users to view portions of cities around the world at ground level, by placing on the map a little orange man.

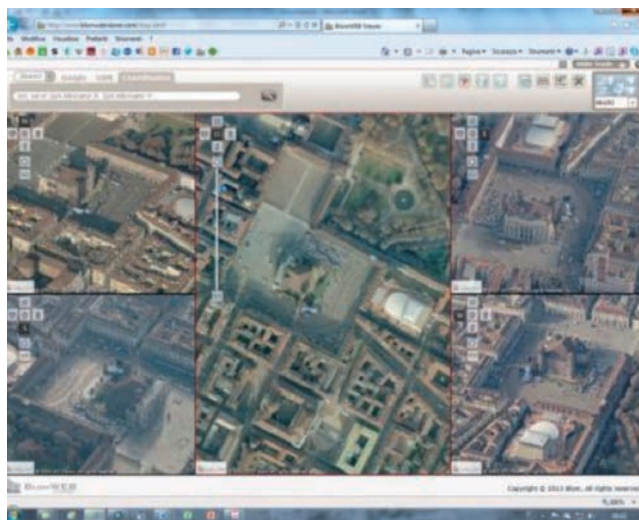


Figure 2. Nadir sight and 4 angle shots of Turin – area of “piazza Castello”.

Google Street View uses special cameras (the Dodeca 2360, with 11 goals and produced by the Canadian company Immersive Media) located on the roof of cars or equipped bikes. The service is now extended to main roads and urban streets of large and small centers, across all Italian regions (The updated coverage is available online at <http://www.google.com/help/maps/streetview/learn/where-is-street-view.html>).

The images quality is satisfying, although they may perceive the “junctions” among consecutive shots.

Furthermore, there are other databases of images that can integrate “real” views (*i.e.* at eye level), to offer to users a complete description of sites. First, the digital orthoimages (high definition) and angle shots (able to acquire buildings facades). The industrial solutions (*Pictometry*®, *Midas*® of *Track'air*, *iOne*® *Visual Intelligence*,...) use systems of cameras, connected to each other and assembled on a single support (*Pictometry* and *Midas* systems have 5 cameras: 4 are installed with an inclination of 40-45° from the vertical and according to the four directions of view perpendicular to each other (forward, backward, left and right); the fifth camera takes from the zenith. Thus different frames share the same take instant).

In fact, in order to know and document the buildings appearance without performing measurements, less expensive systems are available: *e.g.* drones (UAV, Unmanned Aerial Vehicle) with photographic equipment. The APR (Aircraft Pilot in Remote) will be able to perform low altitude shots everywhere.

Finally, is now possible to create *3D City Models*, namely consultation environments where the buildings are geometrically modeled and then “dressed” with their facades. 3D City Models are one of geomatic products available for a long time, but only the recent improvements in the autocorrelation techniques may allow automatic generation processes, therefore openings to more generalized use.

All of these activities are nowadays made possible by the generalized availability of digital terrain models (DTM). They're got thank to photogrammetric autocorrelation techniques, cartographic data and - as it often happens by now - specific LiDAR shootings (Pelagatti *et al.*, year not specified; INSPIRE, 2007).

Digital Terrain Models (DTM) are a resource in environment and land related applications. They can be employed in several way in order to deepen the comprehension of an area investigated by extracting morphometric parameters or to perform complex analyzes on the DTM alone or by combining it with other data sources with modeling purposes (Godone and Garnero, 2013; Pirotti *et al.*, 2012; Chiabrando *et al.*, 2011) (Figure 2).

A further contribution comes from the increasing standardization of cartographic production, advocated by the INSPIRE Directive and recently inserted in the current Italian regulations (Garnero *et al.*, 2013; Ferrante and Garnero, 2013, INSPIRE, 2007).

State-of-the-art: the case study of Turin

Other, different databases can be related: information about history, architecture, cultural heritage. An interesting case study is *MuseoTorino*.

Launched during the celebrations for the 150th Anniversary of Italian Unification, it's the new on line museum of Turin and it aims to collect, preserve and communicate information about cultural, historical and artistic heritage of the city, and more. The website (www.museotorino.it) is conceived and structured as a museum, where you can find information on places, people, events, itineraries (thank a browsable map of the contemporary city). Each item has a brief label and a file containing notes and information. The most inter-

esting feature is the use of the latest platforms and technologies based on the Web 3.0 (semantic web) and Linked Open Data philosophy. Museum staff has been working on the website creation and data collection since 2009, and they have produced so far more than 15.300 files on places, events, themes and characters. Each file has been stored in a new generation database, a GraphDB providing excellent performances in data management.

This database is “museum catalogue”, which can be consulted online, open to free searches. You can also move across the contemporary city, through a Google Maps application, and travel through time by visiting the permanent historical exhibition on the history of the city. MuseoTorino aims to involve the largest possible number of people, by sharing their knowledge and memories, suggesting ideas and projects. Icom Italia has awarded to MuseoTorino the prize Information Communication Technology (in occasion of *Premio Icom Italia - Musei dell'anno 2011*).

Thus, if the physical environment can be re-composed, instead of modeled, and if data and information can be collected and related, the visitor will be able to perform a “tour” without traveling. But his experience will be really “immersive” only if his motion and his perception of physical environment can be preserved.

So he will have several tools to move, literally, and to observe how and where he prefer (as if he were walking, for instance, but also turning his eyes or his head), namely natural ways with which he normally explores the world.

Suitable I/O peripherals will ensure the correspondence between the physical motion of visitors and views (and a crucial requirement will be the level of immersion of output).

Furthermore, transposition of user' real motion along a trajectory, identified on Google Maps, will be put in relation in real-time with street view images. Several markers on these will allow to access (even through queries in natural language) not only to tourist information but also to cultural ones, detailed and specific, that will catch from different databases. Travel will be featured by shots specially made, in order to access also to particular interiors.

A prototypal station

Starting from aforesaid notes, the Authors believe users can really appreciate and understand the land features, with distances, relations, proportions and morphologies (*i.e.* the territories as “systems”). Among the requirements of a “real” tour, there is the free motion in places and the “guides” support. The new functions and services of augmented reality, in addition to unstoppable spread of smartphones (which nevertheless don't break the barrier effect of display), still require a cultural, strategic reflection.

The project therefore intends to explore a tour simulation with three basic features:

- it offers to the “tourist” a *real* and *immersive vision* of what he would see across the places he's visiting, without turning to city models or synthetic worlds;

- it brings together the virtual displacement on sites with a *physical motion really made* by the “tourist”;

- it uses *shared databases*.

The final prototype (replicable for different contexts - in urban environment and in extra-urban context - and for different situations of use) will allow to visit remote sites, without turning to traditional station in front of a monitor, but recovering movement and free choice of timing and sequences.

The virtual tourist would thus have the opportunity to visit any place, stopping when and how he wants.

The experience will provide most of the functions available for real tourism, improving them: among these, virtual tourists will be able to make stops, get into some interiors and benefit of observation points that are not possible in physical reality, but easily achievable in virtual way (elevations of points of view, spherical shooting etc.).

At last, there are different uses of databases: cloud systems availability and adequate, technological infrastructure allow creation of data bases adaptable to different needs, for scholars, conservation institutions, or simple curious and tourists.

Just the “virtual tourism” is the most attractive form to consult and use such information, because the observer-visitor, according to our project, can access specialized information in intuitive way, thank to navigation tools as described, maybe with virtual assistants and so on.

Of course, such information bases could be available also to users physically visiting real places, thank to positioning instruments (GNSS, gyroscope, compass, ...) already provided on smartphones and tablets. Real tourists will be able to access to same information body than virtual one, and to navigate by using the information architectures as geometric and thematic index, data retrieving, metadating repertoire

Furthermore, at even larger scale, they will enter into the building / museum: dedicated systems will recreate a reference system (radio apparatus as GNSS systems emulators, objects identifications through QRcode, and so on) to enable real user to automatically synchronize, from its location, to available data bases.

Interaction should be as natural as possible, using also natural language and virtual assistants.

The project encompasses several disciplinary cores: museography (that's exhibition strategy and communication of cultural heritage, complemented by historical and technical disciplines); geomatics and image processing (connection between the visitor's motion, the geo and cartographic reference and related databases); virtuality (and web 2.0.), ontologies (and web 3.0); tourism sociology and marketing (implementation of investigation/verification techniques, and their transposition to the virtual tourism) (Figure 3).

Conclusions

The matter the Authors wish point out, in conclusion, relates to the use of technologies and databases now widely available.



Figure 3. Immersive and interactive virtual reality, at LAQ (High Quality Laboratory) “Auditorium”, Politecnico di Torino.

In fact, in addition to the scientific and experimental contents in itself, from their use can arise important effects for people.

Indeed it concerns not only economic and commercial business (even if the creation of new jobs and new employment sectors is undoubtedly important). Let's rather consider the social importance of a tourism solution that does not exclude whole, weak segments of population, due to income, age or disability.

In addition to effects of social inclusion (which is a main goal of European Strategy for 2020) should also be underlined the opportunity for a greater access to culture, that's a primary factor of human development and progress.

The territorial information systems leave "technical" fields and gain application contexts related to large public. For this reason, transversal use is crucial: we don't need "new knowledge bases", but to integrate them and provide *interpretations* (ontologies; network systems; systems person-based; systems on geographic key; various access systems, mutually integrated ...).

Also "closeness" is, in the most recent project, a crucial key to access information. In this field, due to great amount of interrelated information, and to worldwide spread, the Wikipedia project "Nearby" has really an excellent chance (<http://blog.wikimedia.org/2013/05/29/wikipedia-nearby-beta/>) (Figure 4).

The information of the largest free encyclopedia in the world will be connected with their geographical reference, so tourists or professional operators will be able to browse starting from their real location and then accessing related information. "Nearby" application is already active.

But a true, "intelligent access" has to provide to you information you need, or tailored for you: nowadays, thank to information available e.g. on social networks, particular interests of any visitor can be saved and considered. Not only "where you are" is important, but also "who and how you are", because in the information sea you should find what you are really interested to know. Of course, this goal requires a great work on ontologies that have to cross with "social" data, very heterogeneous: each user has the right to receive "his ownr" information output.



Figure 4. The Nearby feature on iPhone device.

References

- Agarwal, J., Sharma, N., Kumar, P., Parshav, V., Srivastava, A., Goudar, R.H.: *Intelligent search in E-Tourism services using Recommendation System: Perfect guide for tourist* (2013) 7th International Conference on Intelligent Systems and Control, ISCO 2013, art. no. 6481190, pp. 410-415.
- Antinucci, F.: *Musei virtuali: come non fare innovazione tecnologica* (2007), Roma-Bari Laterza
- Barabé, A.: *Evaluation of virtual learning environments : Analysis of an experimental activity related to training in sustainable tourism* [Évaluation des environnements d'apprentissage virtuels : Analyse d'une expérimentation reliée à la formation en tourisme durable] (2003) *Loisir et Societe*, 26 (1), pp. 211-233+9.
- Caraceni, S.: *Musei virtuali-Augmented heritage. Evoluzioni e classificazione delle tipologie di virtualità in alcuni case histories*, (2012), Rimini Guaraldi
- Chase-Levenson, A.: *Annihilating time and space: Eclecticism and virtual tourism at the Sydenham Crystal Palace* (2012) *Nineteenth-Century Contexts*, 34 (5), pp. 461-475.
- Cheong, R.: *The virtual threat to travel and tourism* (1995) *Tourism Management*, 16 (6), pp. 417-422.
- Chiabrando, R.; Fabrizio, E.; Garnero, G.: *On the applicability of the visual impact assessment OASPP tool to photovoltaic plants*, *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews* (ISSN:1364-0321) , pp. 845- 850, Vol. 15 (2011)
- Cozzi, P.: *Turismo e Web. Marketing e comunicazione tra mondo reale e virtuale*, Milano, Franco Angeli (2010)
- Davenport, E.: *Localisation, globalisation and SMEs in European tourism: The 'virtual enterprise' model of intervention* (2000) *Proceedings of the ASIS Annual Meeting*, 37, pp. 309-318.
- Dong, H.: *Review on the websites and virtual tourism of World Heritage sites in China* (2010) 2nd International Conference on Information Science and Engineering, ICISE2010 - Proceedings, art. no. 5691830, pp. 6112-6114.
- Ferrante, F.; Garnero, G.: *Tecnologie e dati spaziali per una moderna governance del territorio. Strumenti a supporto della riforma del Catasto* (Technologies and spatial data for modern land governance. Tools to support the cadastral reform.), *Territorio Italia - Governo del Territorio, Catasto, Mercato immobiliare*, n. 01/2013, p. 9-26 (Italian and English version)

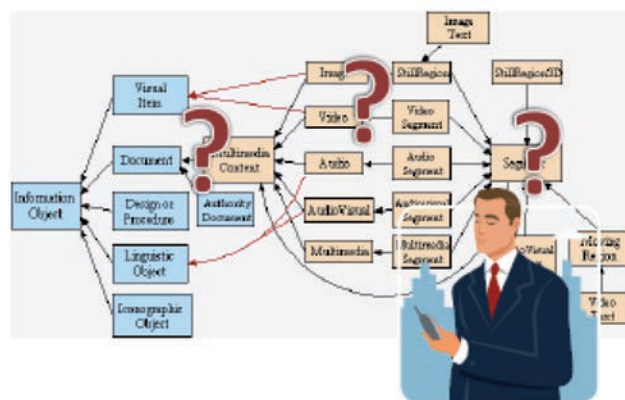


Figure 5. Ontologic interrelation of geographic and thematic DB.

- Gale, T.: *Urban beaches, virtual worlds and 'the end of tourism'* (2009) *Mobilities*, 4 (1), pp. 119-138.
- Garnero, G.; Corrias, A.; Manigas, L.; Zedda, S.V.: *VGI, Augmented Reality and Smart Web Application: Projects of Development in the Territory of the Sardinia Region*, in B. Murgante et al. (Eds.): ICCSA 2013, Part IV, LNCS 7974, pp. 77–92. Springer, Heidelberg (2013)
- Gärtner, M., Seidel, I., Froschauer, J., Berger, H.: *The formation of virtual organizations by means of electronic institutions in a 3D e-Tourism environment* (2010) *Information Sciences*, 180 (17), pp. 3157-3169.
- Germann Molz J.; Gibson S.: *Mobilizing Hospitality*, Farnham, Ashgate (2007)
- Gerosa, M.; Milano, R.: *Viaggi in rete. Dal nuovo marketing turistico ai viaggi nei mondi virtuali* (2011), Milano FrancoAngeli
- Godone, D.; Garnero G.: *The role of morphometric parameters in Digital Terrain Models interpolation accuracy: a case study*, *European Journal of Remote Sensing*, (ISSN:2279-7254) 46: 198-214 [doi: 10.5721/EuJRS20134611] (2013)
- Granieri G.; Perri G.: *Linguaggi digitali per il turismo*, Milano, Apogeo (2009)
- Gretzel U.; Law R.; Fuchs M.: *Information and Communication Technologies in Tourism 2010*, Wien-New York, Springer (2010)
- Hashim, K.H.B.: Jusof, M.J.B., *Spherical high dynamic range virtual reality for virtual tourism: Kellie's Castle, Malaysia* (2010) 2010 16th International Conference on Virtual Systems and Multimedia, VSMM 2010, art. no. 5665945, pp. 297-300.
- Hernández, L.A., Taibo, J., Seoane, A.J.: *Immersive video for virtual tourism* (2001) *Proceedings of SPIE - The International Society for Optical Engineering*, 4520, pp. 63-73.
- Hopeniene, R., Railiene, G., Kazlauskienė, E.: *Potential of virtual organizing of tourism business system actors* [Turizmo verslo sistemos dalyviu{ogonek} virtualaus organizavimosi potencialas] (2009) *Engineering Economics*, 3 (63), pp. 75-85.
- Hsu, C.: *The feasibility of Augmented Reality on virtual tourism website* (2011) *Proceedings - 4th International Conference on Ubi-Media Computing, U-Media 2011*, art. no. 5992081, pp. 253-256.
- Hu, Z., Cao, Z., Shi, J.: *Research of interactive product design for virtual tourism* (2012) *Lecture Notes in Electrical Engineering*, 140 LNEE, pp. 411-416
- Hyun, M.Y., Lee, S., Hu, C.: *Mobile-mediated virtual experience in tourism: Concept, typology and applications* (2009) *Journal of Vacation Marketing*, 15 (2), pp. 149-164
- INSPIRE Directive Of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 March 2007 establishing an Infrastructure for Spatial Information in the European Community - Directive 2007/2/EC (2007)
- Kapp K. M.: *The Gamification of Learning and Instruction: Game-based Methods and Strategies for Training and Education*. John Wiley & Sons (2012)
- Kim, L.C., Lam, T.K., Talib, A.Z.: *Acoustical heritage for virtual tourism on mobile platform* (2011) *Proceeding of the International Conference on e-Education Entertainment and e-Management, ICEEE 2011*, art. no. 6137804, pp. 273-276.
- Kuntarto, G.P., Gunawan, D.: *Dwipa search engine: When E-tourism meets the semantic web* (2012) 2012 International Conference on Advanced Computer Science and Information Systems, ICACSIS 2012 - Proceedings, art. no. 6468741, pp. 155-160.
- Maymand, M.M., Farsijani, H., Tahery Moosavi, S.S.: *Investigation of the key success factors in virtual tourism*, (2012) *Indian Journal of Science and Technology*, 5 (7), pp. 3073-3080.
- Minucciani, V.; Garnero, G.: *Available and Implementable Technologies for Virtual Tourism: A Prototypal Station Project*, in B. Murgante et al. (Eds.): ICCSA 2013, Part IV, LNCS 7974, pp. 193-204. Springer, Heidelberg (2013)
- Minucciani, V.: *Pensare il museo. Dai fondamenti teorici agli strumenti tecnici*. p. 1-199, Rivoli (TO):CET - Casa Editrice Torinese, ISBN: 9788896470060 (2012)
- Minucciani, V.: *Musei e tecnologie virtuali*, *Tafer Journal*, ISSN: 1974-563X (2009a)
- Minucciani, V.: *Artifici tecnologici al servizio della narrazione archeologica*. In: Celada, G.; Gentilini, C.; Martinelli, C.: *Palestrina. La città e il tempio*. p. 199-211, Maggioli, ISBN: 9788838743382 (2009b)
- Minucciani, V.: *Il museo fuori dal museo*, ISBN 9788882230739, Milano, Lybra Immagine (2005)
- Pelagatti et al.: *SpatialDBgroup Weblink to a page about IDT* <http://spatialdbgroup.polimi.it/visione/> (year not specified)
- Pirotti, F., Grigolato, S., Lingua, E., Sitzia, T., Tarolli, P.: *Laser scanner applications in forest and environmental sciences*, *Italian Journal of Remote Sensing / Rivista Italiana di Telerilevamento*, 44 (1), pp. 109-123 (2012)
- Pirotti, F., Guarnieri, A., Vettore, A.: *Collaborative Web-GIS Design: A Case Study for Road Risk Analysis and Monitoring*, (2011) *Transactions in GIS*, 15 (2), pp. 213-226.
- Poulot, D.: *Musée et muséologie* (2005), Paris La Découverte
- Proctor, N.: *Digital Museums as Platform, Curator as Champion, in the Age of Social Media*, Curator (2010)
- Roberta, K.V., Wisudawati, L.M., Razi, M., Agushinta R., D.: *Web based virtual agent for tourism guide in Indonesia* (2011) *Communications in Computer and Information Science*, 191 CCIS (PART 2), pp. 146-153.
- Vaudetti, M.; Minucciani, V.; Canepa, S. (a cura di): *The Archaeological Musealization Multidisciplinary Intervention in Archaeological Sites for the Conservation, Communication and Culture*, p. 9-280, Torino, Allemandi & C., ISBN: 9788842221203 (2012)
- Vince, J.A.: *Introduction to Virtual Reality* (2004), London Berlin Heidelberg, Springer-Verlag
- Wang, F.-X.: *Design and implementation of Hainan tourism spots virtual reality system* (2011a) *Key Engineering Materials*, 474-476, pp. 2217-2220
- Wang, C.: *Application of virtual reality technology in digital tourism* (2011b) *Proceedings - 3rd International Conference on Multimedia Information Networking and Security, MINES 2011*, art. no. 6103831, pp. 537-541.
- Williams, P., Hobson, J.P.: *Virtual reality and tourism: fact or fantasy?* (1995) *Tourism Management*, 16 (6), pp. 423-427.
- Zhang, Y., Zhang, X.: *An integrated application of tourism planning based on virtual reality technology and indicator assessment* (2012) *Lecture Notes in Electrical Engineering*, 107 LNEE, pp. 1435-1442.