

Pseudorapidity dependence of anisotropic flow and its decorrelations using long-range multiparticle correlations in Pb–Pb and Xe–Xe collisions

Original

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Letter

## Pseudorapidity dependence of anisotropic flow and its decorrelations using long-range multiparticle correlations in Pb–Pb and Xe–Xe collisions

ALICE Collaboration \*

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### ABSTRACT

The pseudorapidity dependence of elliptic ( $v_2$ ), triangular ( $v_3$ ), and quadrangular ( $v_4$ ) flow coefficients of charged particles measured in Pb–Pb collisions at a centre-of-mass energy per nucleon pair of  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.02$  TeV and in Xe–Xe collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.44$  TeV with ALICE at the LHC are presented. The measurements are performed in the pseudorapidity range  $-3.5 < \eta < 5$  for various centrality intervals using two- and multi-particle cumulants with the subevent method. The flow probability density function (p.d.f.) is studied with the ratio of flow coefficient  $v_2$  calculated with four- and two-particle cumulant, and suggests that the variance of flow p.d.f. is independent of pseudorapidity. The decorrelation of the flow vector in the longitudinal direction is probed using two-particle correlations. The results measured with respect to different reference regions in pseudorapidity exhibit differences, argued to be a result of saturating decorrelation effect above a certain pseudorapidity separation, in contrast to previous publications which assign this observation to non-flow effects. The results are compared to 3 + 1 dimensional hydrodynamic and the AMPT transport model calculations. Neither of the models is able to simultaneously describe the pseudorapidity dependence of measurements of anisotropic flow and its fluctuations. The results presented in this work highlight shortcomings in our current understanding of initial conditions and subsequent system expansion in the longitudinal direction. Therefore, they provide input for its improvement.

### 1. Introduction

There is significant evidence for the production of strongly coupled plasma of quarks and gluons (QGP) in ultra relativistic heavy-ion collisions, as measured by RHIC and LHC experiments [1–5]. Several probes are used to determine the properties of this medium, with measurements of anisotropic flow being among the most powerful ones [6]. The nuclear overlap region of two colliding nuclei forms an initial spatial anisotropy, which is transformed, during the expansion of the subsequently created medium, into an anisotropic azimuthal particle distribution. This anisotropy is quantified based on the Fourier transform of the azimuthal particle distribution [7]

$$\frac{dN}{d\varphi} \propto f(\varphi) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left[ 1 + 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} v_n \cos(n[\varphi - \Psi_n]) \right],$$

where  $\varphi$  is the azimuthal angle of the emitted particles,  $\Psi_n$  is the  $n^{\text{th}}$  order flow symmetry plane and  $v_n = \langle \cos(n[\varphi - \Psi_n]) \rangle$  the  $n^{\text{th}}$  anisotropic flow coefficient. Here,  $\langle \dots \rangle$  denotes an average over all particles in a single event. Together the  $v_n$  and  $\Psi_n$  define the  $n^{\text{th}}$  order

(complex) anisotropic flow  $V_n \equiv v_n e^{in\Psi_n}$ , with  $v_n = |V_n|$  representing the magnitude of  $V_n$  and  $\Psi_n$  its angle.

Anisotropic flow characterises the degree of collective motion of produced particles relative to the symmetry plane vector of a heavy-ion collision. It arises as a direct response to the initial geometry of the overlapping region of colliding nuclei, expressed in terms of eccentricity  $\varepsilon_n$  for  $n \leq 4$  [8,9]. The most pronounced component is the elliptic flow,  $V_2$ , related to the collision ellipticity that reflects the almond shape of the nucleus overlap, while higher order harmonics appear as a result of event-by-event fluctuations of the initial transverse density profiles. Anisotropic flow measurements have been studied in great detail both experimentally and theoretically, thereby allowing the determination of crucial information on the initial conditions and the transport properties of the QGP [10–13], such as the shear viscosity over entropy density ratio,  $\eta/s$ , which was found to be near to the universal lower bound of  $1/4\pi$  [14]. In these studies, anisotropic flow was usually assumed to be driven by a boost invariant initial spatial anisotropy, and experimental measurements were interpreted as anisotropy with respect to an event-averaged symmetry plane.

This assumption has been challenged by several measurements of the pseudorapidity ( $\eta$ ) dependence of anisotropic flow that revealed

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longitudinal fluctuations of the flow vectors  $V_n$  [15–18]. This can be interpreted as decorrelation of the flow magnitudes and/or symmetry plane angles between two different  $\eta$  windows. Measurements exploiting multiparticle correlations suggest that fluctuations in both the flow magnitude and the symmetry plane contribute equally to the flow vector decorrelation [17]. It was argued in Ref. [19] that these effects are connected to the fluctuating initial state, where the transverse shape of the initially produced system fluctuates not only on an event-by-event basis, but also within an event, and it depends on  $\eta$ . Indeed, many theoretical studies based on hydrodynamic [20–22] and transport models [19,23] showed that the decorrelations are connected to the longitudinal fluctuations in the initial state, with a possible additional contribution from early time hydrodynamic fluctuations [24], but only weak dependence on the  $\eta/s$  of the QGP [21,24]. Measurements of anisotropic flow and its fluctuations as a function of pseudorapidity, therefore, represent an important ingredient to constrain the three-dimensional initial conditions and the QGP expansion in longitudinal direction [25–27].

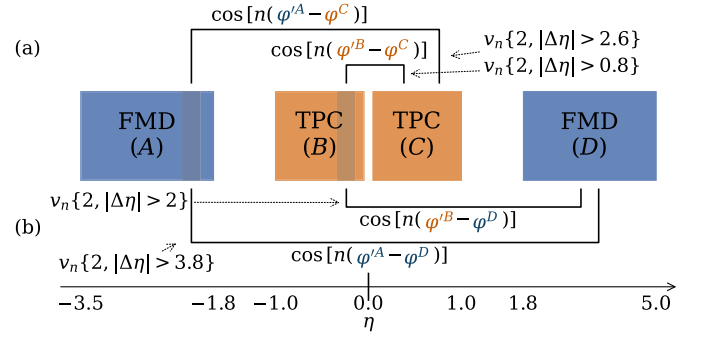
It was found that comparison between measurements from Pb–Pb and Xe–Xe collisions offers a unique possibility to test the hydrodynamic framework under variations of the nuclear mass number and geometry of the collisions [28–30]. Recent results on longitudinal flow fluctuations in both Pb–Pb and Xe–Xe collisions showed that the hydrodynamic models that successfully describe the transverse dynamics of the medium evolution, do not reproduce the longitudinal structure of the initial state [18]. Thus, studying results from collision systems of different sizes can bring additional insight into our understanding of the properties of the QGP.

This letter presents measurements of the pseudorapidity dependence of anisotropic flow coefficients  $v_2$ ,  $v_3$  and  $v_4$  in Pb–Pb collisions at collision energy  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.02$  TeV and Xe–Xe collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.44$  TeV within a wide pseudorapidity range,  $-3.5 < \eta < 5.0$ , with the ALICE detector. The measurements are based on two- and four-particle cumulants,  $v_n\{2\}$  and  $v_n\{4\}$ , respectively [31,32]. To suppress contamination from short-range correlations, denoted as non-flow, particles are measured in different subevents widely separated in phase space by imposing a pseudorapidity gap,  $|\Delta\eta|$ , between them. The large detector acceptance, together with the state-of-the-art measurement techniques, enables us to perform these studies in a wider pseudorapidity range and with a larger pseudorapidity separation of  $|\Delta\eta| > 3.8$  compared to previous measurements done at the LHC [16,17,33]. The results presented in this letter improve previous ALICE measurements [34] by significantly reducing the systematic uncertainties dominated by those stemming from corrections for secondary particles and non-flow contamination. In addition, the longitudinal flow vector fluctuations are investigated using the ratio of two-particle correlators calculated in subevents at different pseudorapidities. Both centrality and pseudorapidity dependences are discussed. The results are compared with calculations from a 3 + 1 dimensional CLVisc hydrodynamic model [35] and the AMPT transport model [36].

## 2. Observable definitions

Anisotropic flow and its fluctuations are measured with two- and four-particle cumulants, and a decorrelation ratio, respectively, with the use of  $m$ -particle azimuthal correlations. The  $m$ -particle azimuthal correlations are calculated with the generic framework [32], which is an effective way to obtain correlation of any order corrected for detector effects.

Differential observables, such as those presented in this work, are measured by correlating the so-called particles of interest, POI, in the desired narrow pseudorapidity interval with respect to reference particles, RFP, measured in a wide pseudorapidity range. If the  $\eta$  intervals of POI and RFP are close to each other, such correlations are affected by non-flow contamination, that mainly arise from correlations among the jet constituents. These are suppressed by imposing a pseudorapidity



**Fig. 1.** Illustration of correlator methods showing calculation of  $v_n\{2\}$  using either a small (a) or large (b) separation in pseudorapidity. Darker bands indicate where the differential measurement is performed (i.e. particles of interest) while the other end of the connecting lines indicate reference particles.

gap,  $|\Delta\eta|$ , between regions called subevents. In this analysis, correlations are calculated in specific regions in  $\eta$ , which can naturally be considered as subevents. The choice of these subevents allows us to perform longitudinal flow measurements while suppressing the contribution from non-flow.

The regions used for the measurements presented in this article are schematically illustrated in Figs. 1 and 2. Regions A and D correspond to very forward pseudorapidities, while regions B and C are on either side of the symmetry line  $\eta = 0$ .

Within a traditional approach, flow coefficients differential in pseudorapidity are obtained from two-particle cumulants as

$$v_n^{X\{2\}} = \frac{\langle\langle 2' \rangle\rangle}{\sqrt{\langle\langle 2 \rangle\rangle}} = \frac{\langle v_n^{X\prime} v_n^Y \rangle}{\sqrt{\langle v_n^X v_n^Y \rangle}}, \quad (1)$$

where the  $v_n$  and  $v_n^{\prime}$  are the reference and differential flow, respectively, and  $X, Y$  stand for different reference regions for particle correlations in pseudorapidity. The single angular brackets  $\langle \cdot \rangle$  represent an average over events with similar centrality, and the double angular brackets  $\langle\langle \cdot \rangle\rangle$  an average over particles within an event, and over events. It is further assumed that the reference flow is symmetric,  $v_n^X = v_n^Y$ , as warranted for symmetric collision systems such as Pb–Pb and Xe–Xe, presented in this work. The  $\langle\langle m \rangle\rangle$  denotes the  $m$ -particle correlation, in particular the  $\langle\langle 2 \rangle\rangle$  represents correlations between two RFP, and  $\langle\langle 2' \rangle\rangle$  correlation between RFP and POI. These correlations are defined as:

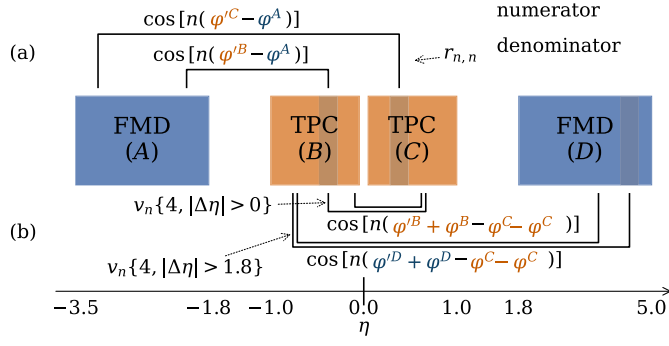
$$\begin{aligned} \langle\langle 2 \rangle\rangle &= \langle\langle \cos[n(\varphi_1^X - \varphi_2^Y)] \rangle\rangle, \\ \langle\langle 2' \rangle\rangle &= \langle\langle \cos[n(\varphi_1^X - \varphi_2^Y)] \rangle\rangle, \end{aligned} \quad (2)$$

with  $\varphi_k^{X,Y}$  representing the azimuthal angle of RFP from reference regions  $X$  or  $Y$ , and  $\varphi_k^{X\prime}$  representing the azimuthal angle of POI in a given narrow interval in  $\eta$ .

The analysis is carried out with two choices of reference region, as illustrated in Fig. 1. In the first case, the reference region is chosen from midrapidity, i.e. either region B or C. In this configuration, the RFP are correlated with POI in region C or D, or B or A, respectively. That is, RFP at negative (positive) midrapidity are correlated with POI at positive (negative) mid or forward rapidity. In such configurations where the correlated particles are taken from neighbouring regions, it is important to suppress non-flow by avoiding correlations near the edge of the regions, i.e. when the difference between POI and RFP is  $|\Delta\eta| \approx 0$ . Therefore, only a specific  $\eta$  range in the corresponding reference region is chosen, in particular  $0.8 < |\eta| < 1.0$ . This choice effectively results in an  $\eta$ -gap for midrapidity measurements of  $|\Delta\eta| > 0.8$ , while forward measurements have a larger separation of  $|\Delta\eta| > 2.6$ .

The case where the reference region is positioned in C is illustrated in Fig. 1(a).

In the second case, the reference region is chosen to be at forward rapidity. In this configuration, there are again several options to cor-



**Fig. 2.** Illustration of correlator methods showing calculation of the decorrelation effect (a) as well as  $v_n\{4\}$  (b). Darker bands indicate where the differential measurement is performed (i.e. particles of interest) while the other end of the connecting lines indicate reference particles.

relate the RFP with POI. The particles taken from reference regions A (or D), can be correlated with POI from C or D (or A or B). In this way, the pseudorapidity separation between RFP and POI is increased to  $|\Delta\eta| > 2.0$  and  $|\Delta\eta| > 3.8$  for mid- and forward rapidity measurements, respectively. Therefore, this configuration excludes more short-range correlations arising from non-flow as compared to the first case. This configuration, in particular the case where the reference region is chosen to be D, is illustrated in Fig. 1(b).

The advantage of measuring flow coefficients via  $m$ -particle cumulants for  $m > 2$  is the suppression of lower order non-flow correlations by definition [31], including those that stem from non-flow effects. To further suppress remaining non-flow originating in multiparticle short-range correlations, the subevent method was recently introduced to higher order cumulants, too [37,38]. The differential flow is determined using the four-particle cumulant defined as

$$v_n^X\{4\} = -\frac{\langle\langle 4' \rangle\rangle - 2 \cdot \langle\langle 2' \rangle\rangle \langle\langle 2 \rangle\rangle}{(\langle\langle 4 \rangle\rangle - 2 \cdot \langle\langle 2 \rangle\rangle^2)^{3/4}} = \frac{\langle v_n^X v_n^3 \rangle}{\langle v_n^4 \rangle^{3/4}}, \quad (3)$$

where the two-particle correlations are calculated in the same way as in Eq. (2). Four-particle correlations are obtained as

$$\begin{aligned} \langle\langle 4 \rangle\rangle &= \langle\langle \cos[n(\varphi_1^X + \varphi_2^X - \varphi_3^Y - \varphi_4^Y)] \rangle\rangle, \\ \langle\langle 4' \rangle\rangle &= \langle\langle \cos[n(\varphi_1^{X'} + \varphi_2^{X'} - \varphi_3^Y - \varphi_4^Y)] \rangle\rangle. \end{aligned} \quad (4)$$

The choice of the subevents for the  $v_n\{4\}$  measurements is the same as in the case of the two-particle cumulant measurement discussed above and as illustrated in Fig. 2(b). Reference regions only at midrapidity, B or C, are used for this measurement. As this observable is less influenced by non-flow, it is possible to exploit the whole  $\eta$  range of the reference region to minimise statistical uncertainties, yielding an  $\eta$ -gap of  $|\Delta\eta| > 0$  for midrapidity measurements, and  $|\Delta\eta| > 2.0$  for forward measurements.

In order to investigate the longitudinal fluctuations of the flow vector, a decorrelation ratio  $r_{n|n}$  [16] is used. As illustrated in Fig. 2(a), it is formed as the ratio of the opposite-side two-particle correlation between the reference region and the region of interest (i.e. RFP from region A (D) correlated with POI in narrow  $\eta$  intervals from region C (B)) to the same-side correlation (i.e. RFP from region A (D) correlated with POI in narrow  $\eta$  intervals from region B (C)),

$$r_{n|n} = \frac{\langle \cos[n(\varphi_1^{-X} - \varphi_2^Y)] \rangle}{\langle \cos[n(\varphi_1^{X'} - \varphi_2^Y)] \rangle} = \frac{\langle v_n^{-X} v_n^Y \cos[n(\Psi_n^{-X} - \Psi_n^Y)] \rangle}{\langle v_n^X v_n^Y \cos[n(\Psi_n^{X'} - \Psi_n^Y)] \rangle}, \quad (5)$$

where the  $\Psi_n^Y$  is the average symmetry plane of a reference region Y, and  $\Psi_n^{X'}$  is the symmetry plane of the given narrow interval in  $\eta$ . Flow vector fluctuations arise from two sources. First, the decorrelation of the symmetry plane, which would manifest in a non-vanishing cosine term, as the symmetry planes  $\Psi_n$  at different pseudorapidities would not be equal to each other, or twisted,  $\Psi_n^X \neq \Psi_n^Y$ . Second, the decorrelation

of the flow magnitude would lead to the product of flow coefficients not being factorised due to additional fluctuation terms dependent on  $\eta$ :  $\langle v_n^X v_n^Y \rangle \neq \sqrt{\langle v_n^{X^2} \rangle} \sqrt{\langle v_n^{Y^2} \rangle}$ . To measure the absolute signal of flow vector fluctuation, the correlations between particles from different  $\eta$  intervals in the numerator of  $r_{n|n}$  would be ideally divided with correlations performed between particles from the same  $\eta$  window in the denominator. Such configuration would, however, introduce significant non-flow background, as the main characteristic of these correlations is the proximity of particles in  $\eta$ . Therefore, the  $r_{n|n}$  observable defined in Eq. (5) is used, which quantifies the relative flow fluctuations between  $\eta$  and  $-\eta$ . It ensures that POI have the same absolute pseudorapidity ( $\eta = \eta^C = -\eta^B$ ). If neither  $v_n$  nor  $\Psi_n$  fluctuate along the longitudinal direction, then  $r_{n|n}$  is expected to converge to unity. If either of these effects, or both, are present, then the numerator of  $r_{n|n}$  is smaller than the denominator, and hence  $r_{n|n}$  will deviate from unity, with deviations growing stronger with increasing  $\eta$  (i.e. larger relative pseudorapidity difference). However, remaining short-range non-flow effects may also give rise to a fake decorrelation signal, as they would increase the value of the denominator.

### 3. Experimental setup

A detailed description of the ALICE apparatus can be found in Ref. [39,40]. The relevant detectors for the presented results are the Inner Tracking System (ITS) [41], a silicon detector consisting of 6 cylindrical layers close to the collision point; the Time Projection Chamber (TPC) [42], which is the main tracking detector in ALICE; and the Forward Multiplicity Detector (FMD) [43], a silicon strip detector which measures the multiplicity of charged particles at forward rapidities. Finally, the V0 scintillator arrays are used for online event selection and offline centrality determination. These two arrays are placed at very forward rapidities and provide high-resolution timing and approximate sum multiplicity measurements offline [44].

Charged-particle trajectories measured by both ITS and TPC combined are limited to  $|\eta| < 0.9$ . However, tracks measured with the TPC only, that is, without matching tracks to other hit-producing devices, can be extended to  $|\eta| < 1.5$ , with a slightly reduced transverse momentum resolution. Particle trajectories are reconstructed in  $0.2 < p_T < 5$  GeV/c, with the requirement of at least one space point in the two inner most layers of the ITS, at least 70 (out of 159) space points in the TPC, and a largest transverse and longitudinal distance (DCA) to the primary vertex of 0.0182 cm and 2 cm, respectively. The upper cut-off on transverse momentum is imposed to limit the contribution from high- $p_T$  particles mostly from jets and to ensure relatively uniform tracking efficiency. The limit on pseudorapidity is imposed to ensure full TPC coverage. Tracking efficiencies and detector acceptance effects are corrected for using per-particle weights (for details see Ref. [32]). The flow measurements in the central region of pseudorapidity are extrapolated to  $p_T = 0$ , based on simulations with AMPT model calculations as input, to make the measurements comparable to those at forward pseudorapidity. The correction was obtained as the ratio of  $v_n$  with no  $p_T$  cut to  $v_n$  with the cut used for the analysis. Only primary particles were used to remove any detector effects in the calculations.

The FMD covers  $-3.5 < \eta < -1.8$  and  $1.8 < \eta < 5$  with high resolution in pseudorapidity and 20 segments in azimuth. Due to various technical and engineering considerations, the direct line-of-sight from the FMD sub-detectors to the collision point is obscured by relatively large amounts of material which require careful study of secondary particle production and associated corrections [45]. The FMD does not provide any tracking capabilities on its own and can therefore not distinguish between primary particles [46] and particles produced in decays or surrounding material. Instead, the effect of secondary particles on the observed azimuthal particle distribution was studied, with emphasis on the relative deflection of secondary particles with respect to the primary particle ( $\delta\varphi$ ). The Fourier transform  $\mathcal{F}$  of the resulting  $dN/d(\delta\varphi)$  distribution then corrects for the deflection of secondary

particles relative to their primary origin, so that the differential flow measurement becomes  $\langle \langle v'_n v_n \rangle \rangle^{\text{primary}} = \mathcal{F}^{-1} \langle \langle v'_n v_n \rangle \rangle^{\text{inclusive}}$ , where *inclusive* means the measured correlation of both primary and secondary particles. The transformation  $\mathcal{F}$  (a factor in Fourier space) depends on the material traversed by the particles and, as such, is dependent on the pseudorapidity of the particles and on the position of the interaction point in the beam direction  $z$ . The first order effect of the material is to amplify the primary signal proportionally, and no significant dependence of  $\mathcal{F}$  on collision centrality is found. The resulting correction for the effect of secondary particles ranges from 1.1 to 1.6, depending on the pseudorapidity, primary vertex  $z$  coordinate, and the order of the flow harmonic. Detector acceptances are corrected for using per-azimuth-segment weights.

The results presented in this letter are based on data acquired during LHC Run 2 in 2015 for Pb–Pb collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 5.02$  TeV and in 2017 for Xe–Xe at  $\sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 5.44$  TeV. The event selection involves a centrality estimate based on the amplitudes of the signals in both arrays of the V0 detectors [47], and a constraint on events within 10 cm from the primary vertex. Selection criteria on the correlation between the forward detectors V0 and FMD as well as a veto on multi-vertex events are applied to select beam-crossings and reject pileup as well as outlier events. In total,  $10^7$  and  $10^6$  collisions of Pb–Pb and Xe–Xe, respectively, were analysed.

#### 4. Systematic uncertainties

The systematic uncertainties stemming from event selection, multi-vertex veto, and outlier rejection are investigated by tightening and relaxing the selection criteria used in this analysis, and the effects are found to be negligible. Variations in the accepted primary vertex  $z$  coordinate influence the acceptance of the detectors. This contribution accounts for at most 1% uncertainty in the most peripheral collisions. The systematic uncertainty associated with estimating collision centrality is studied by defining centrality intervals using the multiplicity distribution measured at midrapidity [48] rather than in the V0 amplitude. The uncertainty is found to be at most 1% in midcentral collisions and negligible in the most peripheral and central collisions.

The effects of the track selection at midrapidity are explored by performing an independent analysis with varied values of the selection criteria, and is summarised in the following. Increasing the number of required TPC space points was found to be negligible. Variations in the required DCA of tracks in both transverse and longitudinal direction to provide different sensitivity to contamination from secondary tracks result in a 1 to 3% systematic uncertainty, larger for most central collisions and  $v_n\{4\}$  results. *Hybrid tracks*, which combine information from three different types of tracks in order to achieve uniform azimuthal acceptance and the best transverse momentum resolution, are used for systematic variation of the track reconstruction procedure. A 1 to 6% systematic uncertainty is found, smallest for  $v_2$ , and largest for the highest harmonic,  $v_4$ . The uncertainty arising from the extrapolation of midrapidity  $v_n$  to  $p_T = 0$  was estimated by varying the maximum value of the  $p_T$  selection, and was found to be 1%.

Systematic uncertainties originating from secondary particle production on a material in front of the FMD are investigated by varying the material density by  $\pm 10\%$  using Monte Carlo simulations. The resulting systematic uncertainty of 2.5% for  $v_2$ , 3% for  $v_3$ , and 3.5% for  $v_4$ , is found. This represents a significant improvement with respect to the previous results [34]. An effective correction for secondary particle production, which compares generator level to post-simulated detector response, to the Fourier space correction ( $\mathcal{F}$ ), gives a systematic uncertainty ranging from 1% for  $v_2$  to 4% for  $v_4$ . Finally, the systematic uncertainty from generating the secondary correction on simulated rather than experimental data, via detailed analysis of simulated particle trajectories, ranges between 0.5–3%, with values dependent on the order of the harmonic investigated.

As the effects from secondary particles arising from including the FMD detector in the analysis has little or no dependence on centrality nor collision systems, the same corrections for secondary particles in Pb–Pb collisions are applied to the Xe–Xe data, taking into account the smaller overall particle production in these collisions [49].

The weights introduced to account for non-uniform acceptance and efficiencies are in principle dependent on the granularity by which these are determined. The uncertainty related to varying the granularity is investigated and found to be negligible at both mid- and forward rapidity.

The systematic uncertainty of blind regions (‘holes’) in the FMD is evaluated by comparing the generator level results to full detector response simulations results with interpolation in these holes. This exercise results in 2% systematic uncertainty, applied only in the pseudorapidity regions affected by the acceptance holes of the FMD. Also, the positive and negative pseudorapidity results are compared, as these are expected to be symmetric in symmetric collision systems such as Pb–Pb and Xe–Xe. An uncertainty of at most 2% and 4% at mid- and forward rapidity, respectively, in Pb–Pb collisions, and 2% and 5% in Xe–Xe collisions is assigned, due to the asymmetry introduced into the analysis procedure by corrections for efficiency, acceptance, and secondary particles.

It should be noted that the choice of using two- or multiparticle correlations, with a rapidity gap between POI and RFP to suppress correlations from non-collective behaviour, effectively removes the 2–10% uncertainty that was applied to the previous ALICE results [34].

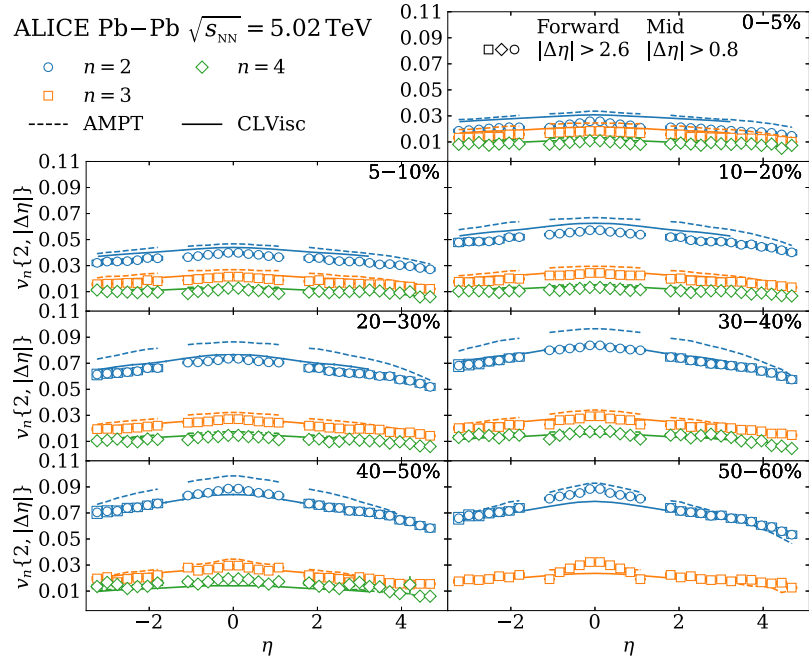
The different sources listed above were assumed to be uncorrelated and added in quadrature to determine the total systematic uncertainty on the measurement of  $v_n$ . These contributions, however, cancel out in the decorrelation ratio  $r_{2|2}$ , since uncertainties are shared between the numerator and denominator. Therefore, only the statistical uncertainties are reported on this quantity.

#### 5. Results

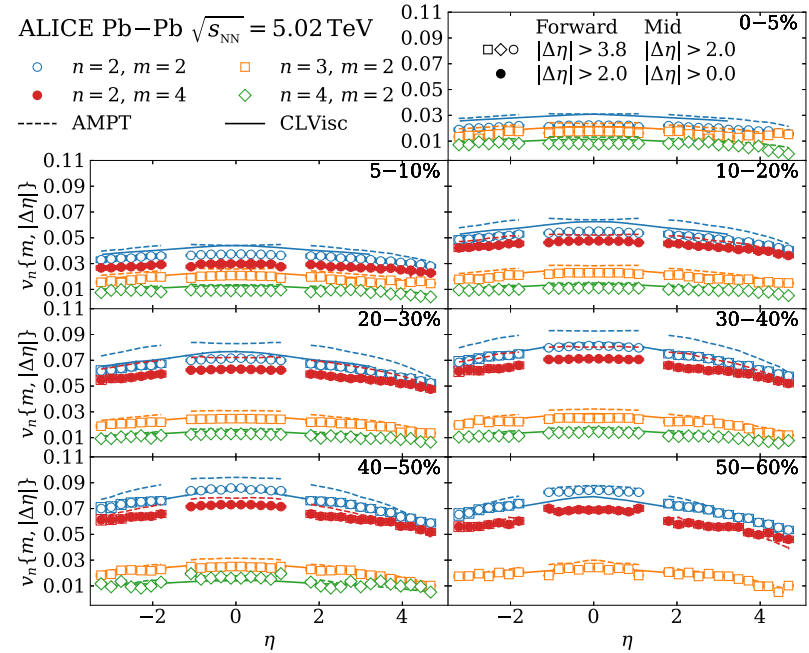
Fig. 3 presents the measurements of  $v_2\{2\}$ ,  $v_3\{2\}$  and  $v_4\{2\}$  as a function of pseudorapidity and centrality in Pb–Pb collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 5.02$  TeV. The  $v_4\{2\}$  measurement at 50–60% collision centrality is not shown due to large statistical uncertainties. The reference region is at midrapidity, and the  $\eta$ -gap between the POI and RFP at mid and forward rapidity is  $|\Delta\eta| > 0.8$  and  $|\Delta\eta| > 2.6$ , respectively (corresponding to the subevent topology illustrated in Fig. 1(a)). The  $v_2\{2\}$  measurements show a stronger dependence on collision centrality, while  $v_3\{2\}$  and  $v_4\{2\}$  reveal only a modest dependence. This is consistent with pseudorapidity integrated measurements [50] explained by  $v_2$  being driven by the average elliptic geometry, while higher order harmonics originate predominantly from its fluctuations.

Fig. 4 shows the pseudorapidity dependence of flow coefficients obtained with large  $\eta$ -gap ( $|\Delta\eta| > 2.0$  and  $|\Delta\eta| > 3.8$  for mid and forward rapidities, respectively) between POI and RFP choosing forward rapidity for the reference region (corresponding to the subevent topology illustrated in Fig. 1(b)). Also shown are the results of the four-particle cumulant  $v_2\{4\}$ . A similar trend of  $v_n\{m\}$  as a function of centrality and pseudorapidity can be seen as in Fig. 3, except at midrapidity, where the increased  $\eta$ -gap for  $v_n\{2\}$ , or using higher order cumulant  $v_2\{4\}$ , leads to almost constant dependence on pseudorapidity compared to the measurements with smaller  $\eta$ -gap reported in Fig. 3.

To better appreciate the difference between the results shown in Figs. 3 and 4, Fig. 5 presents the ratio of  $v_n\{2\}$  with reference region at midrapidity, and the  $v_2\{4\}$  results, to the  $v_n\{2\}$  results using the forward reference region. The relevant ratio for  $v_4\{2\}$  has large statistical uncertainties and is therefore not shown. The fluctuation of data points at large pseudorapidity, in particular for larger centralities, are remnants of systematic effects which have not been identified and therefore not quantified, and are further accentuated when calculating the ratio. The ratio exhibits no significant dependence on the pseudorapidity, except near  $\eta = 0$ . This qualitative difference only at midrapidity could be



**Fig. 3.** The differential flow measurements,  $v_n\{2\}(\eta)$ , measured with the 2-particle cumulant and choosing reference particles from the TPC in Pb–Pb collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.02$  TeV. The choice of the reference particles results in  $|\Delta\eta| > 0.8$  and  $2.6$  in the mid and forward pseudorapidity regions, respectively. At midrapidity, the results are extrapolated to  $p_T = 0$ . AMPT and CLVisc model calculations are compared with the results.

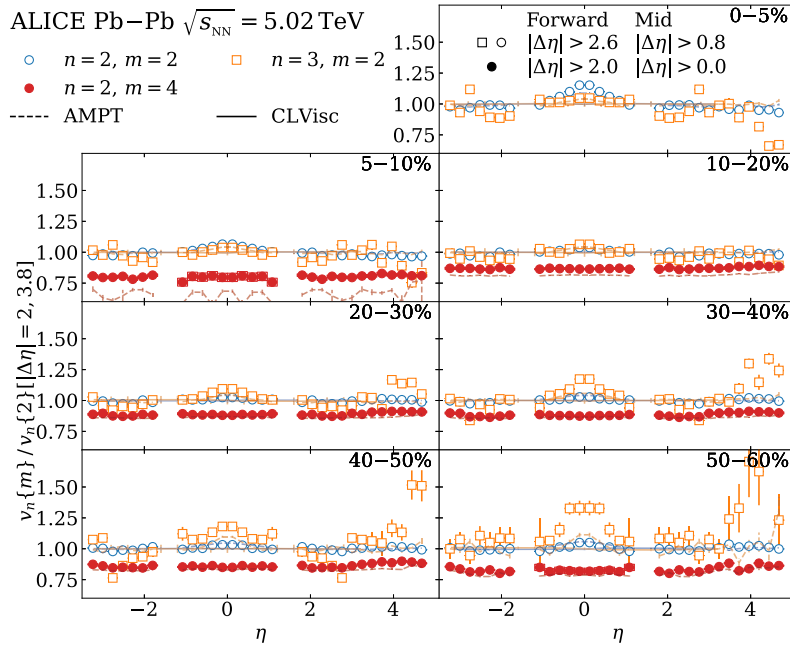


**Fig. 4.** Two-particle cumulant with reference particles chosen from the FMD and 4-particle cumulant with reference particles chosen from the TPC in Pb–Pb collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.02$  TeV. The pseudorapidity separations are  $|\Delta\eta| > 2.0$  and  $3.8$  for two-particle cumulants for mid and forward rapidities, respectively. For the  $v_2\{4\}$  the separations are  $|\Delta\eta| > 0$  and  $2.0$  for mid and forward rapidities, respectively. At midrapidity, the results are extrapolated to  $p_T = 0$ . AMPT and CLVisc model calculations are compared with the results.

understood as a result of better suppression of short-range correlations, or non-flow, when a larger  $\eta$ -gap is used. At forward pseudorapidity, where the  $\eta$ -gap is large, the contribution from such correlations may be already sufficiently suppressed, as the data suggest.

The clear difference between the values of  $v_2$  using two- and four-particle cumulants, reflected by their ratio being significantly smaller than unity, can be mainly attributed to opposite contributions of the event-by-event fluctuations of the flow probability density function, in

particular its variance, to different order cumulants [51–54], and partly also to better suppression of non-flow correlations in case of  $v_2\{4\}$ . The ratio  $v_2\{4\}/v_2\{2\}$  is assumed to reflect the ratio  $\varepsilon_2\{4\}/\varepsilon_2\{2\}$ , since the second order flow magnitude  $v_2$  is proportional to the second order eccentricity  $\varepsilon_2$  of the initial overlap region [55–59]. It has previously been reported for the integrated flow measurements that this ratio exhibits a deviation from unity. This deviation is larger in more central collisions, affected by fluctuations in the initial spatial asymmetry [30,60,61], and



**Fig. 5.** Ratio of two-particle results with a medium-sized pseudorapidity separation and 4-particle results to the two-particle results employing a large pseudorapidity separation between particles of interest and reference particles in Pb–Pb collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 5.02$  TeV. Also shown are the same ratios for the AMPT and CLVisc models. For the latter, the ratios are compatible with unity as the CLVisc model produces negligible non-flow [35].

shows potential to constrain the different initial state models. Our measurements of pseudorapidity differential ratio of  $v_2\{4\}/v_2\{2\}$ , shown in Fig. 5, provide more detailed understanding of flow fluctuations. Similar dependence on centrality as the integrated measurements [60] is reported, but the results indicate that the variance of  $v_n$ , thus also the variance of  $\epsilon_n$  in the initial state, is invariant with pseudorapidity. The same observation was reported in Ref. [25] based on hydrodynamic calculations. The authors confirmed that the event-by-event flow fluctuations are only weakly sensitive to pseudorapidity, and are close to the relative eccentricity fluctuations over a wide rapidity range. Therefore, ratios of cumulants of  $v_n$  distributions presented here as a function of pseudorapidity provide important input to constraining fluctuations of the 3D initial state [25].

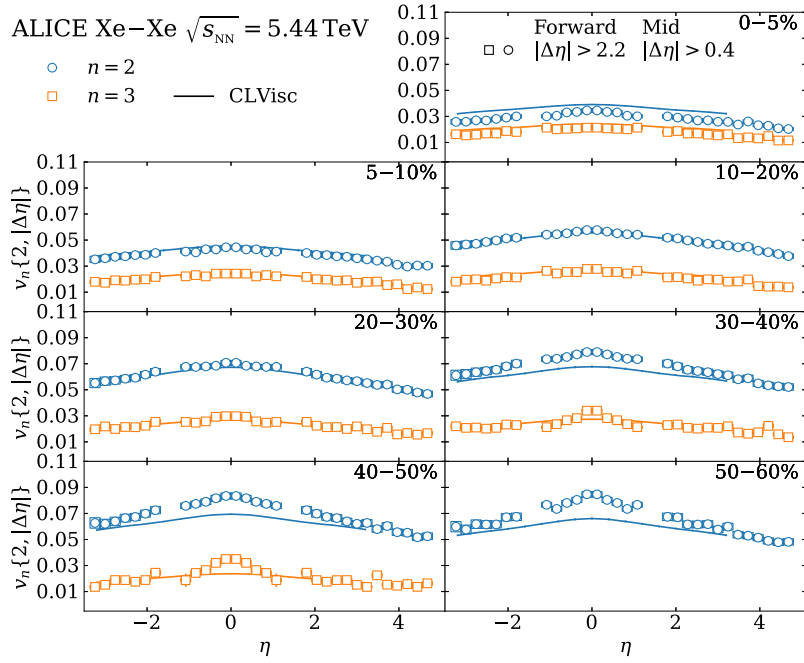
Comparisons with calculations from the AMPT model [62] and hydrodynamic model CLVisc [35] are shown in Figs. 3 and 4 with dashed and full lines, respectively. The AMPT is a hybrid model that evolves fluctuating initial conditions from the HIJING model [63], followed by partonic and hadronic interactions. It gives reasonable descriptions of the rapidity distributions measured in heavy-ion collisions. The CLVisc is a (3 + 1)-dimensional hydrodynamic model that simulates the dynamic evolution of the QGP fireball based on the initial conditions computed with the AMPT model. Because of extra parameters tuning and additional parton smearing in the CLVisc to fit the experimental data, the initial conditions from CLVisc are not identical to those of the AMPT model. The AMPT and CLVisc calculations of the  $v_n$  coefficients shown in Fig. 3 and 4 were carried out in a similar way as the analysis of ALICE data presented in this article, using the pseudorapidity ranges and  $\eta$ -gap as illustrated in Fig. 1.

Both AMPT and CLVisc calculations qualitatively follow the trend of the pseudorapidity dependence of  $v_n$  found in data. Both models, however, overestimate the  $v_n$  coefficients over the whole presented pseudorapidity range in the 30% most central Pb–Pb collisions. In the case of AMPT, that trend continues down to the most peripheral collisions, while CLVisc underestimates the experimental results for the 40–60% collision centrality range. The AMPT calculations with a small  $\eta$ -gap (Fig. 3) show peaked pseudorapidity dependence near  $\eta = 0$ , while this trend vanishes with large  $\eta$ -gap (Fig. 4), similarly as in data. In contrast, the CLVisc calculations remain unchanged for the two cases. This

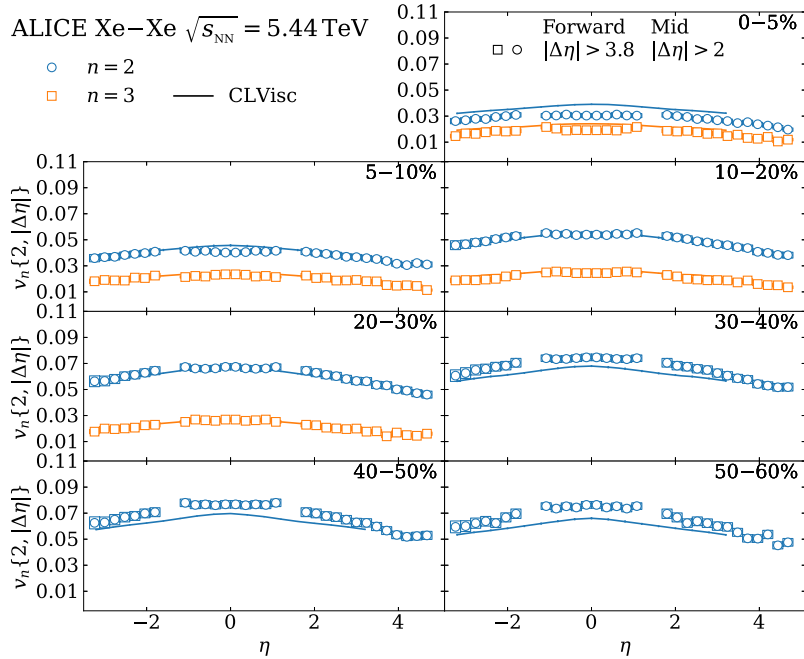
further substantiates the origin of this peak to be caused by non-flow contributions from short range correlations, since CLVisc produces less of these than the transport AMPT model. Nevertheless, comparison with measurements with forward reference regions (i.e. large  $\eta$ -gap) in Fig. 4 reveals that the CLVisc model predicts a systematically more peaked distribution near midrapidity, while AMPT shows a constant  $\eta$  dependence of  $v_n$ , which is in qualitative agreement with the data. Other calculations of hydrodynamical models [25,26,35] attempted to describe the prior datasets, with no quantitative agreement being reached so far. This suggests, that the longitudinal structure of the initial state or longitudinal evolution of the system are not yet properly understood in these models and more theoretical investigations are warranted.

The flow coefficients  $v_n\{2\}$  in Xe–Xe collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 5.44$  TeV are shown as a function of pseudorapidity and centrality in Fig. 6 for the case where the reference region is at midrapidity (i.e. a modest  $\eta$ -gap), and in Fig. 7 when the reference region resides at forward rapidity (i.e. a large  $\eta$ -gap). Due to limited amount of data available from Xe–Xe collisions, the choice of  $\eta$ -gap separation for  $v_2\{2\}$  and  $v_3\{2\}$  was decreased down to  $|\Delta\eta| > 0.4$  at midrapidity and to 2.2 at forward rapidity, and neither the  $v_4\{2\}$  nor  $v_2\{4\}$  could be measured in these collisions. The results from Xe–Xe collisions show a similar trend as seen in Pb–Pb collisions with roughly 30% larger magnitude in the 5% most central collisions, which was explained by larger deformation of the xenon nucleus [30]. Similarly to Pb–Pb collisions, measurements with RFP from a forward  $\eta$  region lead to a less pronounced dependence on pseudorapidity near midrapidity due to a larger  $\eta$ -gap between the correlated RFP and POI. This is further illustrated in Fig. 8 by the ratio of  $v_n$  coefficients obtained with different reference regions, thus different  $\eta$ -gap.

Calculations from the CLVisc model [35] are compared with the experimental results in Figs. 6 and 7. The model qualitatively describes the data, although with a more peaked  $\eta$  dependence at midrapidity compared with the results using a large  $\eta$ -gap, and it also overestimates (underestimates) the  $v_n$  measurements at central (peripheral) collisions. The shift between the two scenarios happens at higher centrality (around 20%) as compared with the Pb–Pb collisions (around 40%).



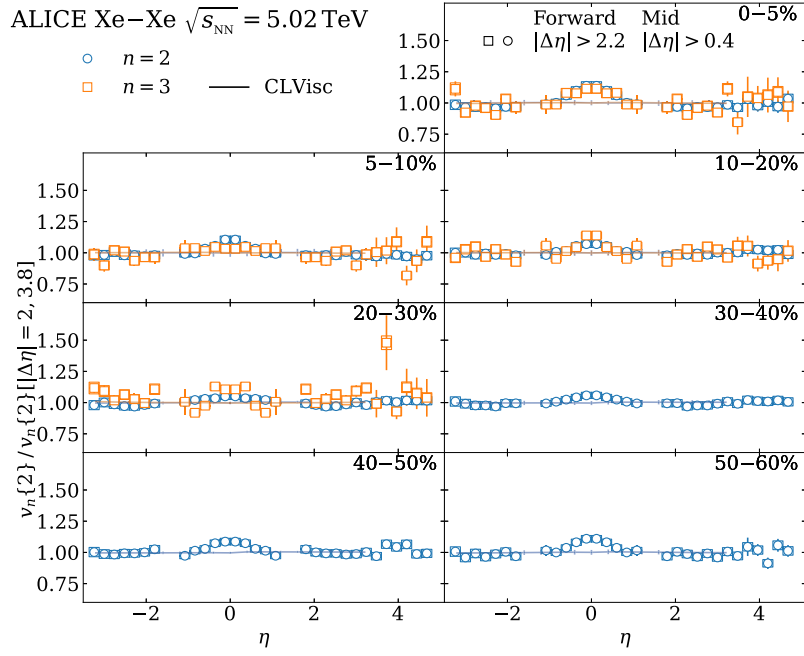
**Fig. 6.** The differential flow measurements,  $v_n\{2, |\Delta\eta|\}$ , measured with the 2-particle cumulant and choosing reference particles from the TPC in Xe–Xe collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 5.44$  TeV. The choice of the reference particles results in pseudorapidity separations of  $|\Delta\eta| > 0.4$  and  $2.2$  at mid and forward rapidities, respectively. Also shown are results from the CLVisc model.



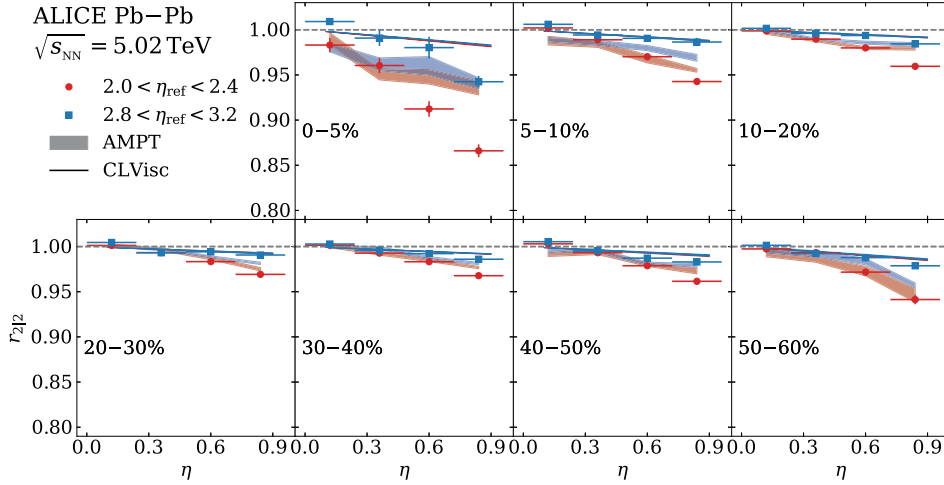
**Fig. 7.** The differential flow measurements,  $v_n\{2, |\Delta\eta|\}$ , measured with the 2-particle cumulant and choosing reference particles chosen from the FMD in Xe–Xe collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 5.02$  TeV, with pseudorapidity separations of  $|\Delta\eta| > 2.0$  and  $3.8$  at mid and forward rapidities, respectively. Also shown are results from the CLVisc model.

Measurements of  $r_{2|2}$  as a function of absolute pseudorapidity  $\eta$  for different centrality classes of Pb–Pb collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 5.02$  TeV are presented in Fig. 9. The red and blue markers represent two different cases of the absolute reference pseudorapidity regions, chosen to be  $2 < \eta_{\text{ref}} < 2.4$  or  $2.8 < \eta_{\text{ref}} < 3.2$ , respectively (Fig. 2(d)). It can be observed that the measurements of  $r_{2|2}$  generally deviate from unity and this deviation is stronger in most central and peripheral collisions, while it is less pronounced in midcentral collisions, in line with dominant average elliptic geometry at these collision centralities.

Two perspectives of flow vector fluctuations can be studied from Fig. 9. First, for fixed  $\eta_{\text{ref}}$ , when  $\eta$  increases, the longitudinal decorrelation between two narrow intervals of POI,  $\eta$  and  $-\eta$  is studied. At  $\eta \sim 0$  (i.e. no relative separation), the correlations in both numerator and denominator of  $r_{2|2}$  have similar longitudinal separation with respect to  $\eta_{\text{ref}}$ , therefore any effects arising from this  $\eta$ -gap cancel out in the  $r_{2|2}$  ratio. On the contrary, the  $r_{2|2}$  measurements at  $\eta \sim 1.0$  have a large  $\eta$ -gap between correlated hadrons in the numerator ( $|\eta - \eta_{\text{ref}}|$ ), and a small  $\eta$ -gap in the denominator ( $|\eta - \eta_{\text{ref}}|$ ), which in the presence of



**Fig. 8.** Ratio of two-particle results with a medium-sized separation to the two-particle results employing a large separation between particles of interest and reference particles in Xe–Xe collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 5.44$  TeV. Also shown are the same ratios for the AMPT and CLVisc models. For the latter, the ratios are compatible with unity as the CLVisc model produces negligible non-flow [35].



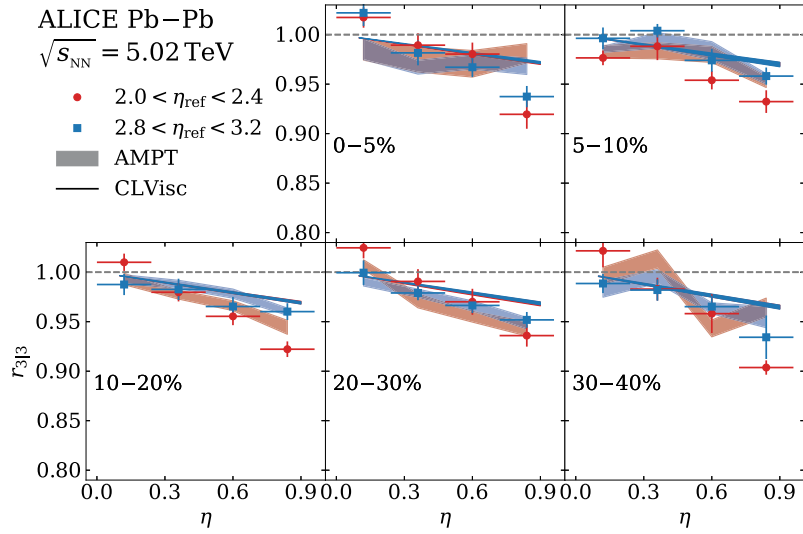
**Fig. 9.**  $r_{2|2}$  with different choices for reference region  $\eta$  in Pb–Pb collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 5.02$  TeV. AMPT and CLVisc model calculations are compared with the results.

flow vector fluctuations would lead to  $r_{2|2} < 1$ . The results presented in Fig. 9 therefore suggest the presence of longitudinal flow vector fluctuations, in agreement with prior observations in Refs. [16–18].

Secondly, for fixed  $\eta$  of the POI, the evolution of flow vector fluctuations with pseudorapidity can be addressed by investigating different choices of  $\eta_{\text{ref}}$ . If the fluctuations increase linearly with pseudorapidity, then the decorrelation effect from the pseudorapidity separation  $\eta - \eta_{\text{ref}}$  would cancel out in  $r_{2|2}$ , and  $r_{2|2}$  will only reflect the decorrelation between  $\eta$  and  $-\eta$ . That is, a linear increase in fluctuations would lead to a  $r_{2|2}$  ratio independent of the choice of  $\eta_{\text{ref}}$ . The measurements of  $r_{2|2}$  shown in Fig. 9 however exhibit a significant difference for different choices of the reference region, with more distant  $\eta_{\text{ref}}$  showing smaller decorrelation. This suggests, that the effect of flow fluctuations saturates at a particular value of  $\eta$ -gap. In case of a distant  $\eta_{\text{ref}}$ , the numerator would reach a saturation point, while the  $\eta$ -gap in the denominator is insufficient to reach it. On the contrary, in case of a close  $\eta_{\text{ref}}$ , neither the numerator nor the denominator would reach the sat-

uration point, resulting in larger deviation of  $r_{2|2}$  from unity. Under this assumption,  $r_{2|2} \sim 1$  in the limiting case when both numerator and denominator would have the  $\eta$ -gap large enough for the fluctuations effect to be saturated. Therefore, the fact that our results with large  $\eta_{\text{ref}}$  exhibit smaller, but still statistically significant, decorrelation effect, suggests that the limiting  $\eta$ -gap is in the range  $|\Delta\eta| > 2$ .

A similar dependence on  $\eta_{\text{ref}}$  was found in Refs. [16–18], where it was argued that the difference of  $r_{2|2}$  from different  $\eta_{\text{ref}}$  configurations may alter the presence of short-range non-flow correlations, leading to stronger artificial deviation of  $r_{2|2}$  from unity in case  $\eta_{\text{ref}}$  is positioned closer to midrapidity. However, the same analysis in the HIJING model [63], which does not include any collective motion (not shown in the article), demonstrated that even with modest  $\eta$ -gap, the non-flow contamination in both numerator and denominator of  $r_{n|n}$  in heavy-ion collisions is negligible. In addition, non-flow effects tend to be more dominant in peripheral collisions, in contrast to the observations made in Fig. 9, where the largest difference of  $r_{2|2}$  from different



**Fig. 10.**  $r_{3|3}$  with different choices for reference region  $\eta$  in Pb–Pb collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 5.02$  TeV. AMPT and CLVisc model calculations are compared with the results.

$\eta_{\text{ref}}$  configurations was found in the most central collisions. The difference between the measurements with respect to the two  $\eta_{\text{ref}}$  regions seen in Fig. 9, therefore, cannot be explained solely by non-flow effects, and the deviation of  $r_{2|2}$  from unity hints to sizable longitudinal flow vector fluctuations, which saturate at large pseudorapidity separations.

The measurements of  $r_{3|3}$  in Pb–Pb collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 5.02$  TeV are presented in Fig. 10 as a function of absolute  $\eta$  at different centrality classes, and for the two choices of the absolute  $\eta_{\text{ref}}$  regions. Results of  $r_{3|3}$  for collision centralities larger than 40% are omitted due to large statistical uncertainties. Overall,  $r_{3|3}$  shows a clear deviation from unity with larger magnitude than  $r_{2|2}$ . This observation is analogous to results presented in Ref. [16,17] that included also the 4<sup>th</sup> harmonic, and is in line with expectations from fluctuation-driven harmonics of higher order. In addition,  $r_{3|3}$  exhibits weaker centrality dependence as compared to  $r_{2|2}$ , similar to the observations of  $v_2$  and  $v_3$  coefficients shown in Figs. 3 and 4. Similarly as in Ref. [16,17], measurements with different ranges of  $\eta_{\text{ref}}$  are compatible with each other within the statistical uncertainties, which suggest different  $\eta$  dependence of the longitudinal flow vector fluctuations compared with the  $r_{2|2}$  measurement.

Results presented in Figs. 9 and 10 are compared with the AMPT and CLVisc model calculations. As opposed to the measurements, the models do not distinguish between the choices of the  $\eta_{\text{ref}}$  regions used for correlations. This substantiates the observation that the deviation from unity is not driven by short range correlations. In case of  $2.8 < |\eta_{\text{ref}}| < 3.2$ , both models reproduce the trend of the data within uncertainties. On the contrary, when the reference region is chosen as  $2.0 < |\eta_{\text{ref}}| < 2.4$ , the CLVisc significantly underestimates the effect of longitudinal flow fluctuations, while AMPT reproduces the trend of the data except for the 5% most central collisions. Both models are able to reproduce the magnitude and trend of decorrelation of the  $r_{3|3}$  results shown in Fig. 10 within the uncertainties.

## 6. Summary

The pseudorapidity and centrality dependence of  $v_2$ ,  $v_3$ , and  $v_4$  in both Pb–Pb at  $\sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 5.02$  TeV and Xe–Xe at  $\sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 5.44$  TeV is measured over the widest possible longitudinal range. The results show a smooth pseudorapidity dependence modulated by a strong collision centrality dependence. Non-flow contributions are minimised by using a pseudorapidity gap  $|\Delta\eta| > 2$  or by using four-particle cumulants. The ratio of the second order flow coefficient calculated with four-particle cumulant ( $v_2\{4, |\Delta\eta| > 0\}$ ) to the one obtained with two-particle cumulant with a large  $\eta$ -gap ( $v_2\{2, |\Delta\eta| > 2, 3.8\}$ ) is almost constant over the whole pseudorapidity range. This result suggests that the variance

of flow probability density function is independent of pseudorapidity, providing constraints to the models of fluctuating initial state. The longitudinal flow vector fluctuations are investigated via the measurements of the ratio  $r_{n|n}$  to further quantify this observation. The  $r_{2|2}$  exhibits a clear deviation from unity, which is more pronounced in central than peripheral collisions. The difference between the measured decorrelation with respect to different  $\eta_{\text{ref}}$  regions points to potential saturation effect of longitudinal flow vector fluctuations above a certain pseudorapidity separation. This is in contrast to current understanding based on previous publications at the LHC. The  $r_{3|3}$  measurements reveal the effect of flow vector fluctuations of stronger magnitude, but with a weaker centrality dependence, compared to  $r_{2|2}$ . This confirms the fluctuation-driven nature of higher order harmonics. Both the AMPT and the CLVisc models can qualitatively reproduce the experimental results of  $v_n$ , but differ in important details such as overall amplitude and exact pseudorapidity dependence, especially near midrapidity. The measurements of  $r_{n|n}$  are qualitatively reproduced by both models, except for the dependence on the choice of the reference region  $\eta_{\text{ref}}$  of  $r_{2|2}$ , which was not observed in the model calculations. These findings reveal that the current state-of-the-art models are not able to simultaneously describe the pseudorapidity dependence of anisotropic flow and its fluctuations. Our results highlight the inadequacies in the current understanding of particle production, particularly in the longitudinal direction, and shall help to improve the modelling of longitudinal fluctuations of initial conditions and the subsequent system evolution.

## Declaration of competing interest

The authors declare that they have no known competing financial interests or personal relationships that could have appeared to influence the work reported in this paper.

## Data availability

This manuscript has associated data in a HEPData repository at: <https://www.hepdata.net/record/ins2679248>.

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### Corrigendum

## Corrigendum to “Pseudorapidity dependence of anisotropic flow and its decorrelations using long-range multiparticle correlations in Pb–Pb and Xe–Xe collisions”



ALICE Collaboration\*

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The authors regret that after publication of the article, a small issue was spotted in the author list. The issue is that the affiliation is missing for one of the authors, namely F. Thoresen.

Correction: on page 15, add the affiliation number 84 (corresponding

to “Niels Bohr Institute, University of Copenhagen, Copenhagen, Denmark”) to the author F. Thoresen:

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The authors would like to apologise for any inconvenience caused.

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